

BIOS1100 H17 uke 9

Lex Nederbragt

Ukens forelesning

- noen praktiske ting
- nytt stoff denne uken
- utvalgte øvelser

Flervalgsspørsmål (menti)

Alle oppgavertidligere, med svar finnes på

folk.uio.no/alexajo/bios1100/all.menti.html

Datalabben 3127

Vi har fått klager fra de ansatte som har kontor i gangen utenfor grupperommet/datalabben 3127.

Vennligst respekter deres behov for arbeidsro og ikke lag unødvendig støy i gangene.

Jupyterhub

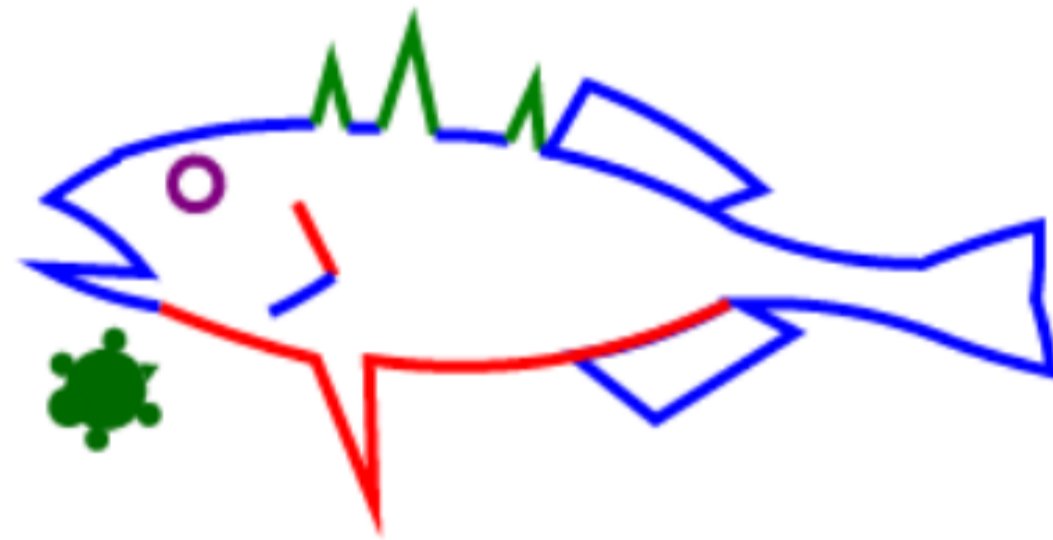
Snart slutt med `hub1`, `hub2` og `hub3`, bare `jupyterhub.uio.no`

Turtle konkuranse

Det kom inn seks notebooks.

