

# State Machines with automatic code generation to JavaFrame

Version 050923 Revision 1





#### Our goals

- A good way of thinking for
  - modelers
  - programmers
- such that their programs will become:
  - rapidly made according to specification
  - have high quality
  - be efficient
  - maintainable by competent persons
  - be adaptive to a changing environment of requirements and third party software
- This should apply to large and small programs





#### **Finite State Machines**

#### Finite

- a finite number of states
- [here] a small number of named states

#### State

- a stable situation where the process awaits stimuli
- a state in a state machine represents the history of the execution

#### Machine

- that only a stimulus (signal, message) triggers behavior
- the behavior consists of executing transitions
- may also have local data





#### The Knoble game

- A game administrator controls the game
- Invites the players
- The players make a draw like:









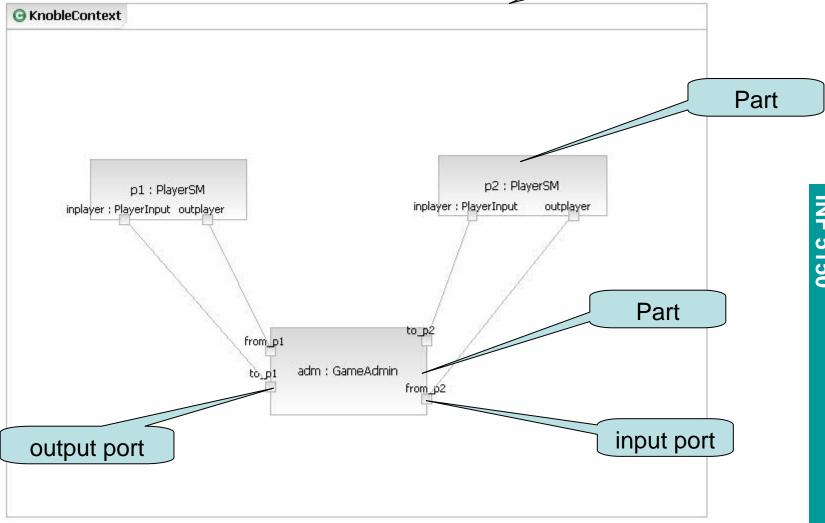
Rock, Scissors, Paper +

The game administrator calculates the scores



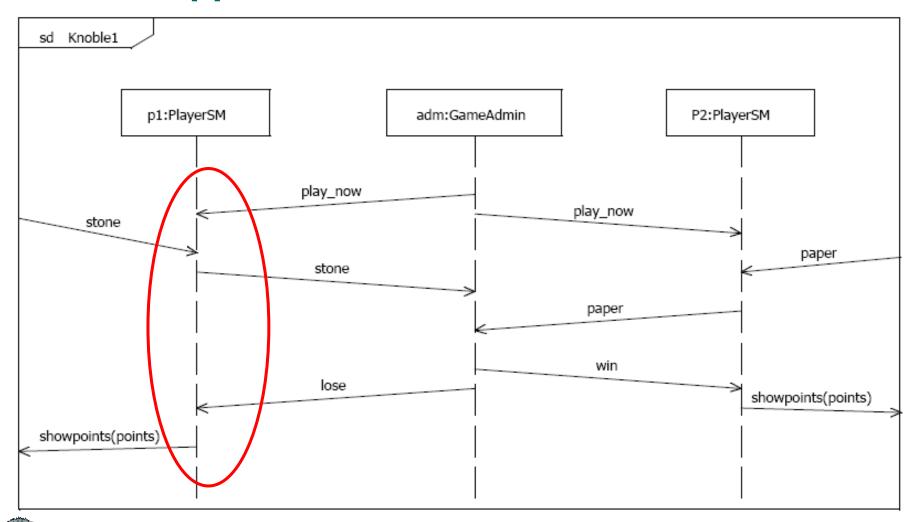
#### The Knoble context

composite structure





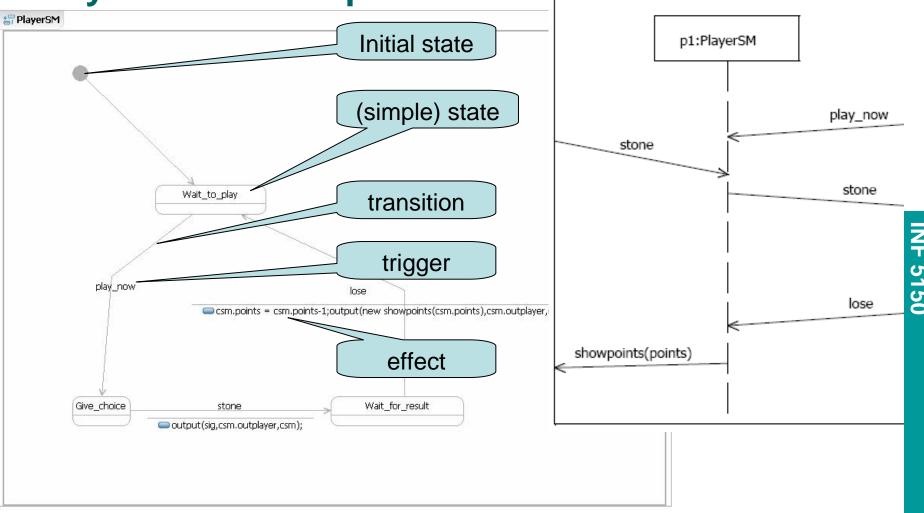
# What happens?







