

Introduction to *Matlab*

MUS483 I, Olivier Lartillot, 12.10.2017

What is *Matlab*?

- A **data-analysis program**:
 - compute, visualize, and analyze your data,
 - with simple command-line commands.
- A **programming language**:
 - high-performance technical computing
 - easier than low-level languages (C, Java, ...)
- A large array of **toolboxes**: add-on application-specific solutions:
 - signal processing, stats, neural networks, ...
 - *MIDItoolbox, MIRtoolbox, MoCap Toolbox.*

Basic Data Structures

- Scalars:

$$s = 3.1415$$

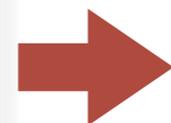


- Vectors:

$$v = [1, 5, 7]$$



$$w = [1; 5]$$

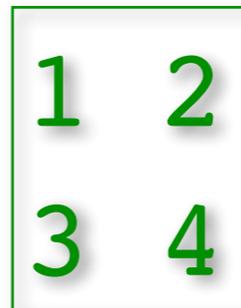


$$w'$$



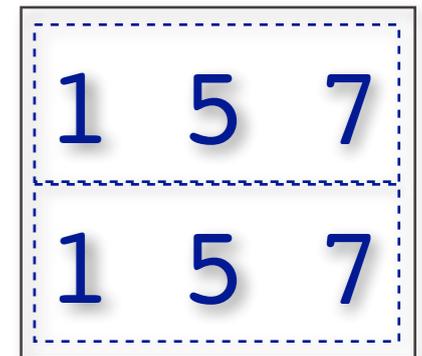
- Matrices:

$$m = [1, 2; 3, 4]$$

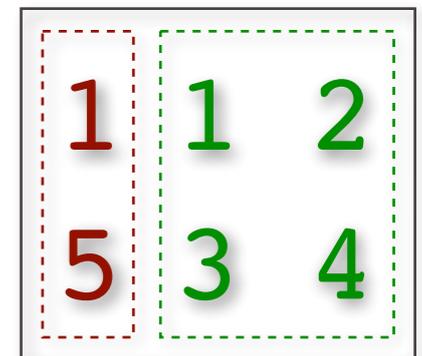


- Nothing: []