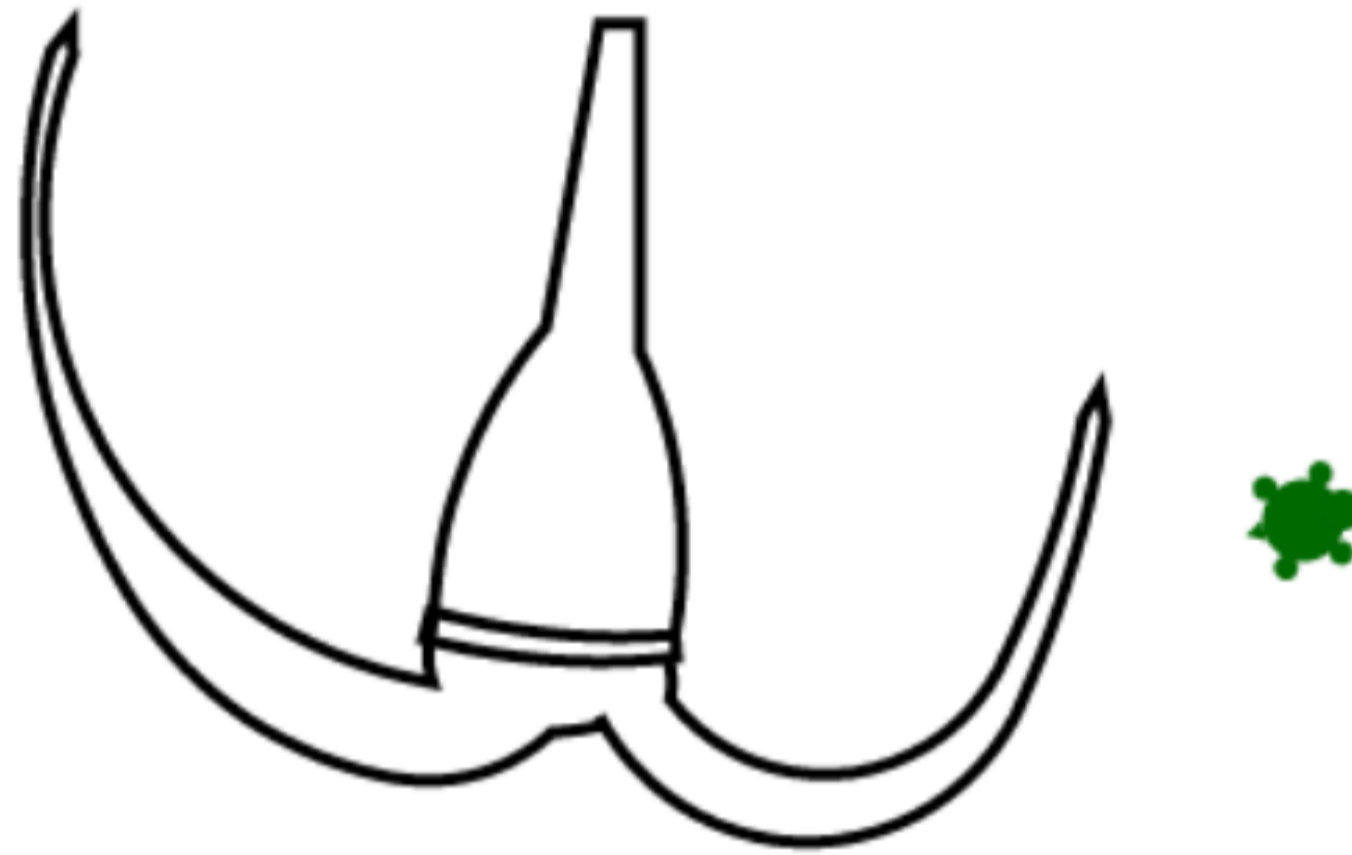
Turtle konkuranse

Eivind Ronold



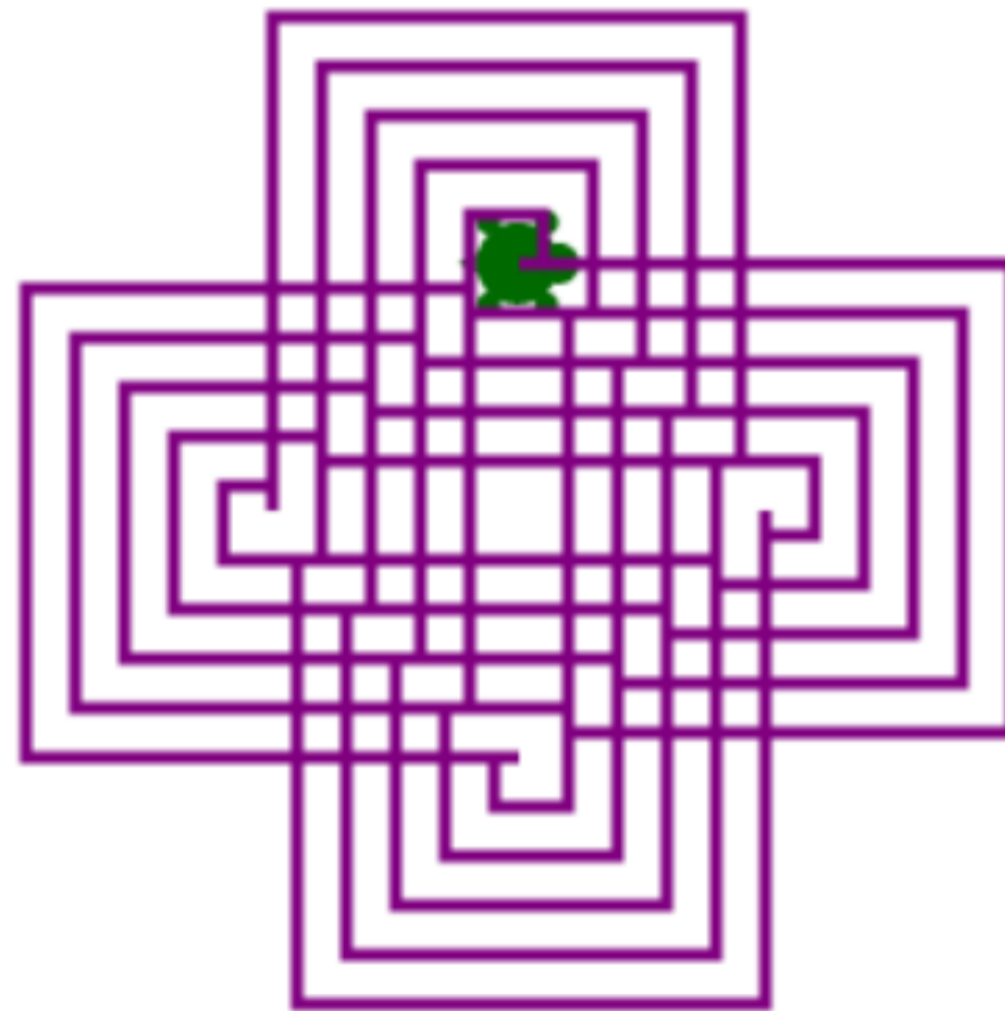
Turtle konkuranse

Even Garvang



Turtle konkuranse

Mari Stramrud



Turtle konkuranse

Markus Fjelde



DICTYOCHA SPECULUM

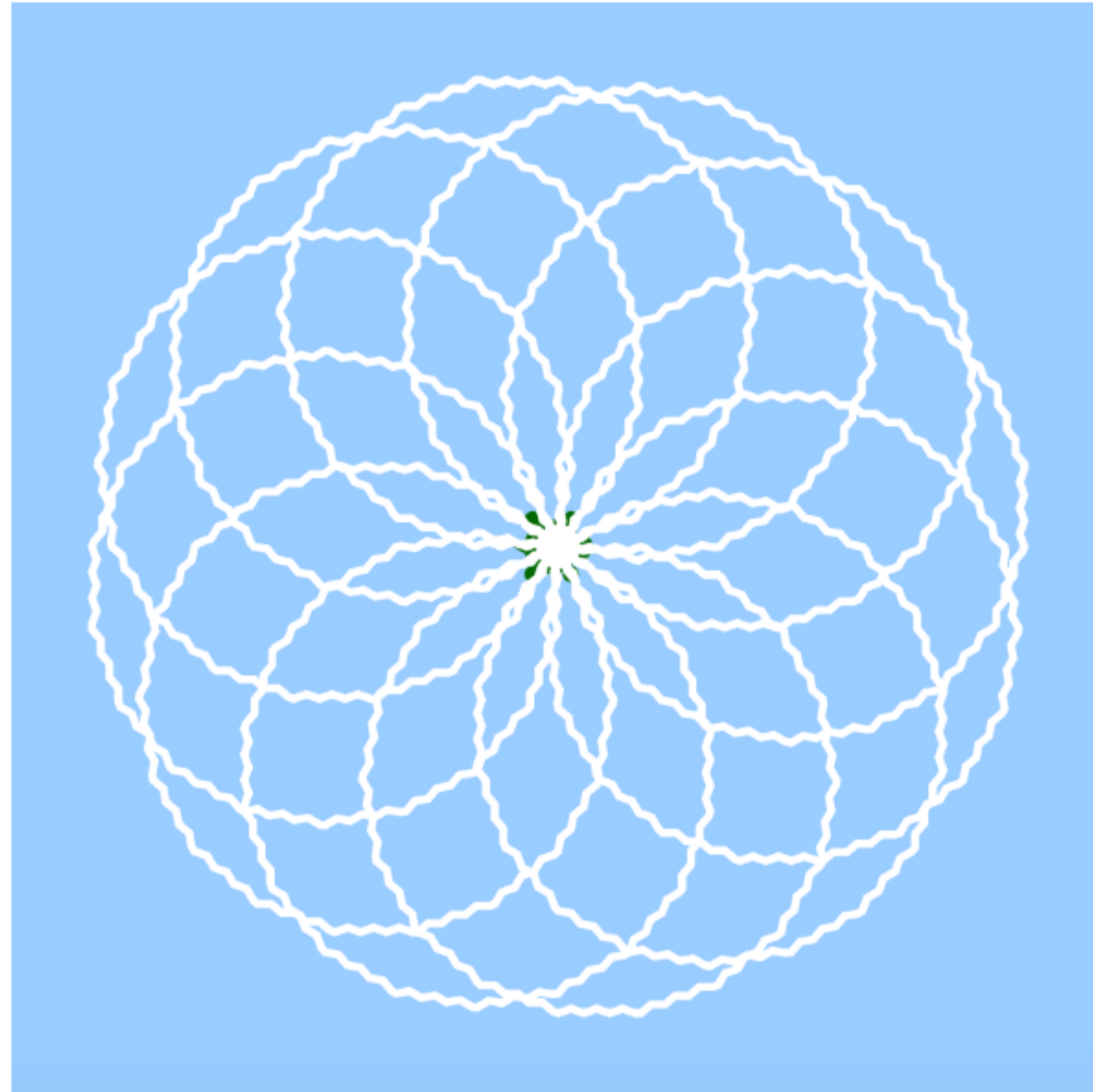
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2017

