

FYS4260-2011

Kretssimulering med CadStar og PSpice.

" how to ? "

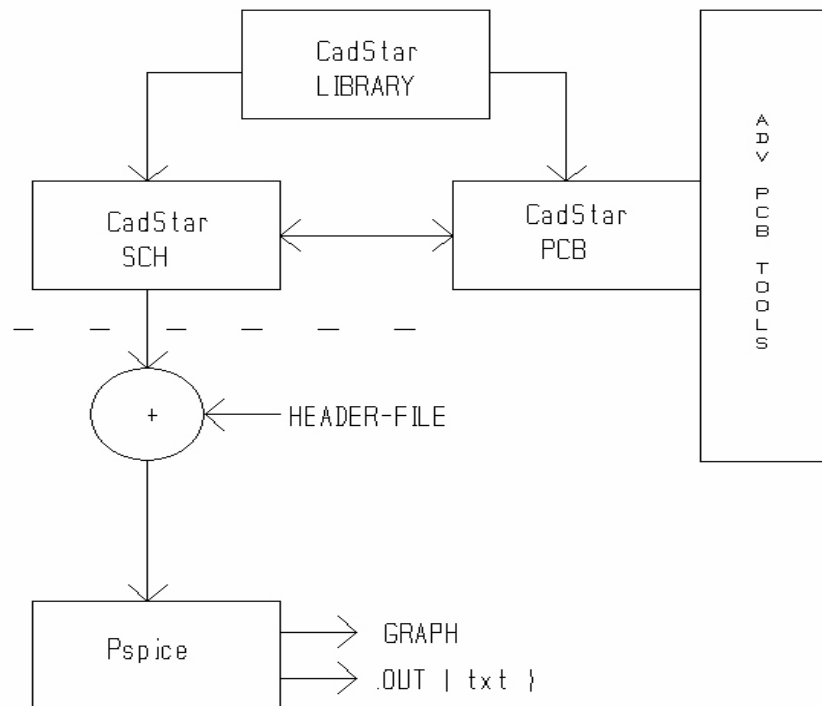
The image displays a PSpice simulation environment. The main window shows a circuit diagram with various components like resistors (R1, R2, R3, R4, R5, R6, R7, R8, R9, R10, R11, R12, R13, R14), capacitors (C1, C2, C3, C4, C5), diodes (D1, D2, D3, D4), and transistors (Q1, Q2, Q3, Q4). A waveform plot on the right shows the output voltage U(OUT) over time, ranging from 0s to 1.5ms, with values between -2.0V and 2.0V. A component list on the right side of the plot window lists the components and their values. A search window at the bottom right shows a search query for components with the value 'cap' and the function '[SYMBOL]=cap'. The search results table is as follows:

SYMBOL	VALUE	DEVICE	ELFAPN	FUNCTION	EPAGE
cap	1.0NF	CAP/1NOF/FKP2		65-428-64	
cap	1.0NF	CAP/1NOF/FKS2		65-033-79	
cap	1.0NF	CAP/1NOF/SM...	65-780-41	SMDCAP	
cap	1.5NF	CAP/1N5F/FKP2		65-428-80	
...

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Design prosessen:

- CADSTAR settes opp iht. kursbeskrivelsen for FYS4260.
- Skjema tegnes
- Export to File : velg format : PSpice.
(OBS på Current Sheet versus Whole Design)
OPTIONS : "Use Header" (velg file xxxx.IN)
- Transfer to PCB : utlegget plasseres & Routes



CADSTAR PSpice Format :

[AnOverallView](#)

[FormatofaPSPICEoutputfile](#)

[HowtogenerateaPSPICEoutput](#)

Description

Selection of this format converts a Schematic design into the format recognised by the PSpice program.

For example:

C5 12 0 CMOD 10PF

When the PSpice format is selected, the following parameters on the dialog are also active:

Options:

This parameter display a dialog which enables you to read in a Header file, containing PSpice commands:

Source Data:

This parameter enables you to specify which sheets in the Schematic are exported in the PSpice format.

The Select Sheets button displays a dialog on which you can select individual sheets for export.

Before Exporting PSpice ...

You must ensure that the following rules are obeyed:

Symbols

They must have been allocated to Parts in the Parts library. In addition, these Part entries must contain the appropriate *SPI line.

