# Intracranial recordings for the study of cognitive processes







#### Implantation

We record from patients with drug-resistant epilepsy who are candidates for resective surgery



neurolab



The EEG is recorded from depth electrodes implanted into the brain tissue

#### Where are the electrodes localized?

MRI (brain) - CT (electrodes) coregistration



Deep electrodes implanted bitemporally



Grid placed over left frontal, temporal, and parietal areas



Deep electrodes implanted in right frontal, temporal and parietal areas



Grid and deep electrodes in the left hemisphere

## **INTRACRANIAL EEG RECORDING ADVANTAGES**

Direct recording of signal sources

- Electrical activity of neuronal populations •
- Not like fMRI or PET indirect recordings

Spatial resolution ~ 1-2 mm

Even better for high density arrays •

Temporal resolution ~ ms

Better than other neuroimaging • techniques for analyzing brain dynamics

### Compared to Scalp EEG

- Less artifacts and noise interference
- Much more sensitive to high frequencies. ٠ Changes in beta and gamma bands are sensitive indices of task-related brain activity.

**Electro**corticography (ECoG)

Left Hand

-0.3

0 Time (sec)

50%



The EEG is recorded from a grid of electrodes placed over the cortical surface



Time (sec)



1000 Hz



-0.3 -0.2 -0.1

Time (sec)