Turtle konkuranse

Sanne Kristensen



Turtle konkuranse

Sindre Jakobsen



Turtle konkurranse

Og vinneren er

Turtle konkuranse

Og vinneren er Markus Fjelde



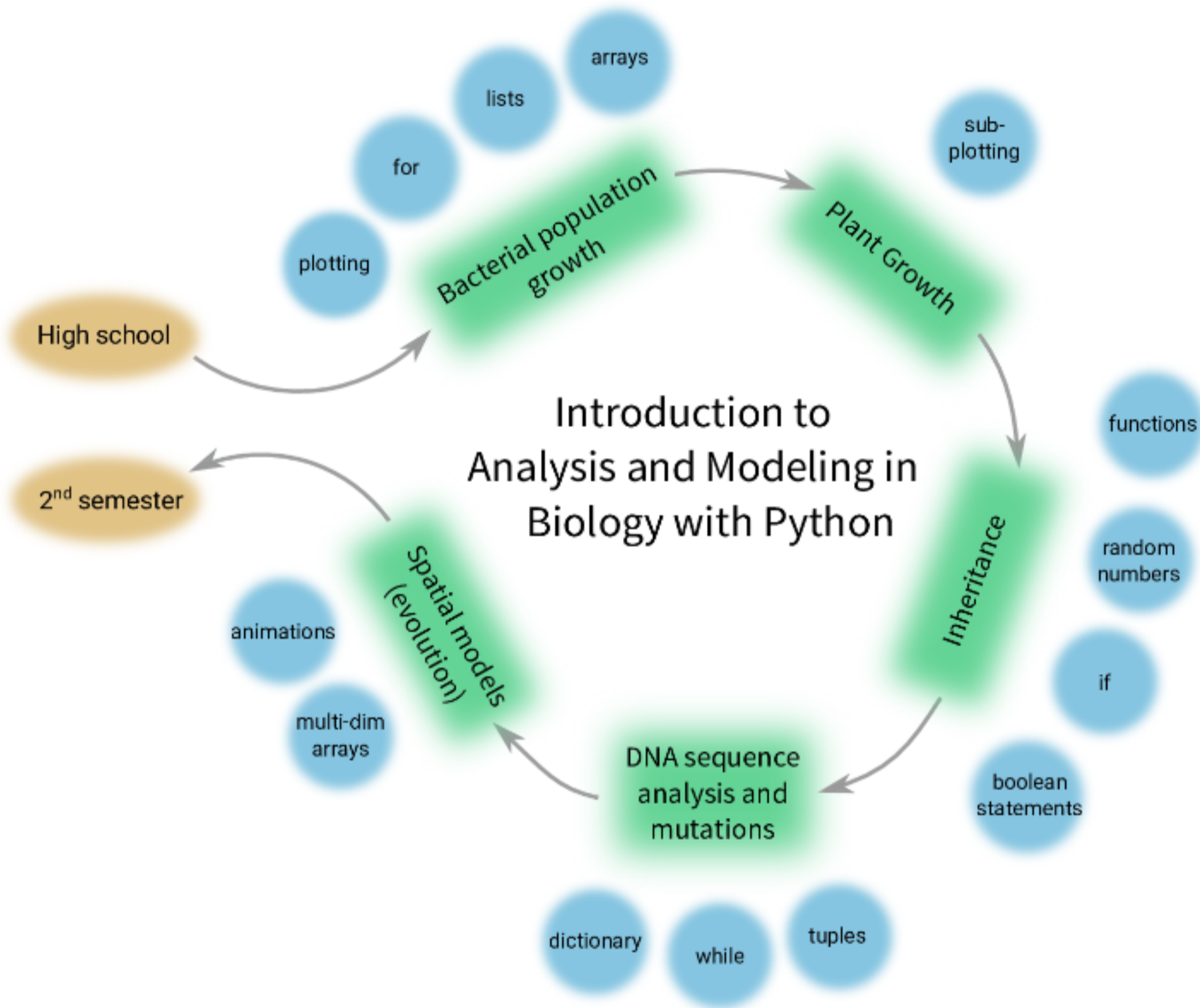
DICTYOCHA SPECULUM

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2017

Undervisningsplan



Læringsmål denne uke

Biologi

- forstår restriksjonskutting og hvordan det kan brukes til å finne mutert DNA

Programmering

- string slicing
- modulo
- importere kode fra fil
- += og varianter for assignments

Lenke til BIOS1110

- kutte samme DNA som blir brukt i BIOS1110 *med python*
- lage *virtuelt gelbildet* av gelen fra BIOS1110

Chapter 8 story: sickle cell anemia

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- It consists of four smaller proteins, called subunits.

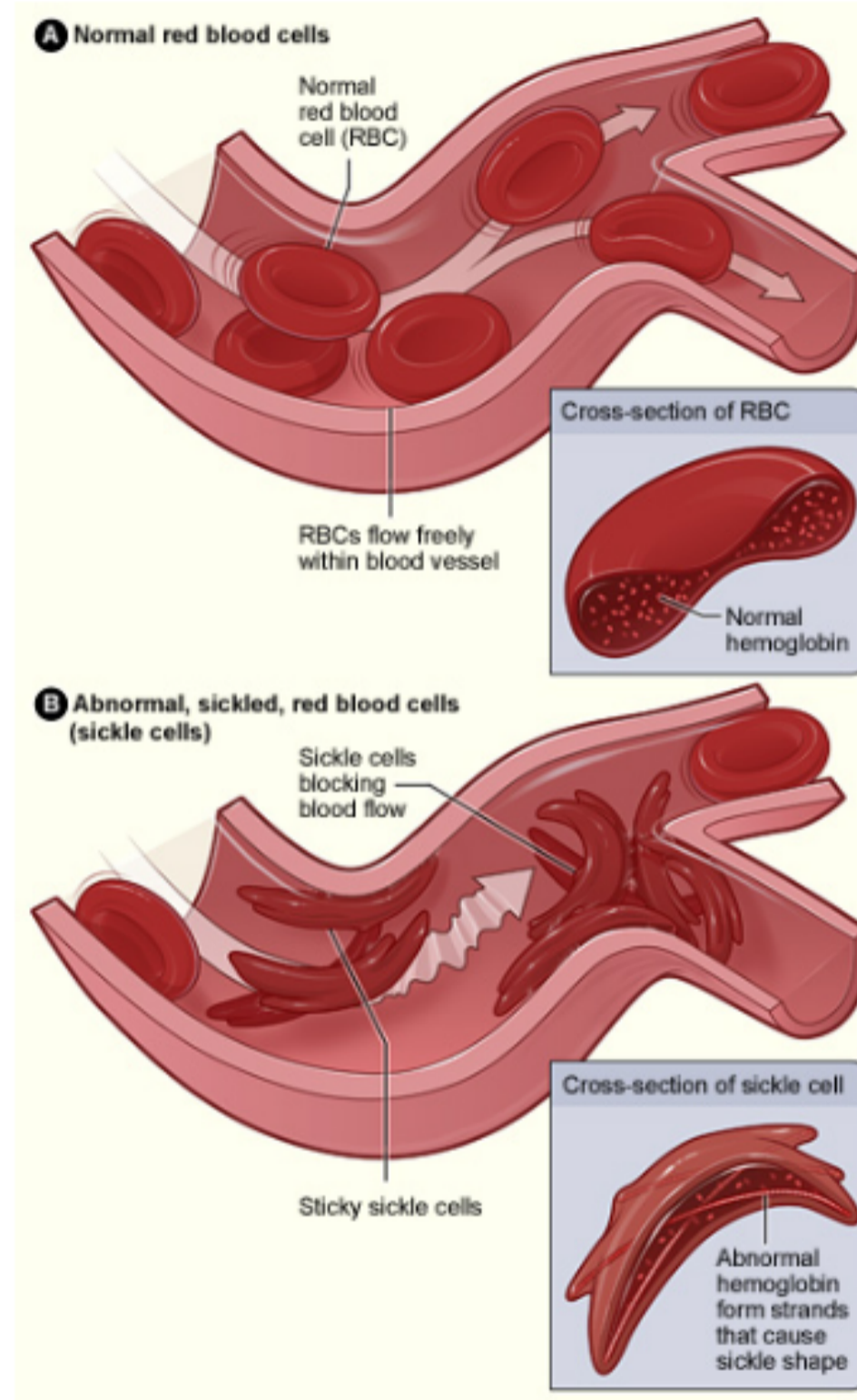
Chapter 8 story: sickle cell anemia

- Hemoglobin is the protein responsible for binding oxygen in red blood cells.
- It consists of four smaller proteins, called subunits.
- **Sickle-cell anemia occurs because of a substitution in the DNA sequence that codes for one of these subunits.**

Chapter 8 story: sickle cell anemia

- Hemoglobin is the protein responsible for binding oxygen in red blood cells.
- It consists of four smaller proteins, called subunits.
- Sickle-cell anemia occurs because of a substitution in the DNA sequence that codes for one of these subunits.
- **A single base in the hemoglobin DNA is changed and the result is a genetic disorder where the red blood cells assume a sickle-like shape:**