[MoreInformationOnThePartsLibraryFormat...](#)

Symbol Names

They must use a naming convention which satisfies the PSpice device name format. This format requires the first character of a component name to identify a PSpice device. For example, a capacitor name must always start with a 'C'.

[TheListOfFirstCharactersRequiredForPSpiceNames...](#)

PSPICE Commands

PSpice allows you to input additional PSpice **commands**. These commands set up circuit parameters model descriptions, types of simulation, etc. You need to type these commands in from the keyboard, and save them in a file with the extension **.in**

PSpice will merge the generated circuit description with these PSPICE commands.

Note: When using a PSpice commands file, you need to insert the converted CADSTAR circuit description within it. To specify the point of insertion you use the following command:

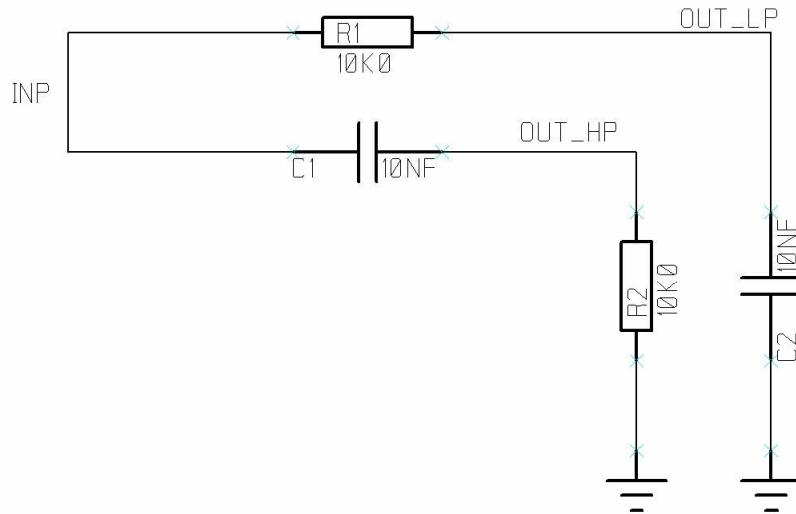
.CADSPICE

The circuit description will be inserted at the location of **.CADSPICE**

Refer to your PSpice manual for more information on these commands.

OPPGAVE-1:

Følgende krets tegnes og simuleres: (Passivt lav & høy – pass filter)



Eksempel på PSPICE-nettliste:

* Project FYS4260_2011-02-04 (NOT FROM CADSTAR)

R1	INP		OUT_LP	R01%	10.0K
C1	INP		OUT_HP	C10%	10NF
R2	OUT_HP	0		R01%	10.0K
C2	OUT_LP	0		C10%	10NF

VIN INP 0 AC 1 0 SIN(0V 1V 1KHZ 0 0 0)

.TRAN 1US 2MS

.AC DEC 10 1HZ 100MEGHZ

.MODEL R01% RES(R=1 DEV=1% TC1=.00005 TC2=.00001)

.MODEL C10% CAP(C=1 DEV=10% TC1=0.0004);400ppm

.PROBE

.END

Cadstar eksporterer dessverre svært "primitiv" Pspice nettlister.
Tar ikke med NODENAVN.
Skiller ikke mellom simulerbare komponenter og ANNET.
(brytere, kantkontakter – osv)

Det overstående skjema vil bli eksportert som:

C2	1	0	C10%	10NF
R3	2	0	R01%	10K
C1	2	3	C10%	10NF
R1	1	3	R01%	10K

Ganske så mangelfullt som praktisk input , mao...

LITT hjelpes på med å ha en **CadStar.in** file - en **HEADER** fil...
(i File export, OPTIONS: USE HEADER.)

En Header file kan inneholde nødvendig tilleggsinformasjon en gyldig Pspice file trenger for automatisert simuleringsprosess.

