

# FYS 3610

## Exercises week 42

### Exercise 1:

Draw and explain the principles of the Solar Wind Dynamo.

### Exercise 2:

- a) Where do we expect reconnection to occur in the Sun-Earth system?
- b) Assume IMF  $B_Z$  purely southward, IMF  $B_X = \text{IMF } B_Y = 0$ . Sketch reconnection geometry for the dayside magnetosphere.
- c) Assume IMF  $B_Z$  purely northward, IMF  $B_X = \text{IMF } B_Y = 0$ . Sketch reconnection geometry for the dayside magnetosphere.
- d) Which of the situations in c) and d) yields an open magnetosphere?
- e) Which of the situations in c) and d) may erode the magnetospheric dayside flux and increase tail flux? Explain.
- f) What is the effect of IMF  $B_Y$  for dayside magnetopause reconnection? Make a sketch.
- g) In an environment where ideal MHD is valid, explain how can we mix plasma populations originally located on IMF and geomagnetic field lines respectively?
- h) Make a drawing of the Dungey cycle and use it to explain plasma convection in the open magnetosphere.

### Exercise 3:

- a) Discuss the usage of the Reynolds number as an indicator of whether the frozen-in flux concept is valid or not. Why does the frozen-in-flux concept (ideal MHD) break down locally near a reconnection site.
- b) Sketch a Sweet-Parker reconnection geometry indicating plasma and magnetic field in and outflow as well as the direction of the electric field and the current sheet.
- c) Point out what are the major differences between the Sweet-Parker and Petschek model of magnetic reconnection. What allows Petschek reconnection to proceed at such a high rate compared to a Sweet-Parker diffusion region?