Chapter 8 story: sickle cell anemia



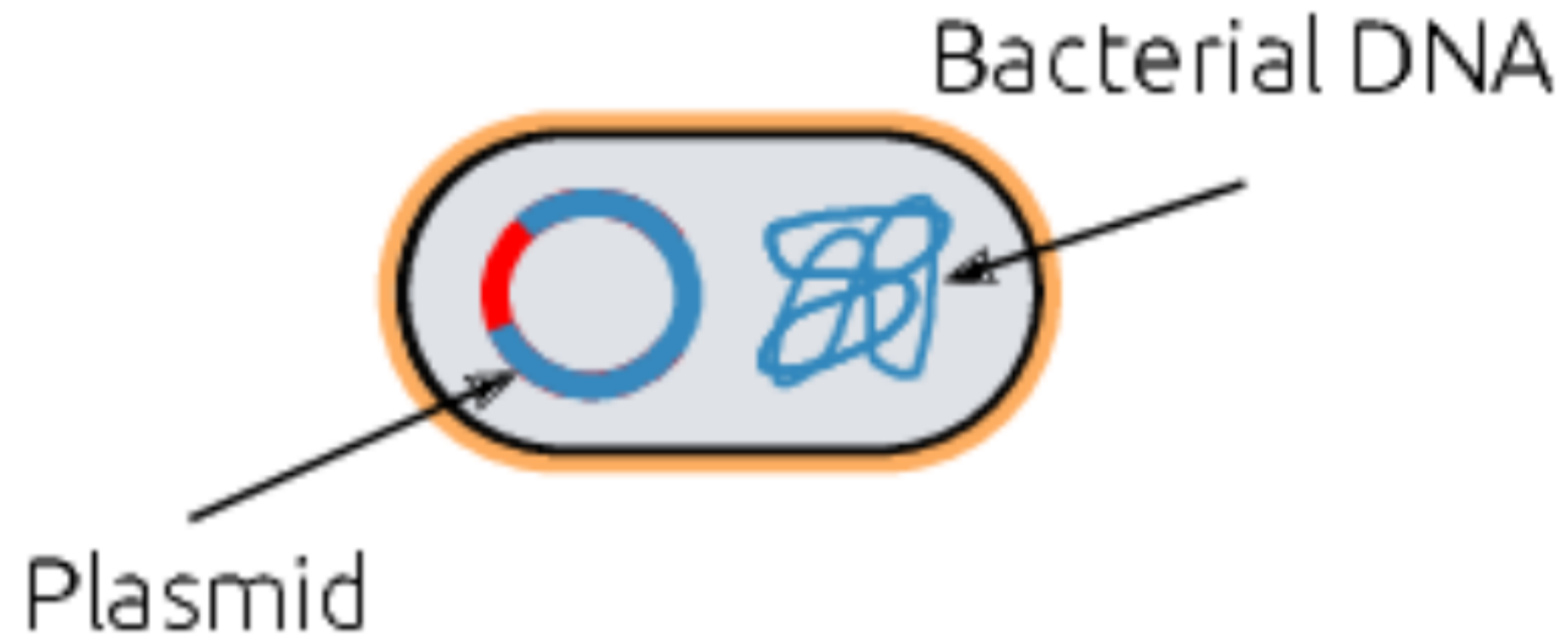
Normal hemoglobin subunit

```
ACATTTGCTTCTGACACAACCTGTGTTCACTAGCAACCTCAAACAGACACCATGGTGCATCTGACTCCTGA
GGAGAAGTCTGCCGTTACTGCCCTGTGGGGCAAGGTGAACGTGGATGAAGTTGGTGGTGAGGCCCTGGGC
AGGCTGCTGGTGGTCTACCCTTGGACCCAGAGGTTCTTTGAGTCCTTTGGGGATCTGTCCACTCCTGATG
CTGTTATGGGCAACCCTAAGGTGAAGGCTCATGGCAAGAAAGTGCTCGGTGCCTTTAGTGATGGCCTGGC
TCACCTGGACAACCTCAAGGGCACCTTTGCCACACTGAGTGAGCTGCACTGTGACAAGCTGCACGTGGAT
CCTGAGAACTTCAGGCTCCTGGGCAACGTGCTGGTCTGTGTGCTGGCCCATCACTTTGGCAAAGAATTCA
CCCCACCAGTGCAGGCTGCCTATCAGAAAGTGGTGGCTGGTGTGGCTAATGCCCTGGCCCACAAGTATCA
CTAAGCTCGCTTTCTTGCTGTCCAATTTCTATTAAAGGTTCTTTGTTCCCTAAGTCCAACACTAAACT
GGGGGATATTATGAAGGGCCTTGAGCATCTGGATTCTGCCTAATAAAAAACATTTATTTTCATTGC
```

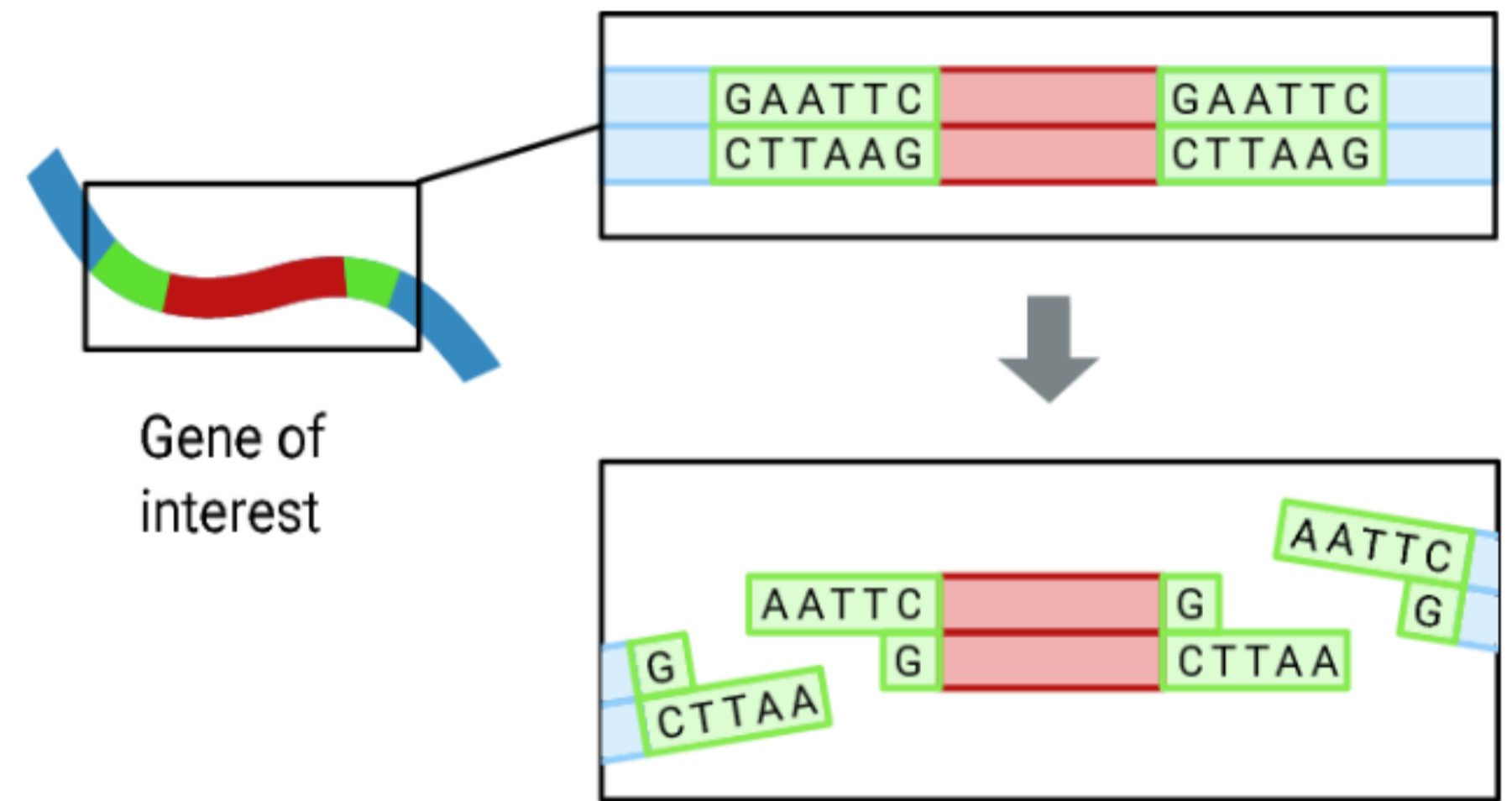
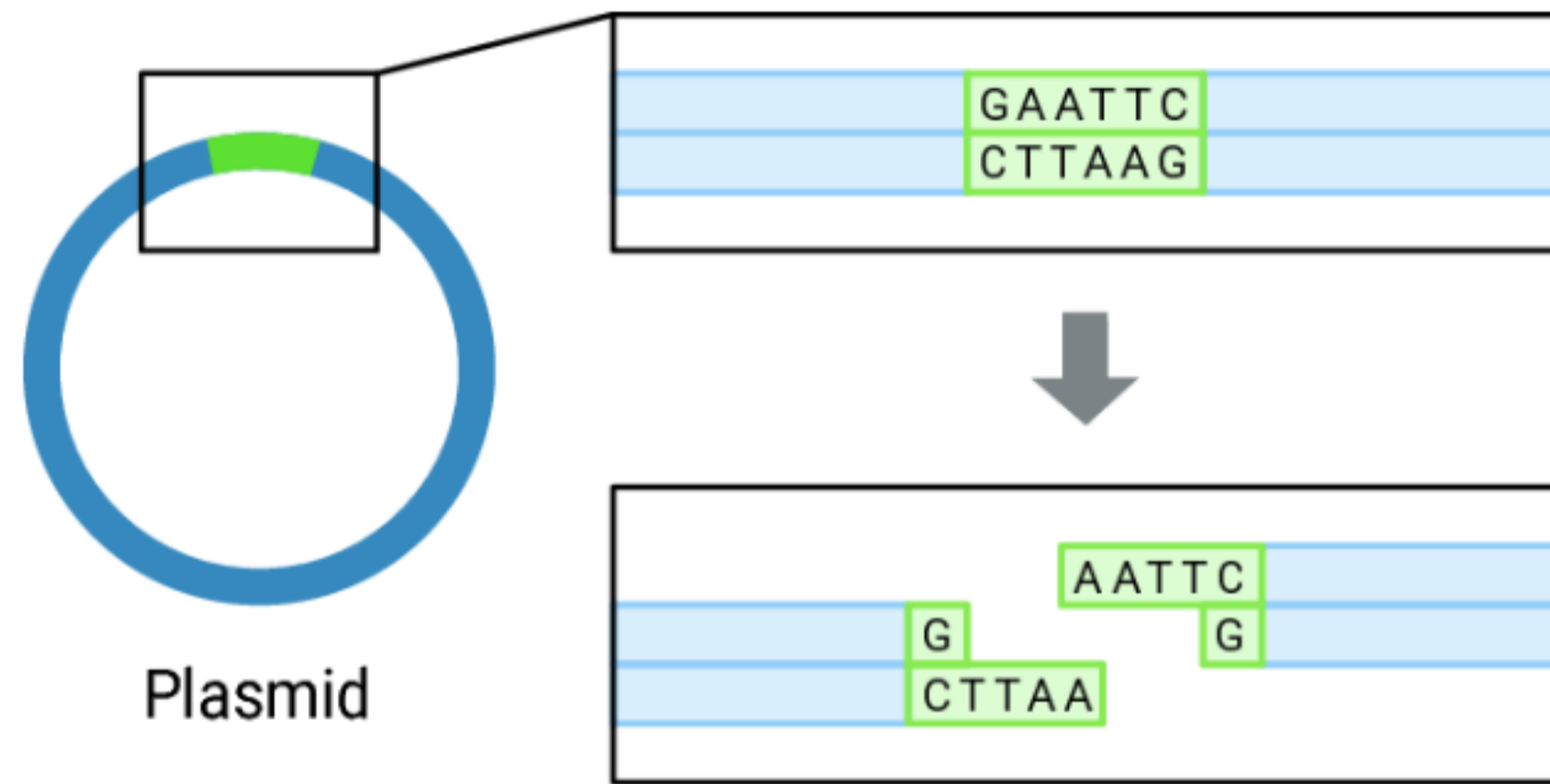