EKSEMPEL på CADSTAR.IN file :

```
* CADSTAR_PSPICE CONTROLL FILE
*-----
* INSERT NODES FOR XX's

*GENERATORS:
Vin XX 0 AC 1
*VSin XX 0 SIN ( 0V 0.1V 1KHZ 0 0 0 )

*POWER SUPPLY
VDC1 XX XX 15V
VDC2 XX XX -15V
*-----
.CADSPICE
*-----
*TESTS:
.AC OCT 10 10 100MEG
*.TRAN 1US 2MS

*MODELS
.MODEL C10% CAP(C=1 DEV=20% TC1=0.00015);150ppm
.MODEL R01% RES(R=1 DEV=1% TC1=.00005 TC2=.00001)

.LIB
.PROBE
.END
```

NÅR det benyttes en HEADER fil, vil Cadstar Pspice filen bli flettet inn i HEADER filen der statementet : **.CADSPICE** står

Eksempel:

* SPICE CONTROLL FILE

*-----

* INSERT NODES FOR XX's

*GENERATORS:

Vin X 0 SIN (0V 0.1V 1KHZ 0 0 0)

*POWER SUPPLY

*VDC1 XX XX 15V

*VDC2 XX XX -15V

C2	1	0	C10%	10NF
R3	2	0	R01%	10K
C1	2	3	C10%	10NF
R1	1	3	R01%	10K

*TESTS:

.AC OCT 10 10 100MEG

*.TRAN 1US 2MS

*MODELS

.MODEL C10% CAP(C=1 DEV=20% TC1=0.00015);150ppm

.MODEL R01% RES(R=1 DEV=1% TC1=.00005 TC2=.00001)

.LIB

.PROBE

.END

Editeres inn rette nodenumre for INP , OUT_LP, OUT_HP – osv.
er filen klar for Pspice simulering.

* SPICE CONTROLL FILE

*-----

* INSERT NODES FOR XX's

*GENERATORS:

Vin 3 0 AC 1 SIN (0V 0.1V 1KHZ 0 0 0)

*POWER SUPPLY

*VDC1 XX XX 15V

*VDC2 XX XX -15V

C2 1 0 C10% 10NF

R3 2 0 R01% 10K

C1 2 3 C10% 10NF

R1 1 3 R01% 10K

*TESTS:

.AC OCT 10 10 100MEG

*.TRAN 1US 2MS

*MODELS

.MODEL C10% CAP(C=1 DEV=20% TC1=0.00015);150ppm

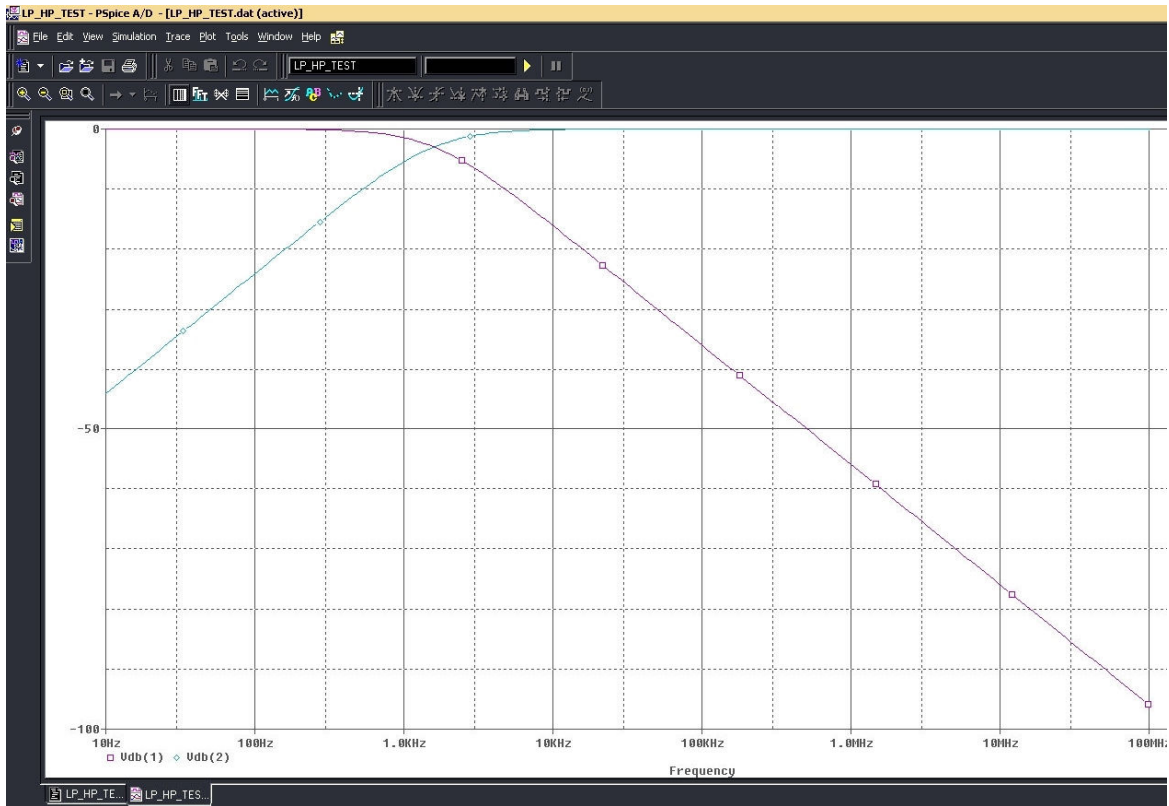
.MODEL R01% RES(R=1 DEV=1% TC1=.00005 TC2=.00001)