# **Player: first attempt**

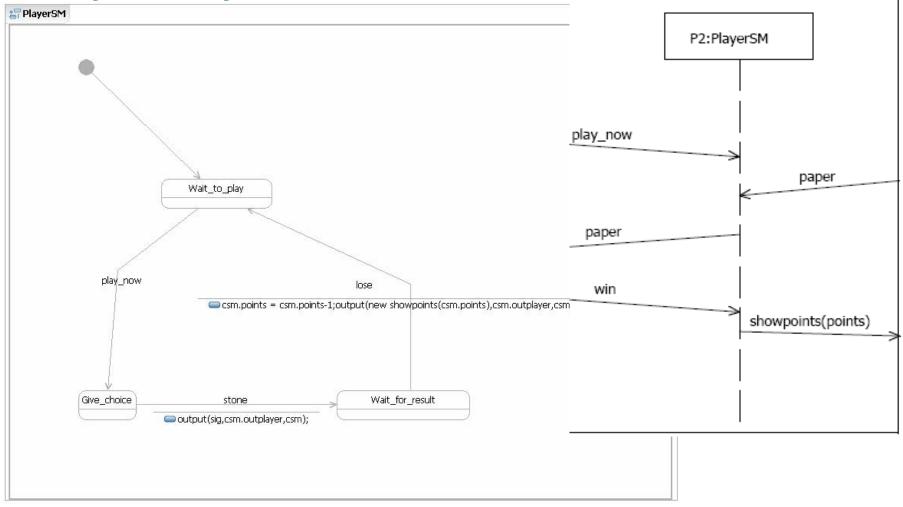


sd Knoble1





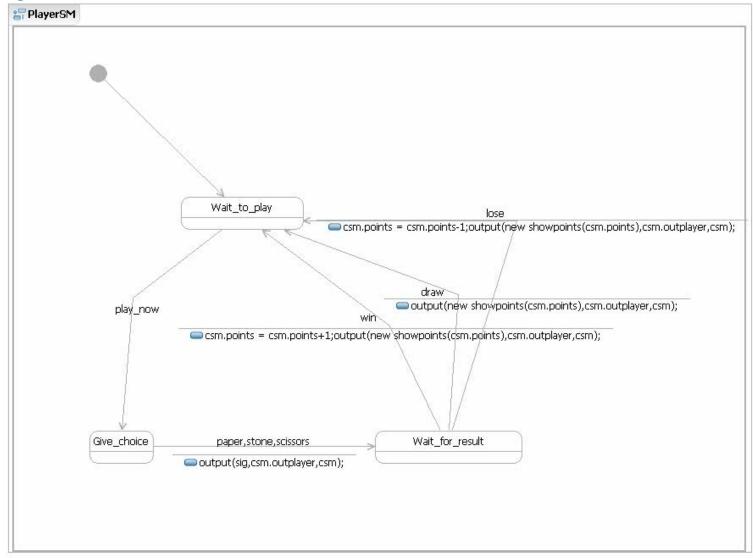
# Player: why it is not sufficient







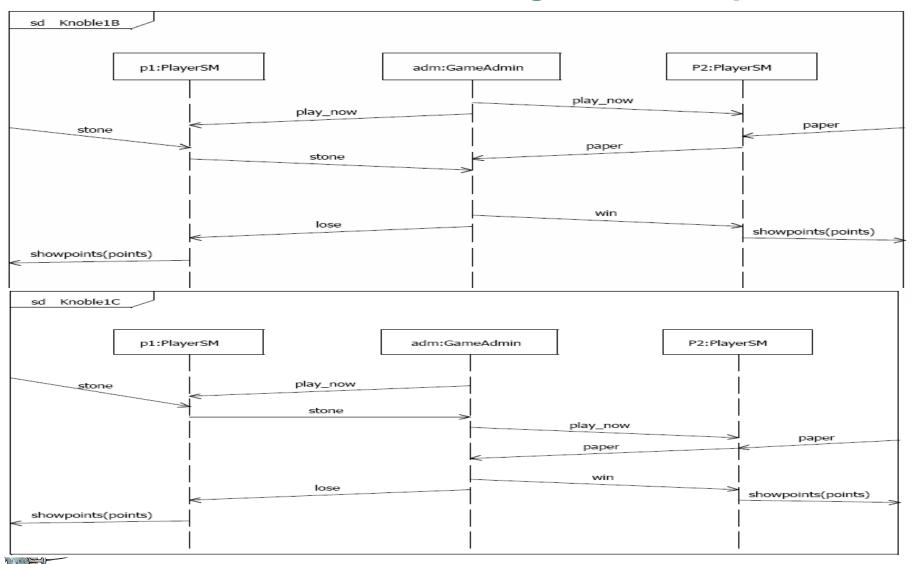
# **Player: second solution**







## GameAdmin: are these diagrams acceptable?

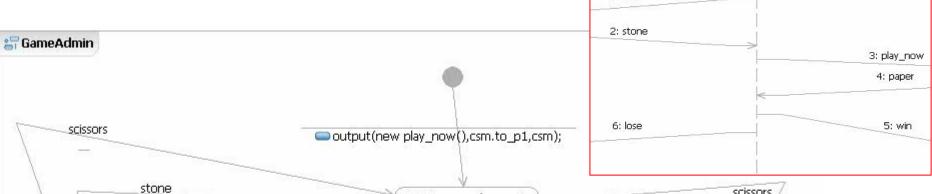


## **GameAdmin: first attempt**

paper

paper:

got\_paper



Wait\_move\_from\_p1



🔐 adm:GameAdmin

1: play\_now





output(new lose(),csm.to\_p1,csm);output(new win(),csm.to\_p2,csm);output(new play\_now(),csm.to\_p1,csm);