Mutated hemoglobin subunit

```
ACATTTGCTTCTGACACAACCTGTGTTCACTAGCAACCTCAAACAGACACCATGGTGCATCTGACTCCTGT  
GGAGAAGTCTGCCGTTACTGCCCTGTGGGGCAAGGTGAACGTGGATGAAGTTGGTGGTGAGGCCCTGGGC  
AGGCTGCTGGTGGTCTACCCTTGGACCCAGAGGTTCTTTGAGTCCTTTGGGGATCTGTCCACTCCTGATG  
CTGTTATGGGCAACCCTAAGGTGAAGGCTCATGGCAAGAAAGTGCTCGGTGCCTTTAGTGATGGCCTGGC  
TCACCTGGACAACCTCAAGGGCACCTTTGCCACACTGAGTGAGCTGCACTGTGACAAGCTGCACGTGGAT  
CCTGAGAACTTCAGGCTCCTGGGCAACGTGCTGGTCTGTGTGCTGGCCCATCACTTTGGCAAAGAATTCA  
CCCCACCAGTGCAGGCTGCCTATCAGAAAGTGGTGGCTGGTGTGGCTAATGCCCTGGCCCACAAGTATCA  
CTAAGCTCGCTTTCTTGCTGTCCAATTTCTATTAAAGGTTCTTTGTTCCCTAAGTCCAACACTAAACT  
GGGGGATATTATGAAGGGCCTTGAGCATCTGGATTCTGCCTAATAAAAAACATTTATTTTCATTGC
```