.LIB

.PROBE

.END

Pspice viser følgende resultat av node 1 & 2 i dB:



EKSEMPEL på litt mer "utviklet" CADSTAR.IN file :

```
* SPICE CONTROLL FILE
*-----

* INSERT NODES FOR XX's

*GENERATORS :

Vin XX 0 AC 1 SIN ( 0V 0.1V 1KHZ 0 0 0 )

*POWER SUPPLY

VDC1 XX XX 9V
VDC2 XX XX -9V

*-----
.CADSPICE
*-----

*DUMMY TEST COMPONENTS:
Rload 2 0 10R
*-----

*TESTS :

.AC OCT 10 10 100MEG
*.NOISE V(2) VIN 100

*.MC 10 AC VDB(2) YMAX LIST
*.WCASE AC VDB(2) YMAX LIST

*.TRAN 1US 2MS
*.FOUR 1KHZ V(2)

.DC VIN -0.125V 0.125V 0.005V

*.MODEL CMOD CAP(C=10PF)
*.STEP CAP CMOD(C) LIST 1P 10PF 100PF

*.MODEL RMOD RES(R=1K)
*.STEP RES RMOD(R) LIST 1K 2K 3K

*-----
```

* MODELS :

*-----

* NPN SMALL SIGNAL THROUGH HOLE :

.MODEL BC550C NPN(Is=7.049f Xti=3 Eg=1.11 Vaf=23.89 Bf=493.2 Ise=99.2f
+Ne=1.829 Ikf=.1542 Nk=.6339 Xtb=1.5 Br=2.886 Isc=7.371p
+Nc=1.508 Ikr=5.426 Rc=1.175 Cjc=5.5p Mjc=.3132 Vjc=.4924 Fc=.5
+Cje=11.5p Mje=.6558 Vje=.5 Tr=10n Tf=420.3p Itf=1.374 Xtf=39.42
+Vtf=10)
*PHILIPS PID=BC550C CASE=TO92

* NPN SMALL SIGNAL SMD :

.MODEL BC817 NPN IS = 9.198E-14 NF = 1.003 ISE = 4.468E-16 NE = 1.65
+BF = 338.8 IKF = 0.4913 VAF = 107.9 NR = 1.002
+ISC = 5.109E-15 NC = 1.071 BR = 29.48 IKR = 0.193
+VAR = 25 RB = 1 IRB = 1000 RBM = 1 RE = 0.2126 RC = 0.143
+XTB = 0 EG = 1.11 XTI = 3 CJE = 3.825E-11
+VJE = 0.7004 MJE = 0.364 TF = 5.229E-10 XTF = 219.7
+VTF = 3.502 ITF = 7.257 PTF = 0 CJC = 1.27E-11 VJC = 0.4431
+MJC = 0.3983 XCJC = 0.4555 TR = 7E-11
+CJS = 0 VJS = 0.75 MJS = 0.333 FC = 0.905

.MODEL BC817-40 NPN(Is=32.53f Xti=3 Eg=1.11 Vaf=100 Bf=407.8 Ise=333.4f
+Ne=1.692 Ikf=.9448 Nk=.6041 Xtb=1.5 Br=6.39 Isc=268.8f Nc=2.125
+Ikr=.1193 Rc=.4205 Cjc=24.29p Mjc=.3333 Vjc=.5 Fc=.5 Cje=71.14p
+Mje=.3333 Vje=.5 Tr=10n Tf=662p Itf=3.238 Xtf=134.9 Vtf=10)
* SIEMENS pid=bc817-40 case=SOT23