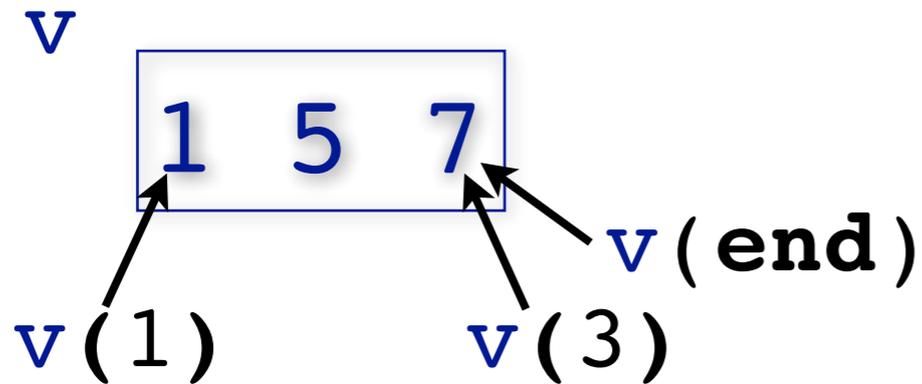
$$[v; v]$$



$$[w, m]$$

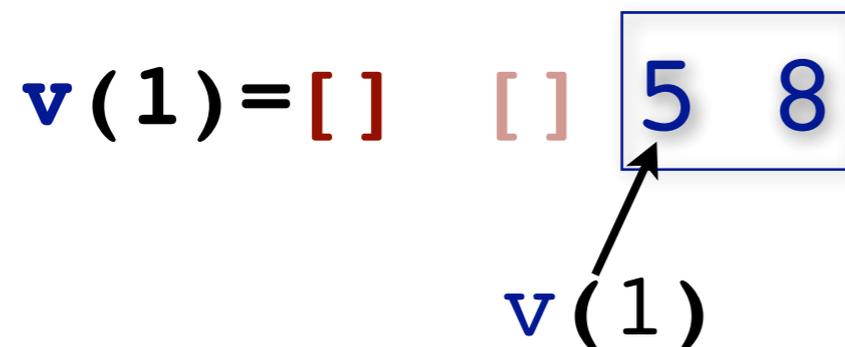


Accessing elements

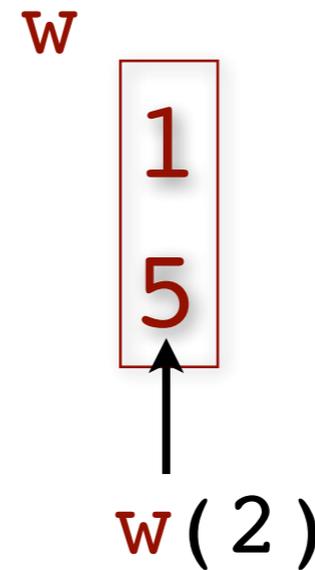


`length(v) = 3`

`size(v) = [1 3]`



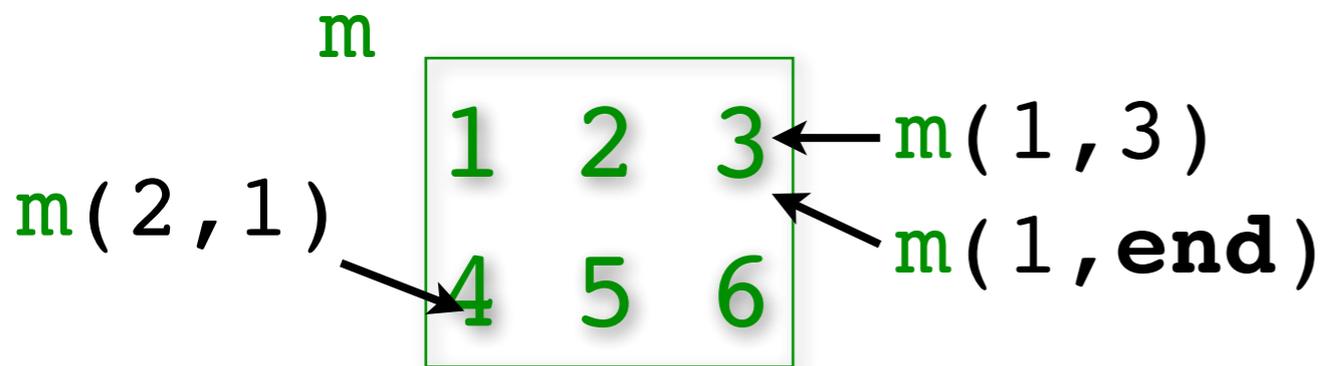
`size(v) = [1 2]`



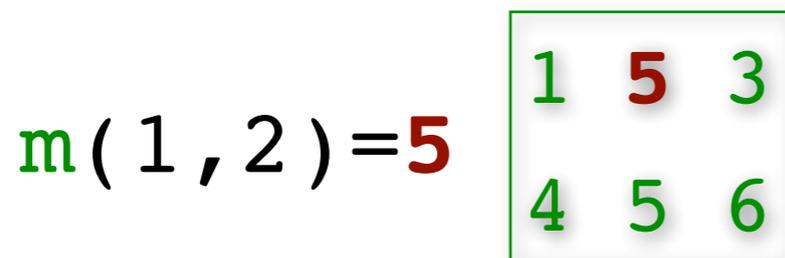
`length(w) = 2`

`size(w) = [2 1]`

Accessing elements



`size(m) = [2 3]`



$m(2, :)$



$m(:, 1)$

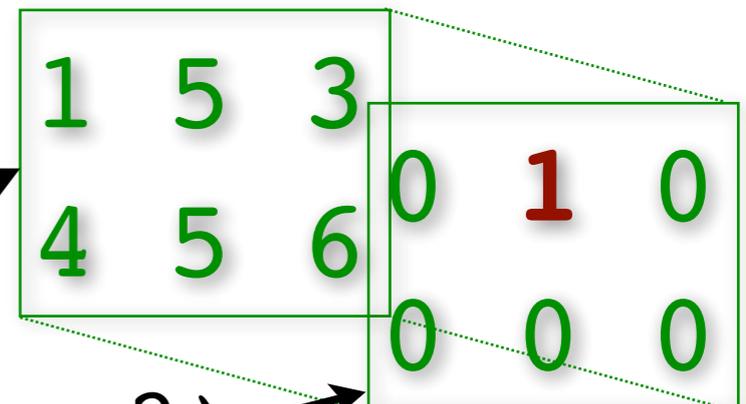


More dimensions!