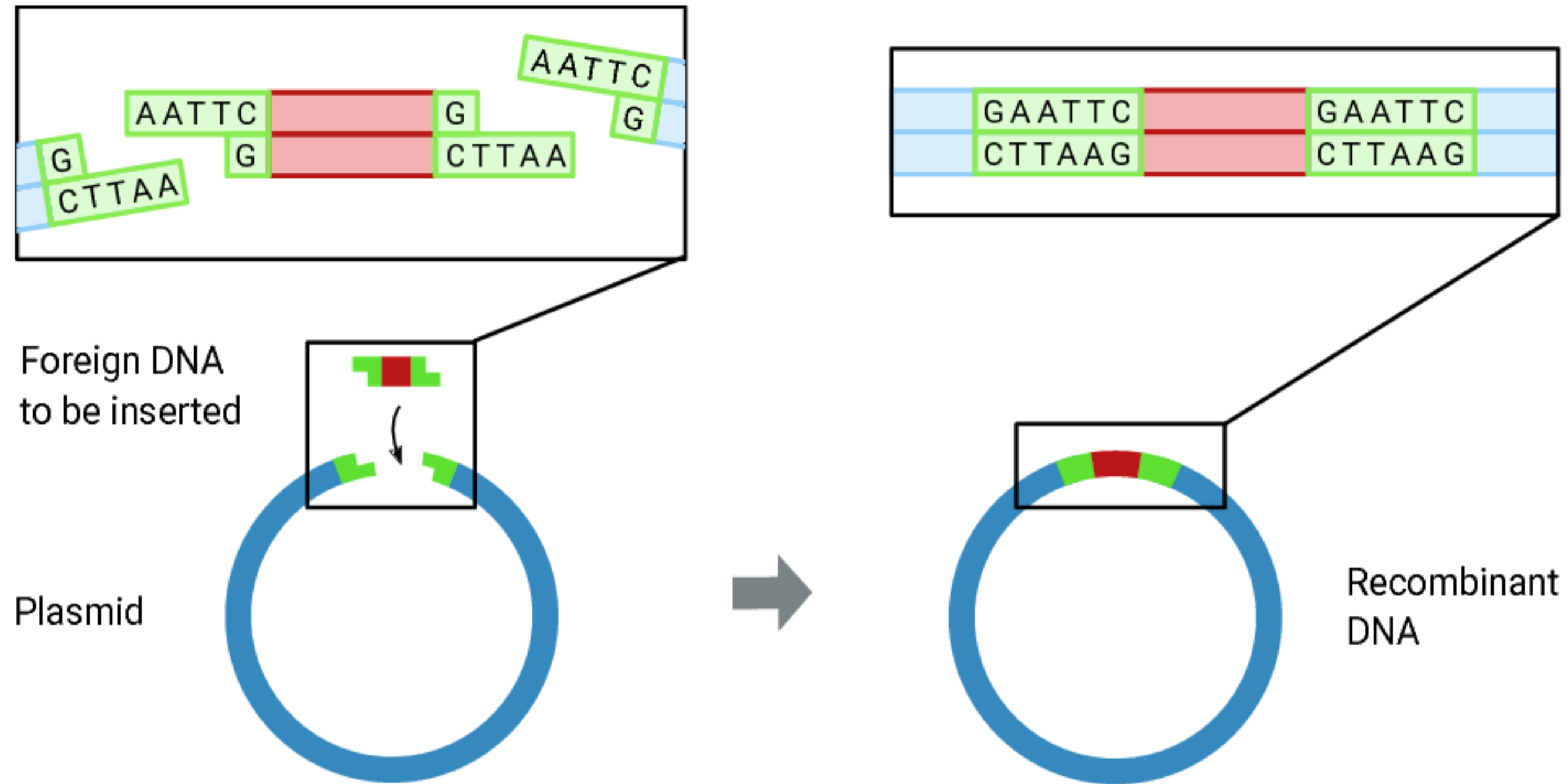

DNA kloning



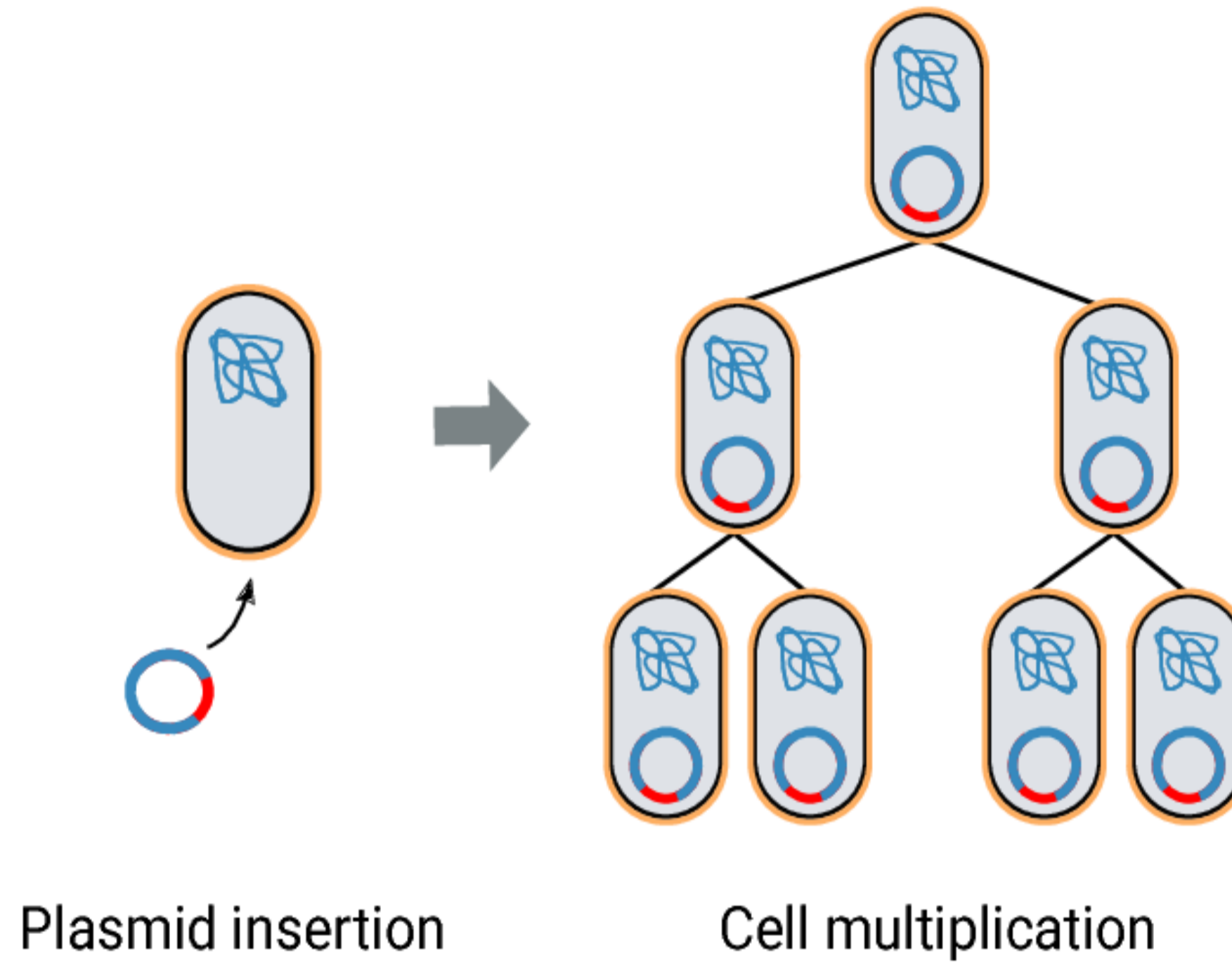
DNA kloning



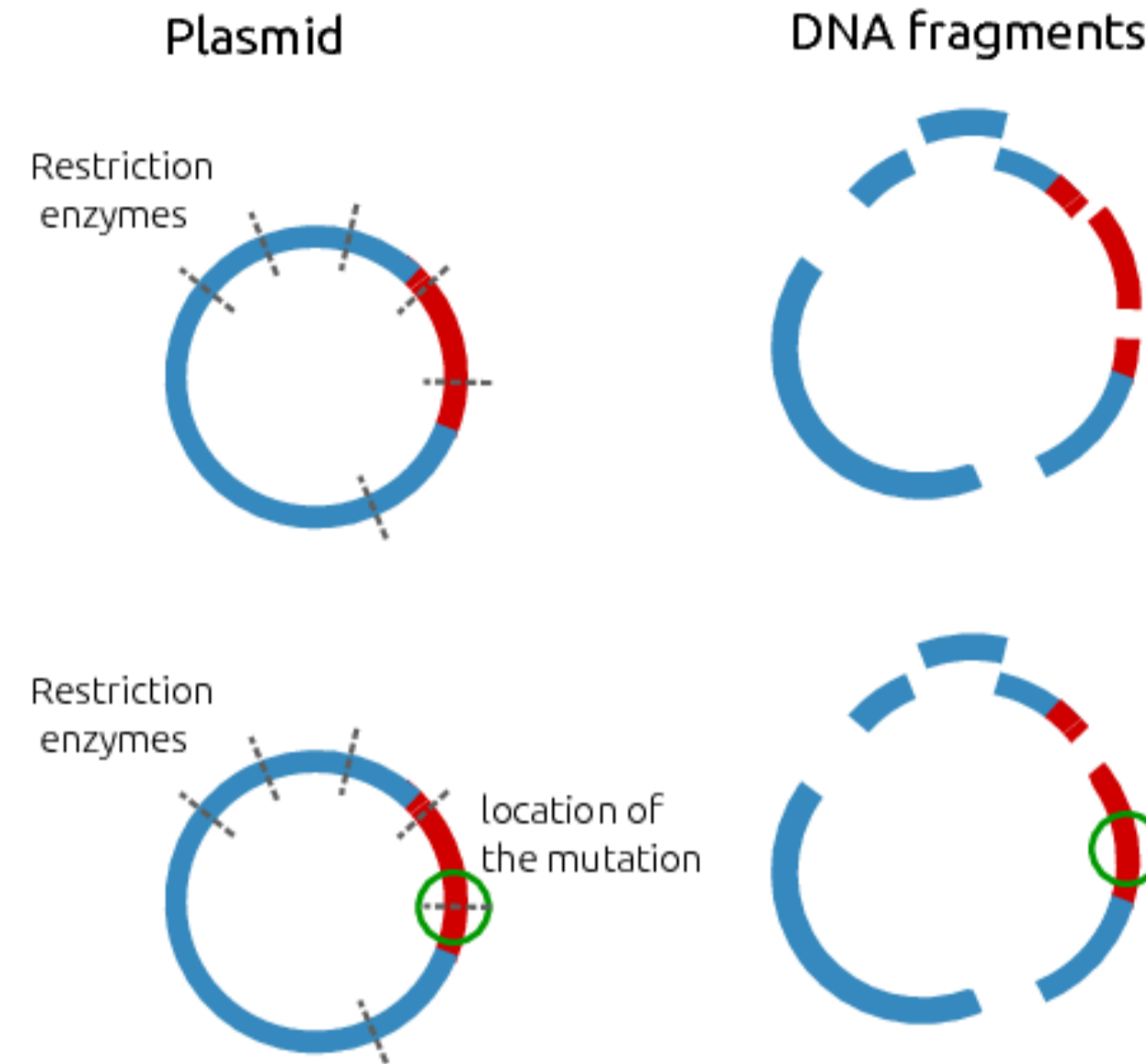
DNA kloning



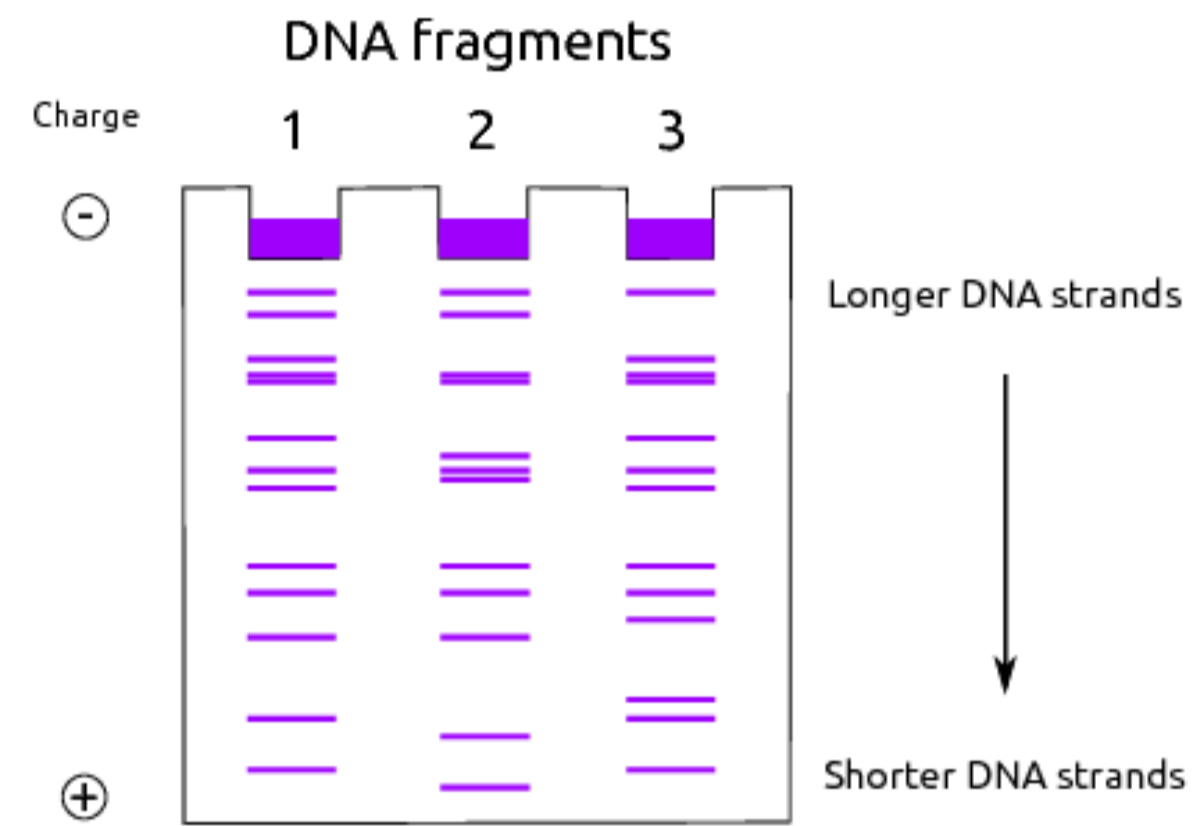
DNA kloning



Finne mutasjoner med hjelp av restriksjonskutting



Finne mutasjoner med hjelp av restriksjonskutting



Kutte lineær versus sirkulær DNA

Tavle

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Lenke til BIOS1110

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programming

- += og varianter for assignments
- string slicing
- modulo
- `while` loops
- docstrings

Shorthands for assignments

Code ->Equivalent code

`n += 1` -> `n = n + 1`

`n -= 1` -> `n = n - 1`

`n *= 1` -> `n = n*1`

`n /= 1` -> `n = n/1`

programming

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String slicing

A string in python is a list of characters

String slicing

```
my_list = [1, 2, 3, 10, 20, 30]
print(my_list[0])
```

```
e_coli_dna = "AGCTTTCATTCTGACTGCAACGGGCAATATGTCTCTGTGTGGATTAAAA"
print(e_coli_dna[0])
```

String slicing

```
my_list = [1, 2, 3, 10, 20, 30]
for element in my_list:
    print(element)
```