.MODEL BC850C NPN(Is=7.049f Xti=3 Eg=1.11 Vaf=62.37 Bf=279.1 Ise=59.16f
+Ne=1.81 Ikf=.2201 Nk=.6305 Xtb=1.5 Br=3.816 Isc=16.17f Nc=2.394
+Ikr=1.859 Rc=1.508 Cjc=7.287p Mjc=.3333 Vjc=.5 Fc=.5 Cje=9.485p
+Mje=.3333 Vje=.5 Tr=10n Tf=664p Itf=4.664 Xtf=147 Vtf=10)
*SIEMENS PID=BC850C CASE=SOT23

.MODEL FMBM5551 NPN IS= 5.88844E-15 BF= 76.1 NF = 1
+BR = 0.028 NR = 1 ISE = 1.0E-14
+NE = 1.56 ISC = 1.01826E-14 NC = 1.5
+VAF = 74.03 VAR = 20 IKF = 0.049453
+IKR = 0.017378 RB = 12.5 RBM = 1.2
+IRB = 2.51189E-5 RE = 0.11 RC = 1.03
+CJE = 2.079424E-12 VJE = 0.6464066 MJE = 0.2596434
+FC = 0.5 CJC = 1.091838E-12 VJC = 0.5
+MJC = 0.1964945 TF = 1.012E-09 XTF = 2.0
+ITF = 0.4 VTF = 4.0 TR = 2.395E-7
+XTB = 1.65 EG = 0.82
+XTI = 3
*FAIRCHILD PID=FMBM5551 CASE=SUPERSOT-6

.MODEL MMBT5551 NPN (Is=2.511f Xti=3 Eg=1.11 Vaf=100 Bf=242.6
+Ne=1.249 Ise=2.511f Ikf=.3458 Xtb=1.5 Br=3.197
+Nc=2 Isc=0 Ikr=0 Rc=1 Cjc=4.883p Mjc=.3047 Vjc=.75
+Fc=.5 Cje=18.79p Mje=.3416 Vje=.75 Tr=1.202n Tf=560p
+Itf=50m Vtf=5 Xtf=8 Rb=10)
*FAIRCHILD PID=MMBT5551 CASE=SOT-23

* PNP SMALL SIGNAL THROUGH HOLE :

*-----

.MODEL BC560C PNP(Is=1.02f Xti=3 Eg=1.11 Vaf=34.62 Bf=401.6 Ise=38.26p
+Ne=5.635 Ikf=74.73m Nk=.512 Xtb=1.5 Br=9.011 Isc=1.517f
+Nc=1.831 Ikr=.1469 Rc=1.151 Cjc=9.81p Mjc=.332 Vjc=.4865 Fc=.5
+Cje=30p Mje=.3333 Vje=.5 Tr=10n Tf=524p Itf=.9847 Xtf=17.71
+Vtf=10)
*PHILIPS PID=BC560C CASE=TO92

* PNP SMALL SIGNAL SMD :

*-----

.MODEL BC807 PNP IS=1.08E-13 NF=0.99 ISE=2.713E-14
+NE=1.4 BF=385.7 KF=0.3603 VAF=31.29 NR=0.9849 ISC=5.062E-13
+NC=1.295 BR=20.57 IKR=0.054 VAR=11.62 RB=1 IRB=1E-06
+RBM=0.5 RE=0.1415 RC=0.2623 XTB=0 EG=1.11 XTI=3
+CJE=5.114E-11 VJE=0.8911 MJE=0.4417 TF=7.359E-10 XTF=1.859
+VTF=3.813 ITF=0.4393 PTF=0 CJC=2.656E-11 VJC=0.62 MJC=0.4836
+XCJC=0.459 TR=5.00E-08 CJS=0 VJS=0.75 MJS=0.333 FC=0.99

.MODEL BC807-40 PNP(Is=32.53f Xti=3 Eg=1.11 Vaf=100 Bf=460.8 Ise=301.2f
+Ne=1.615 Ikf=.4967 Nk=.5594 Xtb=1.5 Br=6.87 Isc=283.2f Nc=1.97
+Ikr=9.135m Rc=.3759 Cjc=24.29p Mjc=.3333 Vjc=.5 Fc=.5
+Cje=71.14p Mje=.3333 Vje=.5 Tr=10n Tf=704.3p Itf=13.89
+Xtf=1.333K Vtf=10)
*SIEMENS PID=BC807-40 CASE=SOT23