`size(m) = [2 3 2]`

$m(1, 2, 2) = 1$

$m(:, :, 1)$



$m(:, :, 2)$

Colon operator

`u = 1:5`

1	2	3	4	5
---	---	---	---	---

`v = 1:2:9`

1	3	5	7	9
---	---	---	---	---

`m = [v; v+1; v*2]`

1	3	5	7	9	1
2	4	6	8	10	2
2	6	10	14	18	3
1	2	3	4	5	

`m(2:3, 3:5)`

Element-By-Element Operations

vs. Matrix Operations

$$[1 \ 2 \ 3] - 4 \dots\dots\dots [-3 \ -2 \ -1]$$

$$[1 \ 2 \ 3] + [4 \ 5 \ 6] \dots\dots\dots [5 \ 7 \ 9]$$

$$[1 \ 2 \ 3] * 2 \dots\dots\dots [2 \ 4 \ 6]$$

$$[1 \ 2 \ 3] * [2; 3; 4] \dots\dots\dots \boxed{1 \ 2 \ 3} \ 20$$

$$[1 \ 2 \ 3] \cdot * [2 \ 3 \ 4] \dots\dots\dots [2 \ 6 \ 12]$$

$$[1 \ 2 \ 3] \cdot ^2 \dots\dots\dots [1 \ 4 \ 9]$$

$$[1 \ 2 \ 3] \cdot / [2 \ 3 \ 4] \dots\dots\dots [.5 \ .666 \ .75]$$

$$\sin([0 \ \text{pi}/2 \ \text{pi}]) \dots\dots\dots [0 \ 1 \ 0]$$

2
3
4

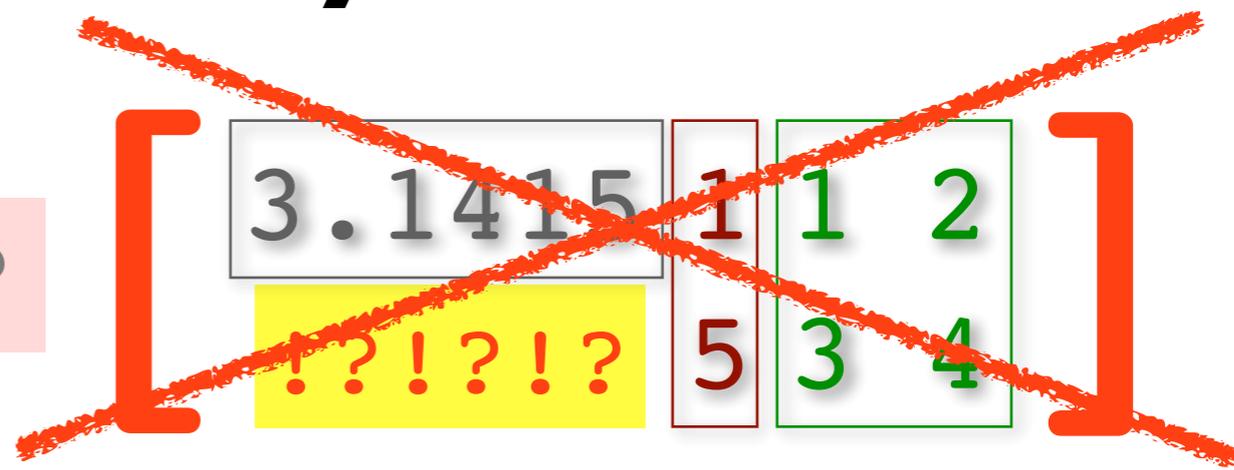
Cell Arrays

s 3.1415

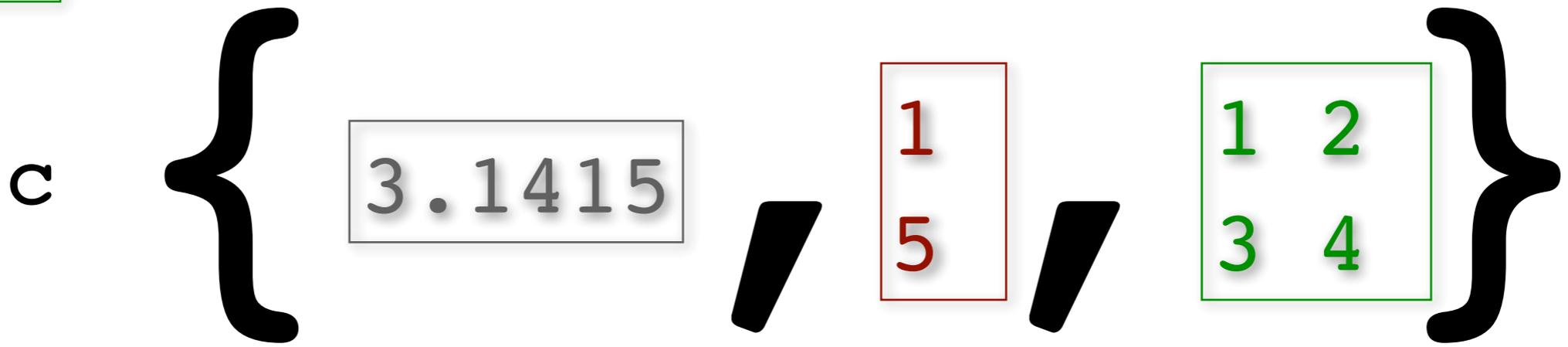
w 1
5

m 1 2
3 4

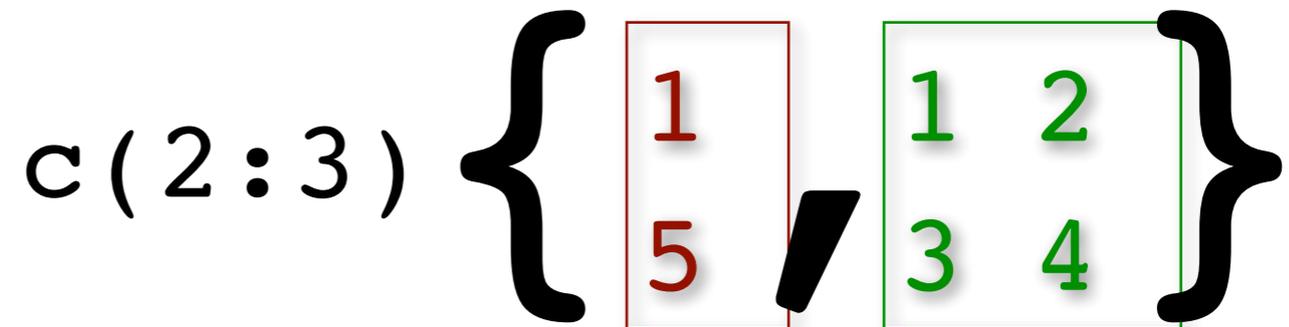
c = [s, w, m] ?