```
e_coli_dna = "AGCTTTTCATTCTGACTGCAACGGGCAATATGTCTCTGTGTGGATTAAAA"
for character in e_coli_dna:
    print(character)
```

List variabler kan endres

```
my_list = [100, 12, -3, 4.5, 62, 1.23]
my_list[4] = 501
print(my_list)
```

```
[100, 12, -3, 4.5, 501, 1.23]
```

String variabler er 'immutable'

```
my_string = 'Hella world!'
my_string[4] = 'o'
print(my_string)
```

```
-----
TypeError                                Traceback (most recent call last)
<ipython-input-7-b938f45cef5d> in <module>()
      1 my_string = 'Hella world!'
----> 2 my_string[4] = 'o'
      3 print(my_string)

TypeError: 'str' object does not support item assignment
```


programming

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Modulo

Spørsmål

Hvis jeg har ti mynter av 1 krone, som jeg skal dele med tre personer, hvor mange mynter har jeg da igjen?

Modulo

The modulo operator `%` gives you the remainder of a number divided by another number:

```
10 % 3 is 1
```

```
5 % 3 is 2
```

```
19 % 6 is 1
```

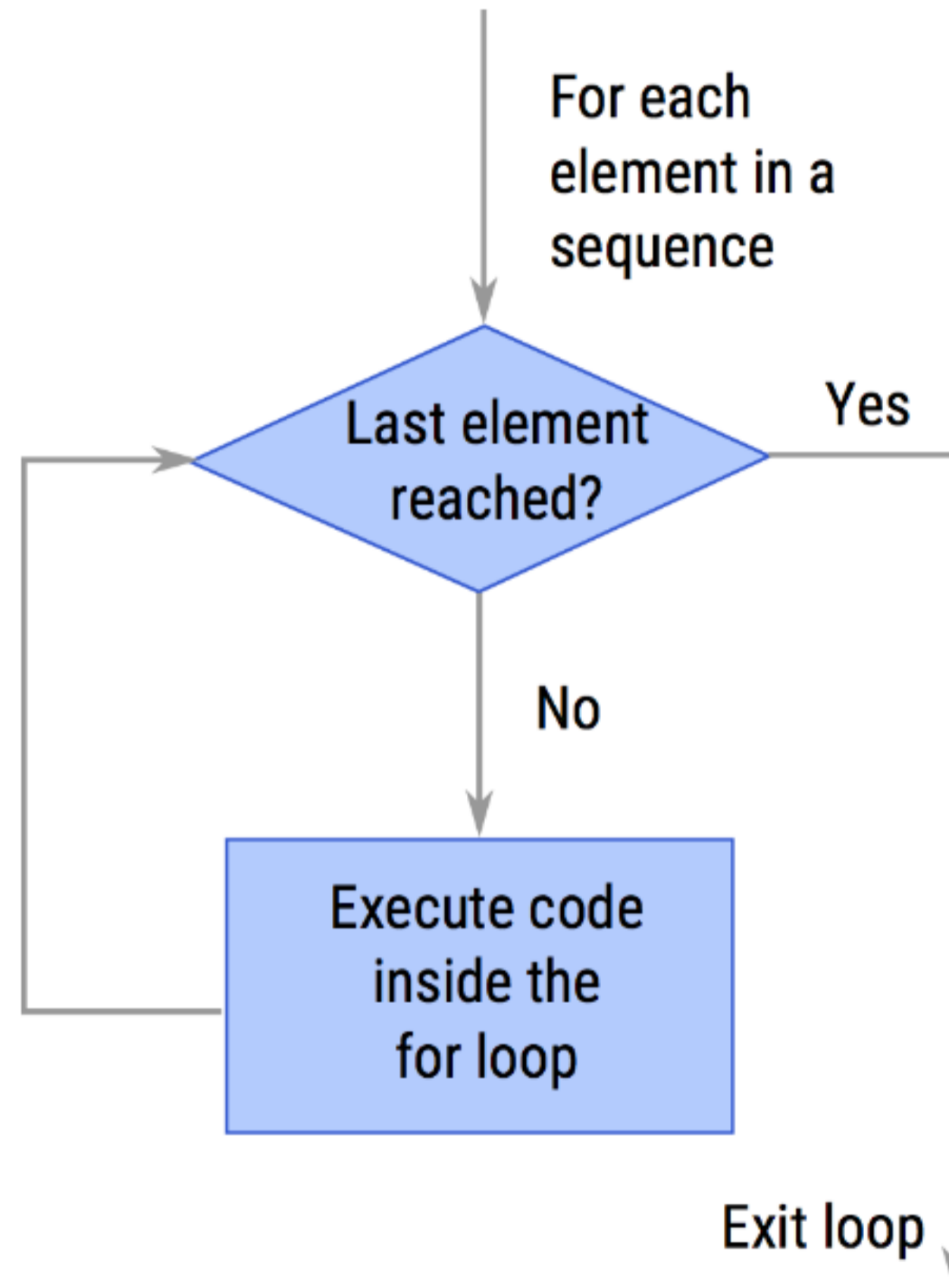
Flervalgsspørsmål: Percentage and fraction

Which python command prints 20% of the value of x ?