.MODEL FMBM5401 PNP IS= 9.0095E-14 BF= 91.0 NF = 1
+ BR= 0.2745 NR= 1 ISE= 1.059573E-12
+ NE = 2 ISC = 1.5578E-09 NC = 1.5
+ VAF = 86.87 VAR = 39.22 IKF = 0.9394
+ IKR = 0.831764 RB = 18.4 RBM = 0.0126
+ IRB = 1.0256E-7 RE = 0.048 RC = 1.5212
+ CJE = 2.61493E-12 VJE = 0.7535019 MJE = 0.3860237
+ FC = 0.5 CJC = 1.882005E-11 VJC = 0.5964168
+ MJC = 0.3948966 TF = 1.57155e-09 EG = 0.7005
+ XTB = 1.115
*FAIRCHILD PID=FMBM5401 CASE=SUPERSOT-6

*DRIVERS:

*-----

* NPN THROUGH HOLE :

.MODEL Q2SC3423 NPN IS=9.98627F BF=2K NF=967.67M VAF=100 IKF=49.6929M ISE=1.04163F
+ NE=1.07574 BR=601.257M IKR=462.798U ISC=32.904P RC=899.97M
+ CJE=2P MJE=500M CJC=6.42174P VJC=749.999M MJC=499.509M
+ TF=713.346P XTF=500M VTF=10 ITF=9.9976M TR=10N
*TOSHIBA PID=Q2SC3423 CASE=2-8H1A

* NPN SMD :

.MODEL FZT651 NPN IS =2.218E-13 NF =.9956 BF =230 IKF=2 VAF=100 ISE=2.9E-14
+NE =1.35 NR =.995 BR =56 IKR=1 VAR=30 ISC=2.971E-13 NC =1.321 RB =.04
+RE =.075 RC =.069 CJC=51E-12 MJC=.42 VJC=.595 CJE=318E-12 TF =.77E-9
+TR =27E-9
*ZETEX PID=FZT651 CASE=SOT-223

* PNP THROUGH HOLE :

.MODEL Q2SA1360 PNP IS=10F BF=134.853 VAF=100 IKF=109.96M ISE=221.874F
+ NE=1.66575 BR=10 IKR=880.176M ISC=187.58P NC=1.90472 RE=1 RC=15.5104
+ CJE=2P MJE=500M CJC=6.24728P VJC=692.028M MJC=340.013M TF=1.08385N
+ XTF=16.9293 VTF=9.36211 ITF=670.025M TR=10N
*TOSHIBA PID=Q2SA1360 CASE=2-8H1A

* PNP SMD :

.MODEL FZT751 PNP IS =2.715E-13 BF =170 VAF=70 NF =1.004 IKF=2.75 ISE=1E-13
+NE =1.535 BR =23 VAR=40 NR =1.005 IKR=.55 ISC=5.15E-14 NC =1.13 RB =.07
+RE =.065 RC =.085 CJE=360E-12 TF =.94E-9 CJC=90E-12 TR =60E-9 VJC=.705
+MJC=.46
*ZETEX PID=FZT751 CASE=SOT-223

* DIODES :

*-----

* THROUGH HOLE :

.MODEL D1N4148 D(Is=2.682n N=1.836 Rs=.5664 Ikf=44.17m Xti=3 Eg=1.11 Cjo=4p
+M=.3333 Vj=.5 Fc=.5 Isr=1.565n Nr=2 Bv=100 Ibv=100u Tt=11.54n)
*TELEFUNKEN PID=D1N4148 CASE=DO35

* SMD :

.MODEL BAS16 D(Is=4.198n N=1.977 Rs=.4599 Ikf=1.408 Xti=3 Eg=1.11 Cjo=2p
+M=.3333 Vj=.5 Fc=.5 Isr=1.115n Nr=2 Bv=75 Ibv=100u Tt=8.656n)
*SIEMENS PID=BAS16 CASE=SOT23

.MODEL BAV70 D(Is=1.211n N=1.797 Rs=.8835 Ikf=0 Xti=3 Eg=1.11
+ Cjo=1.5p M=.3333 Vj=.5 Fc=.5 Isr=1.689n Nr=2 Tt=8.656n)
*SIEMENS PID=BAV70 CASE=SOT23

* DIV. MODELS :

*-----

.MODEL C025% CAP(C=1 DEV=2.5% TC1=0.00015);150ppm

.MODEL C5% CAP(C=1 DEV=5% TC1=0.00015);150ppm

.MODEL C20% CAP(C=1 DEV=20% TC1=0.00015);150ppm

.MODEL R01% RES(R=1 DEV=1% TC1=.00005 TC2=.00001)