got\_stone

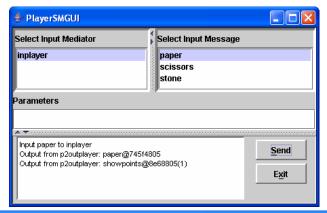
stone

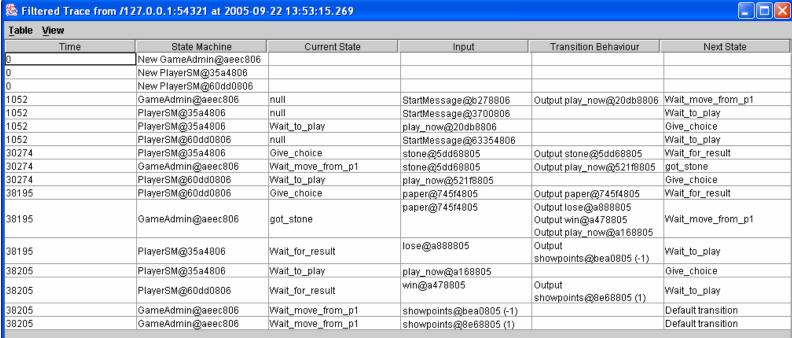
scissors



#### **Demo Knoble2 (running JFTrace)**



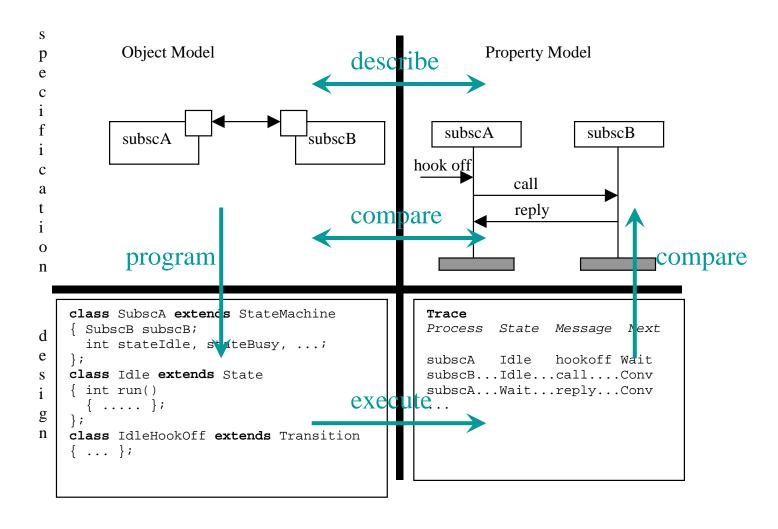








## **UML JavaFrame Profile Model analysis**







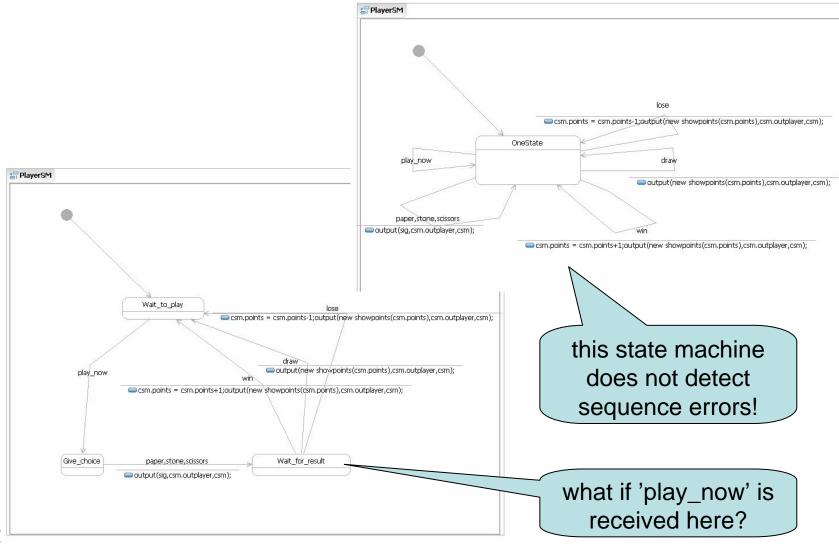
#### State Machines: unassailability?

- Understandable
  - think locally, act globally
  - states represent compressed representation of execution history
- Robust
  - detect errors through discovering undefined transitions
- Maintainable
  - make additions and alterations with a minimum of ripple effects
- Analyzable
  - systems of state machines can be handled by model checkers
  - compare sequence diagrams with state machine(s)





#### PlayerSM: Compare these versions!







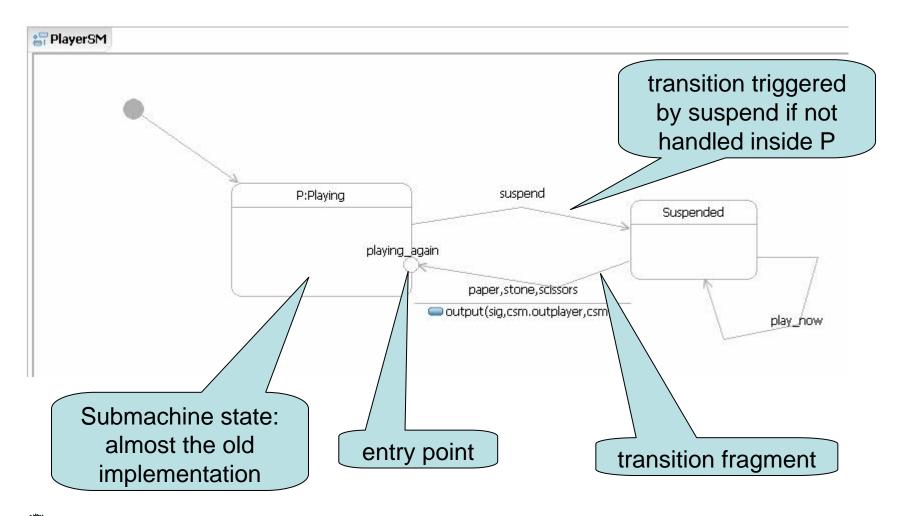
#### Knoble: Now we add another requirement

