

## FYS 4130 Statistical Mechanics

### Homework 2 Jan 29, 2010

#### 1) Spin magnet system

Consider a system of  $N$  spin 1/2 particles with magnetic moment  $\mu$  in an external magnetic field  $B$  so that each particle has either energy  $+\mu B$  if the spin points opposite the  $B$  field or energy  $-\mu B$  if the spin points along the  $B$  field.

- a) Use Boltzmann's formula for entropy and the Stirling approximation to calculate the entropy of the system as a function of temperature.
- b) Calculate the partition function for this system.
- c) Calculate the entropy using the partition function.
- d) Calculate the average magnetization  $\langle m \rangle$ , and the magnetic susceptibility  $\chi_T$ .

Solution:

$$Z = (2 \cosh \beta\mu B)^N$$

$$S/k = N \ln(2 \cosh \beta\mu B) - \beta\mu B N \tanh \beta\mu B$$

$$\langle m \rangle = N\mu \tanh(\beta\mu B)$$

$$\chi_T = N\beta\mu^2 \frac{1}{\cosh^2 \beta\mu B}$$

## 2) Two level gas

A lattice gas consists of a lattice of  $N$  sites, each of which can be either empty, in which case the energy is 0, or occupied by one particle in which case the energy is  $\epsilon$ .

- a) Find the partition function for this system. Compare this to the partition function for the spin magnet system.
- b) Calculate the average energy.
- c) Calculate the entropy and temperature of the system.

Solution:

$$Z = (1 + e^{-\beta\epsilon})^N$$

$$E = \frac{N\epsilon}{(e^{\beta\epsilon} + 1)}$$

$$S/k = N \ln(1 + e^{-\beta\epsilon}) - \beta N \epsilon \frac{e^{-\beta\epsilon}}{1 + e^{-\beta\epsilon}}$$

## 3) Negative Temperature

- a) Sketch the behavior of the entropy and temperature as a function of energy.
- b) When the system is in a state with negative temperature and is brought into thermal contact with a reservoir at constant positive temperature, which way will the heat flow?