.OP

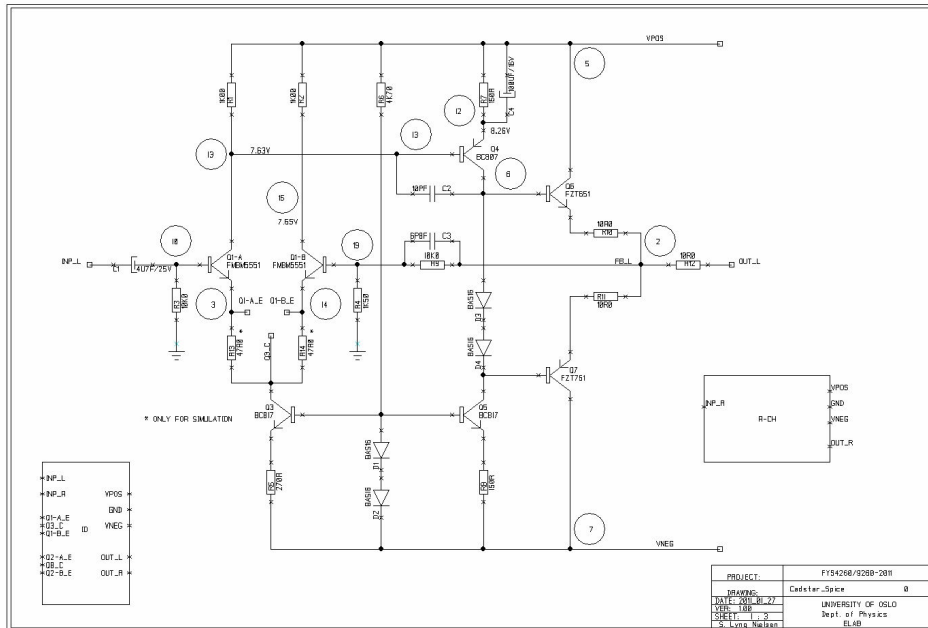
.LIB

.PROBE/CSDF

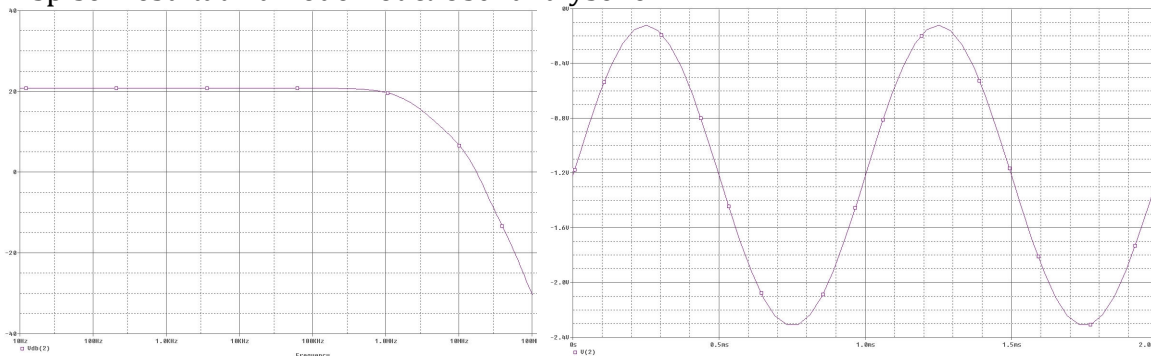
.END

HVA forventes av Pspice simuleringen, og hva skal rapporteres i FYS4260 ?
 (Simuleringsrapporten leveres inn sammen med hovedrapporten)

Noder identifiseres og spenninger fra simuleringen (.OUT – fila) noteres.



Inspiser resultat fra BodePlot & Osc. analysene :



PRIMÆRT:

Virker kretsen som ønsket? – Evt. Hvorfor ikke ?

Betrakt DC node spenningene og strømtrekk + effektforbruk fra batteriene.

Fra Bodeplottet (Gain & Loss – versus frequency)
 Identifiser GAIN@ 1Khz. og -3dB punktene.

Fra Oscilloscop : (Voltage versus time)
 Identifiser OFFSET spenning og Peak to Peak Voltage sving.

Forslag til forbedringer / endringer ??