- Assume that the Player may at any time receive a 'suspend' message from the GUI
- This should have the effect that
  - the player will not play
  - until he/she receives a paper/stone/scissors message from GUI
    - then such a message is directly a move
- We would like to make this change
  - as compact as possible
  - without changing much of what is already made functioning





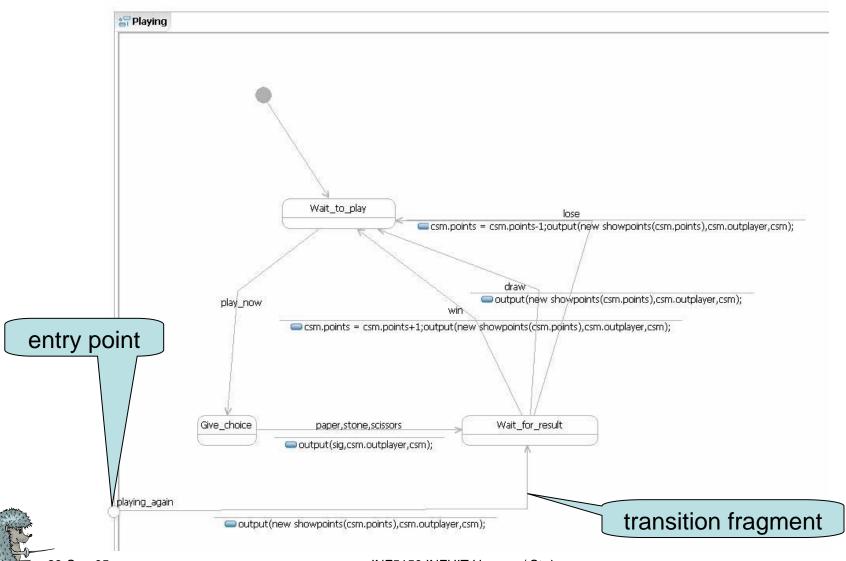
#### PlayerSM: Introducing Submachine states