c = {s, w, m} !



c{1} 3.1415



Text

$h = \text{'hello'}$

$w = \text{'world'}$

$[h, w]$ 'helloworld'

$p = [h, \text{' '}, w]$ 'hello world'

$\{p; \text{'how are you?'}\}$

$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{'hello world'} \\ \text{'how are you?'} \end{array} \right\}$

Structures

note1

```
note1.pitch = 'C'  
note1.duration = 'quaver'  
note1.register = 4
```

note2

```
note2.pitch = 'D'  
note2.duration = 'crochet'  
note2.register = 3
```

```
notes = [note1 note2]
```

notes.pitch

'C'

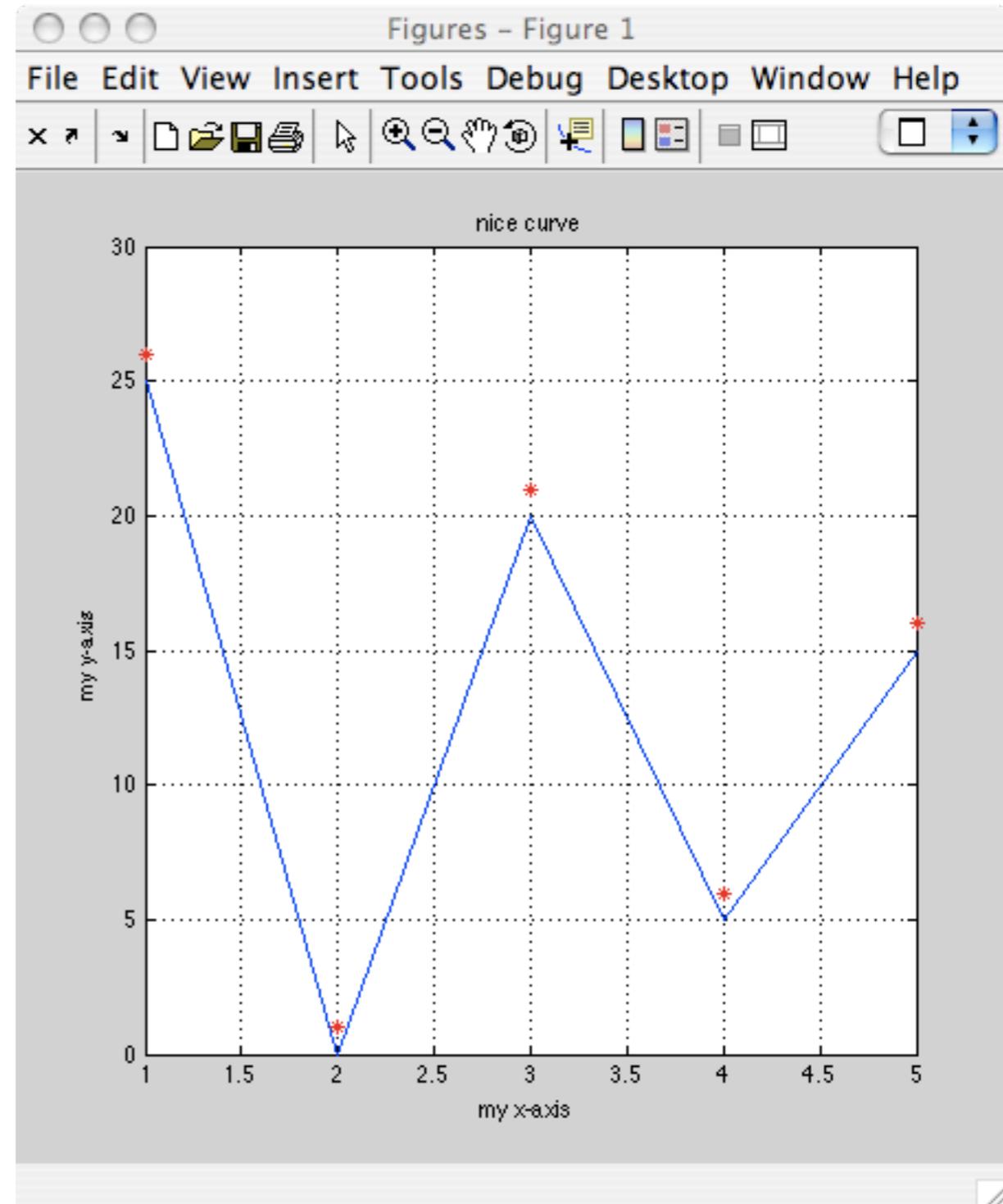
'D'

[notes.pitch]

'CD'