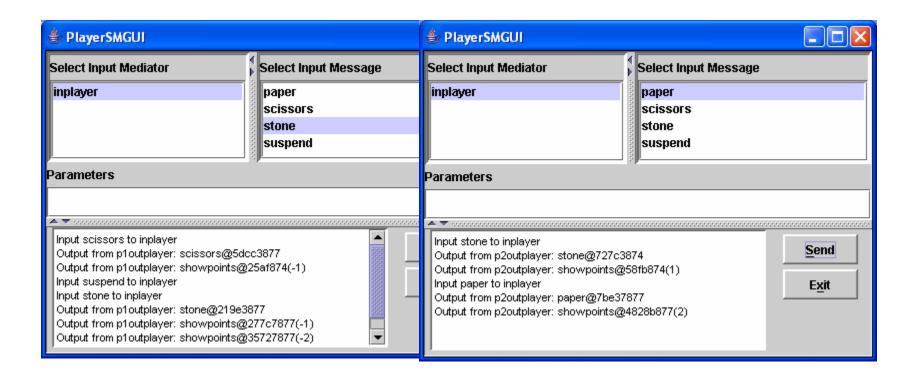


#### Playing: almost like the old Player with entry



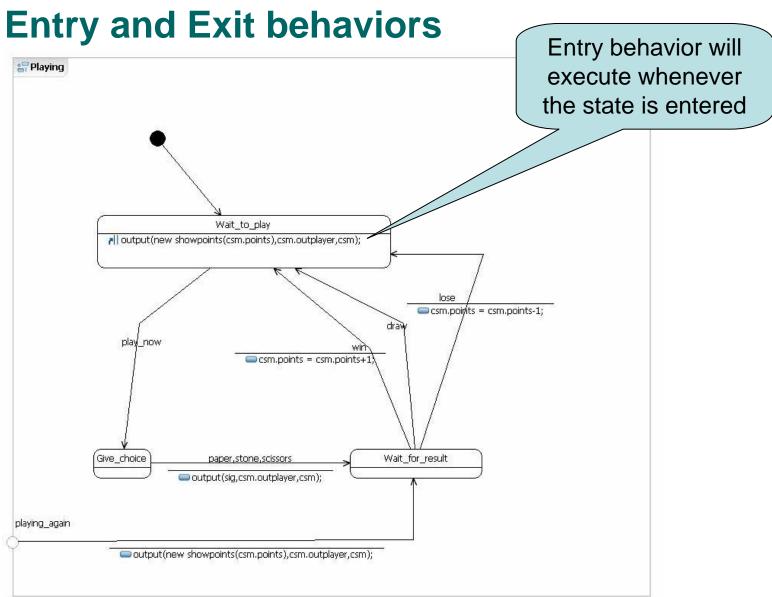


## **Demo Knoble4 (not running JFTrace)**









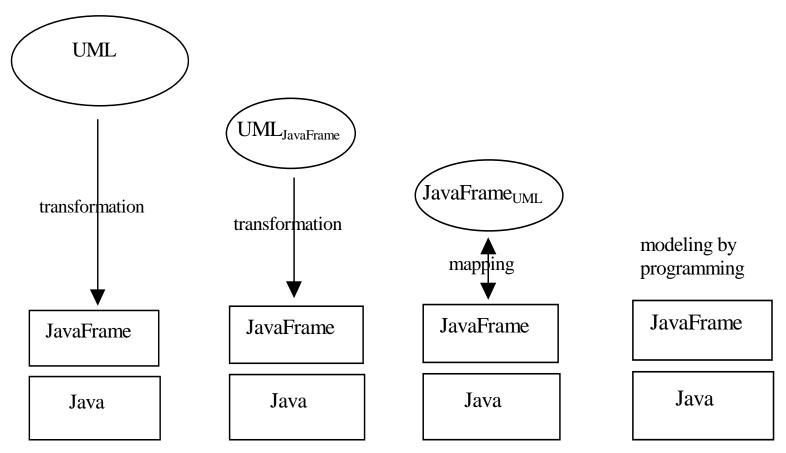




#### **Summary State Machines**

- State
  - finite number
  - simple or composite (submachine states)
- Transition
  - trigger
  - effect
- Exit and Entry Points
  - interface points within a runtime transition
- Exit and Entry Behaviors
  - behavior to be executed every time the machine exits or enters the state