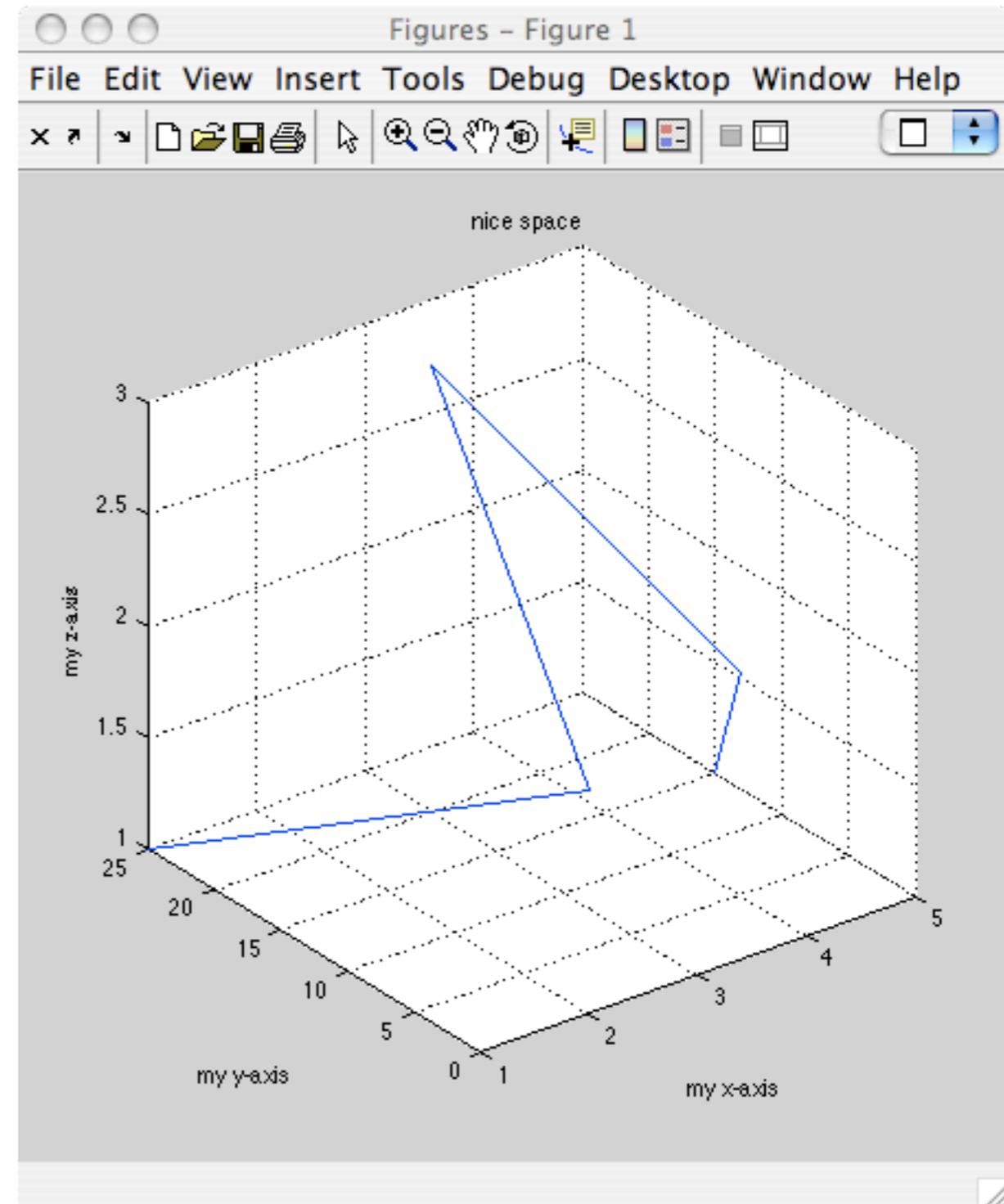
Plots

```
x = 1:5;  
y = [25 0 20 5 15];  
plot(x, y);  
xlabel('my x-axis');  
ylabel('my y-axis');  
title('nice curve');  
grid on  
hold on  
plot(x, y+1, 'r*');
```