- State machines may have variables (and parameters)

#### **UML** and Java: JavaFrame - the solution







## JavaFrame – the object framework

Concepts

Observation tool, input dialog

Thread-safe, runtime effective, reentrant composite states

Asynch.
Interacting Active
Objects

**INF 5150** 



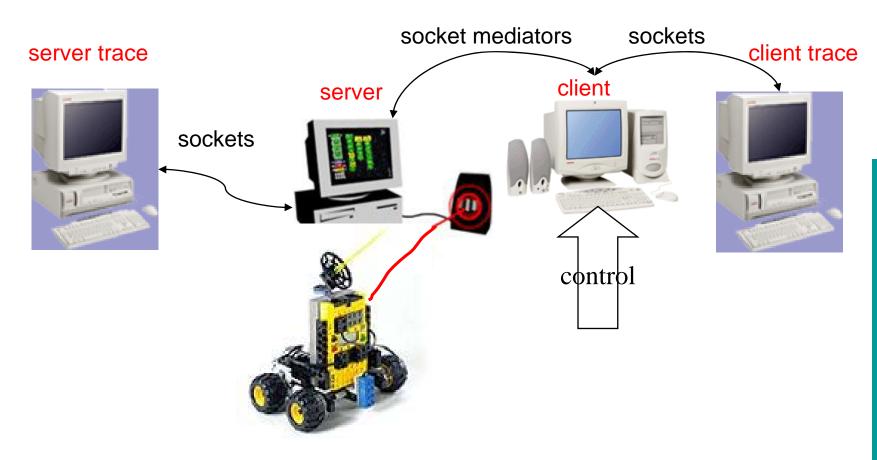
UML to JavaFrame transformation 2002 - 2004:

- •ERICSSON:
- Avantel: Amigos
- •UML 2.0 laboratory
- •ARTS





## **Experiences - The Lego Mindstorm experiment**



# **Experiences - The Performance Model**