3D Plots

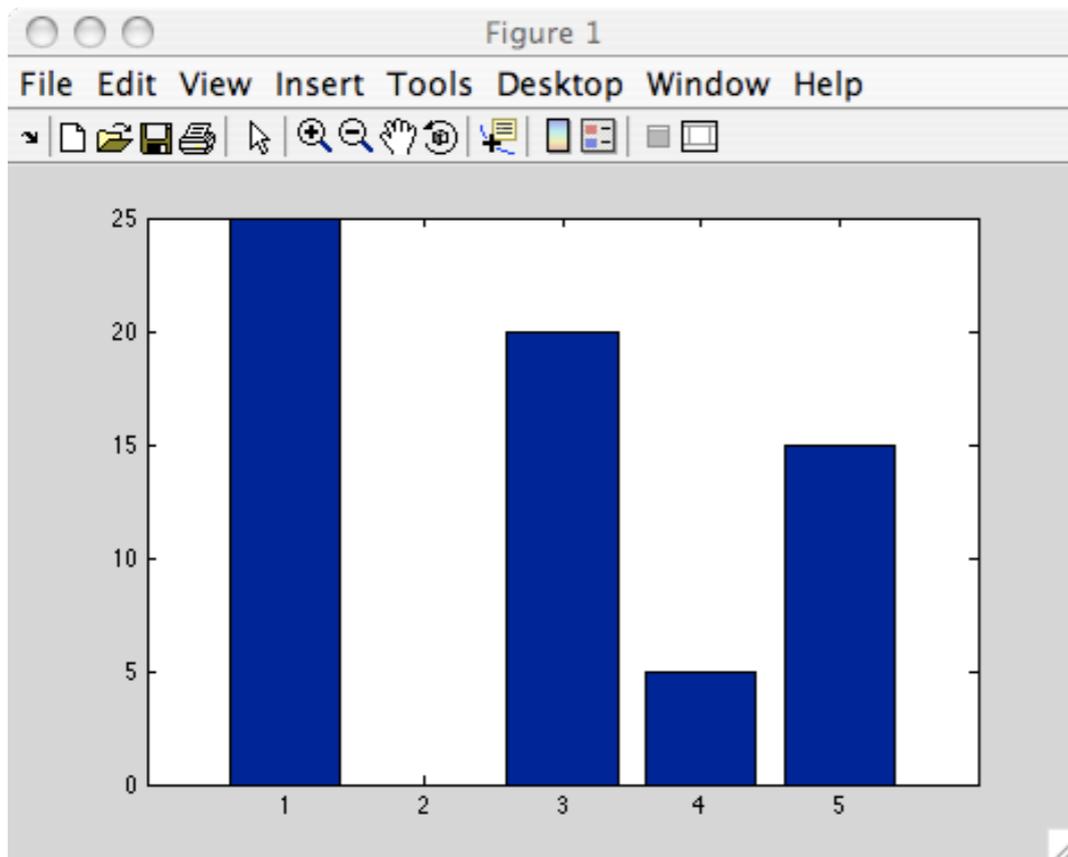
```
x = 1:5;  
y = [25 0 20 5 15];  
z = [1 2 3 2 1];  
plot3(x, y, z);  
xlabel('my x-axis');  
ylabel('my y-axis');  
zlabel('my z-axis');  
title('nice space');
```



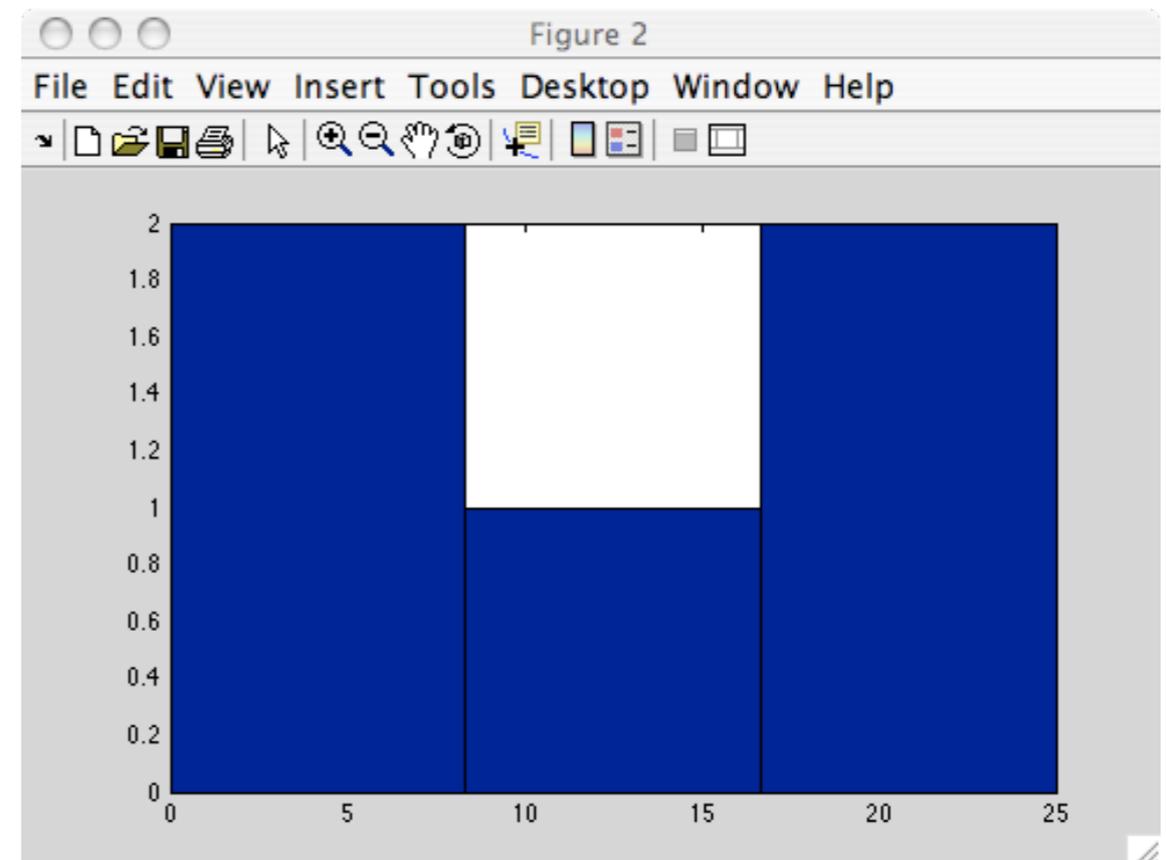
Bars, Histograms

```
x = 1:5; y = [25 0 20 5 15];
```

```
figure, bar(x,y);
```

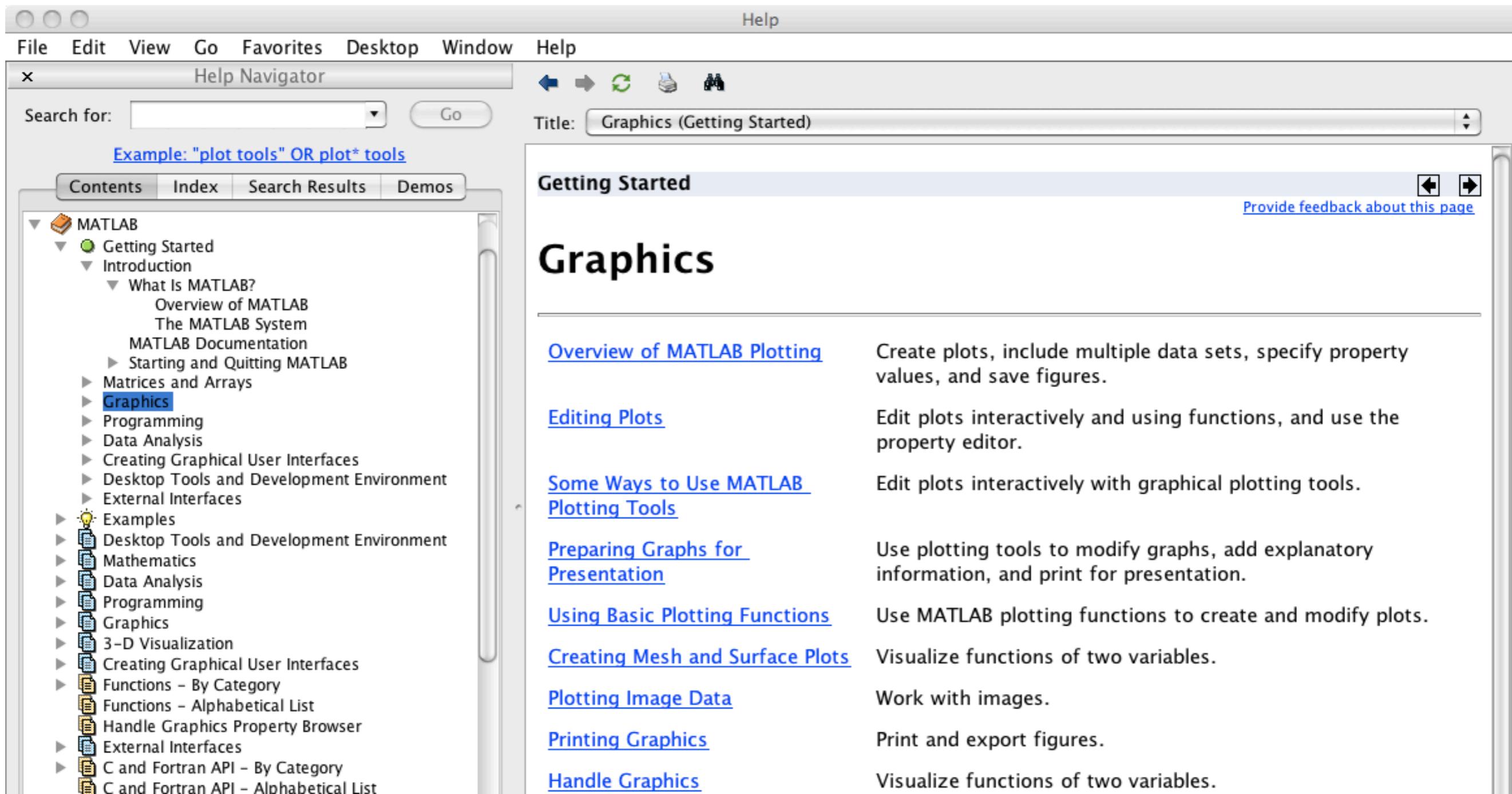


```
figure, hist(y,3);
```



Advanced graphics?

- Check *Matlab* documentation (type 'doc')



The screenshot shows the MATLAB Help Navigator window. The title bar reads 'Help'. The menu bar includes 'File', 'Edit', 'View', 'Go', 'Favorites', 'Desktop', 'Window', and 'Help'. The main window is titled 'Help Navigator' and has a search bar with the text 'Search for:' and a 'Go' button. Below the search bar, there are tabs for 'Contents', 'Index', 'Search Results', and 'Demos'. The 'Contents' tab is active, showing a tree view of the MATLAB documentation. The 'Graphics' section is selected and highlighted in blue. The right pane shows the 'Getting Started' page for 'Graphics', with a title bar that reads 'Graphics (Getting Started)'. The page content includes a 'Getting Started' section with a 'Provide feedback about this page' link, and a list of links to various graphics topics with brief descriptions.

File Edit View Go Favorites Desktop Window Help

Help Navigator

Search for: Go

Example: "plot tools" OR plot* tools

Contents Index Search Results Demos

MATLAB

- Getting Started
 - Introduction
 - What Is MATLAB?
 - Overview of MATLAB
 - The MATLAB System
 - MATLAB Documentation
 - Starting and Quitting MATLAB
 - Matrices and Arrays
 - Graphics**
 - Programming
 - Data Analysis
 - Creating Graphical User Interfaces
 - Desktop Tools and Development Environment
 - External Interfaces
 - Examples
 - Desktop Tools and Development Environment
 - Mathematics
 - Data Analysis
 - Programming
 - Graphics
 - 3-D Visualization
 - Creating Graphical User Interfaces
 - Functions - By Category
 - Functions - Alphabetical List
 - Handle Graphics Property Browser
 - External Interfaces
 - C and Fortran API - By Category
 - C and Fortran API - Alphabetical List

Getting Started [Provide feedback about this page](#)

Graphics

- [Overview of MATLAB Plotting](#) Create plots, include multiple data sets, specify property values, and save figures.
- [Editing Plots](#) Edit plots interactively and using functions, and use the property editor.
- [Some Ways to Use MATLAB Plotting Tools](#) Edit plots interactively with graphical plotting tools.
- [Preparing Graphs for Presentation](#) Use plotting tools to modify graphs, add explanatory information, and print for presentation.
- [Using Basic Plotting Functions](#) Use MATLAB plotting functions to create and modify plots.
- [Creating Mesh and Surface Plots](#) Visualize functions of two variables.
- [Plotting Image Data](#) Work with images.
- [Printing Graphics](#) Print and export figures.
- [Handle Graphics](#) Visualize functions of two variables.

Managing variables

```
>> a = 3;
```

```
>> b = 6;
```

```
>> who
```

```
Your variables are a b
```

```
>> save my_file
```

```
>> dir
```

```
. .. my_file.mat
```

```
>> clear
```

```
>> who
```

```
(No variable!)
```

```
>> load my_file
```

```
>> who
```

```
Your variables are a b
```

Scripts

> New > Script

```
% Nice code!
```

```
a = 3;
```

```
b = 6
```

```
total = a+b
```

> Save `myscript.m`

```
>> myscript
```

```
b = 6
```

```
total = 9
```

```
>> who
```

```
Your variables  
are a b total
```

Functions

```
→ a function total = mysum(a,b)
→ b % Computes the sum.
total = a+b; total
```

mysum.m

```
>> mysum(3,3)
```

```
ans = 6
```

```
>> who
```

~~Your variables are a b total~~

(internal variables a b are defined only inside the function)

Example of Matlab Commands

- ***sqrt***: square-root
- ***sin, cos, abs, max, min, ...***
- tests: $a == 1$, $a < 1$, **&** (and), **|** (or), **~**(not)
- ***sum, prod, mean, std, ...***
- ***corrcoef***: correlation matrix
- ***rand***: random numbers
- Check *Matlab* documentation: 'doc rand', etc.

Programming

```
for i=1:5
    i*2
end
```

```
ans = 2
ans = 4
ans = 6
ans = 8
ans = 10
```

```
for i=1:5
    if i==3
        disp('three')
    else
        disp('not three')
    end
end
```

```
not three
not three
three
not three
not three
```

More about Matlab?

The screenshot shows the MATLAB Help Navigator window. The title bar reads 'Help'. The menu bar includes 'File', 'Edit', 'View', 'Go', 'Favorites', 'Desktop', 'Window', and 'Help'. The main window is titled 'Help Navigator' and contains a search bar with the text 'Search for:' and a 'Go' button. Below the search bar are tabs for 'Contents', 'Index', 'Search Results', and 'Demos'. The 'Contents' tab is active, showing a tree view of the MATLAB documentation. The 'Graphics' section is highlighted in blue. The main pane displays the 'Getting Started' page for 'Graphics', with a title bar that reads 'Title: Graphics (Getting Started)'. The page content includes a list of links: 'Overview of...', 'Editing P...', 'Some Ways to...', 'Plotting Tools', 'Preparing Graphs for Presentation', 'Using Basic Plotting Functions', 'Creating Mesh and Surface Plots', and 'Plotting Image Data'. A yellow sticky note is overlaid on the page content, containing the text: 'Check documentation (type 'doc')'.

Exercises

I. Random composer

ChordProgression

12
11
7
4
0

Chord

16	14	12
15	13	11
11	9	7
8	6	4
4	2	0

4	2	0
---	---	---

BassLine

2. Simple synthesizer