1. `print(20 % x)`
2. `print(20% * x)`
3. `print(x - 0.8 * x)`
4. `print(0.2 * x)`

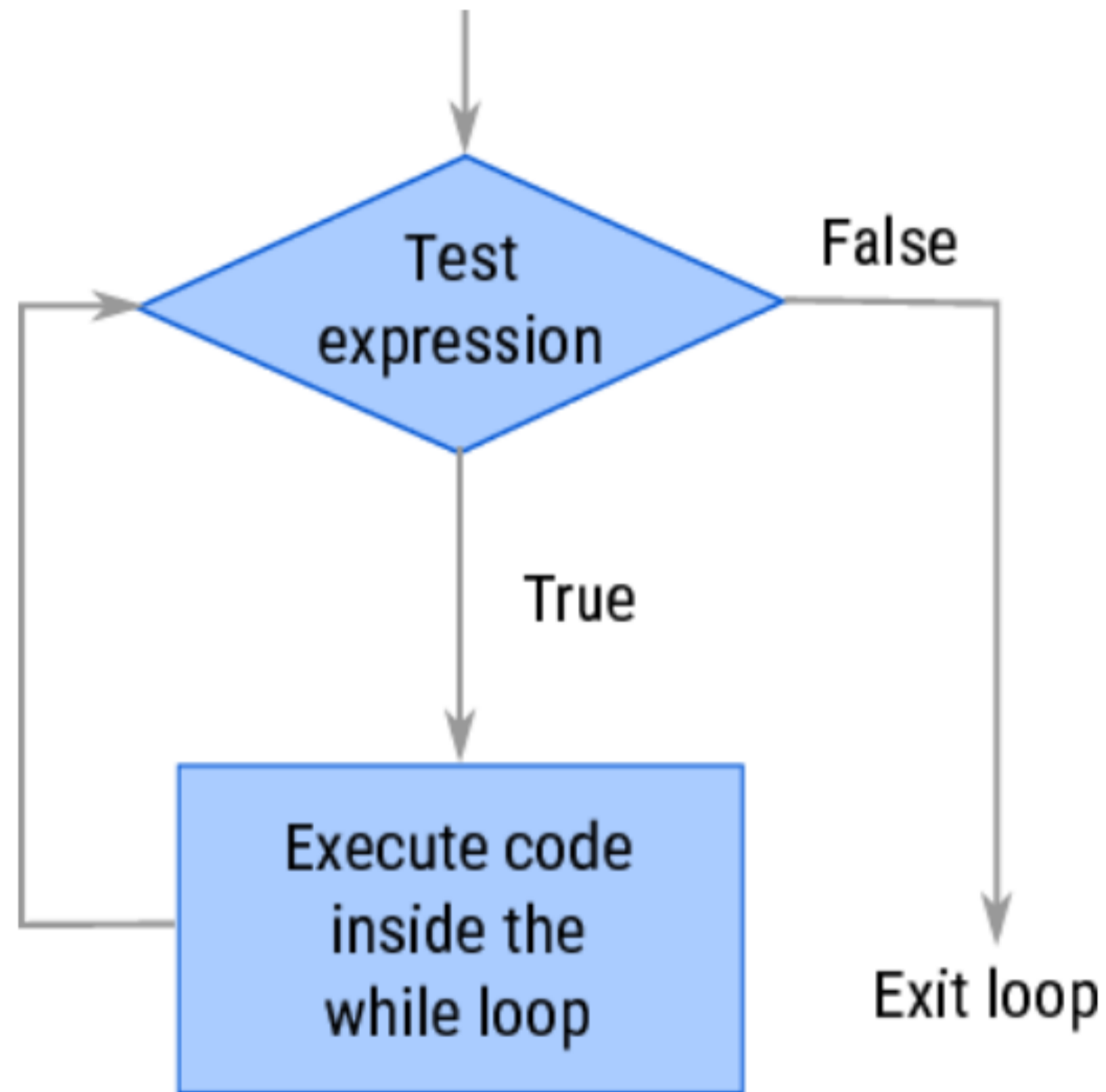
(forelesning uke 5)

for-loops

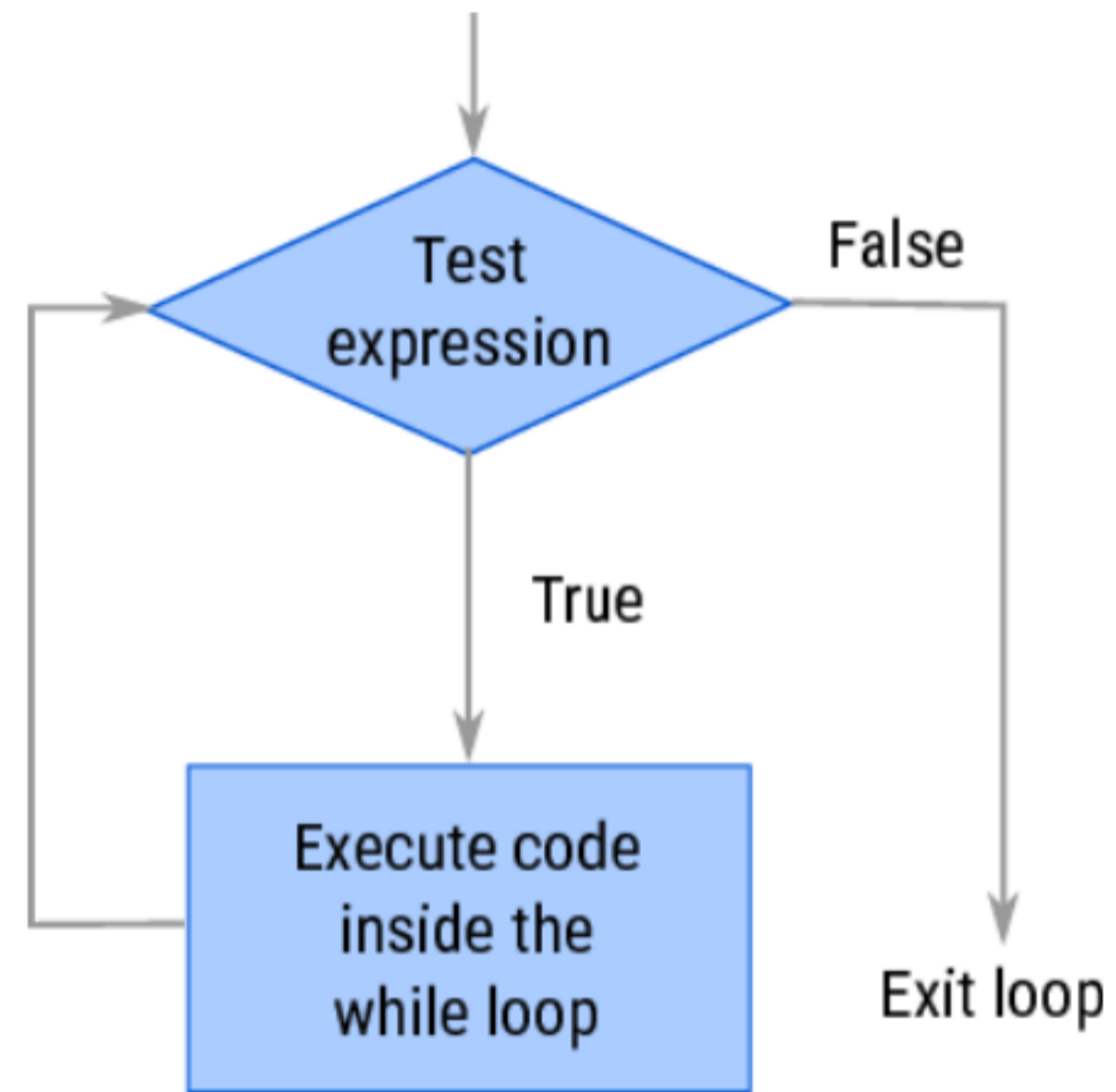
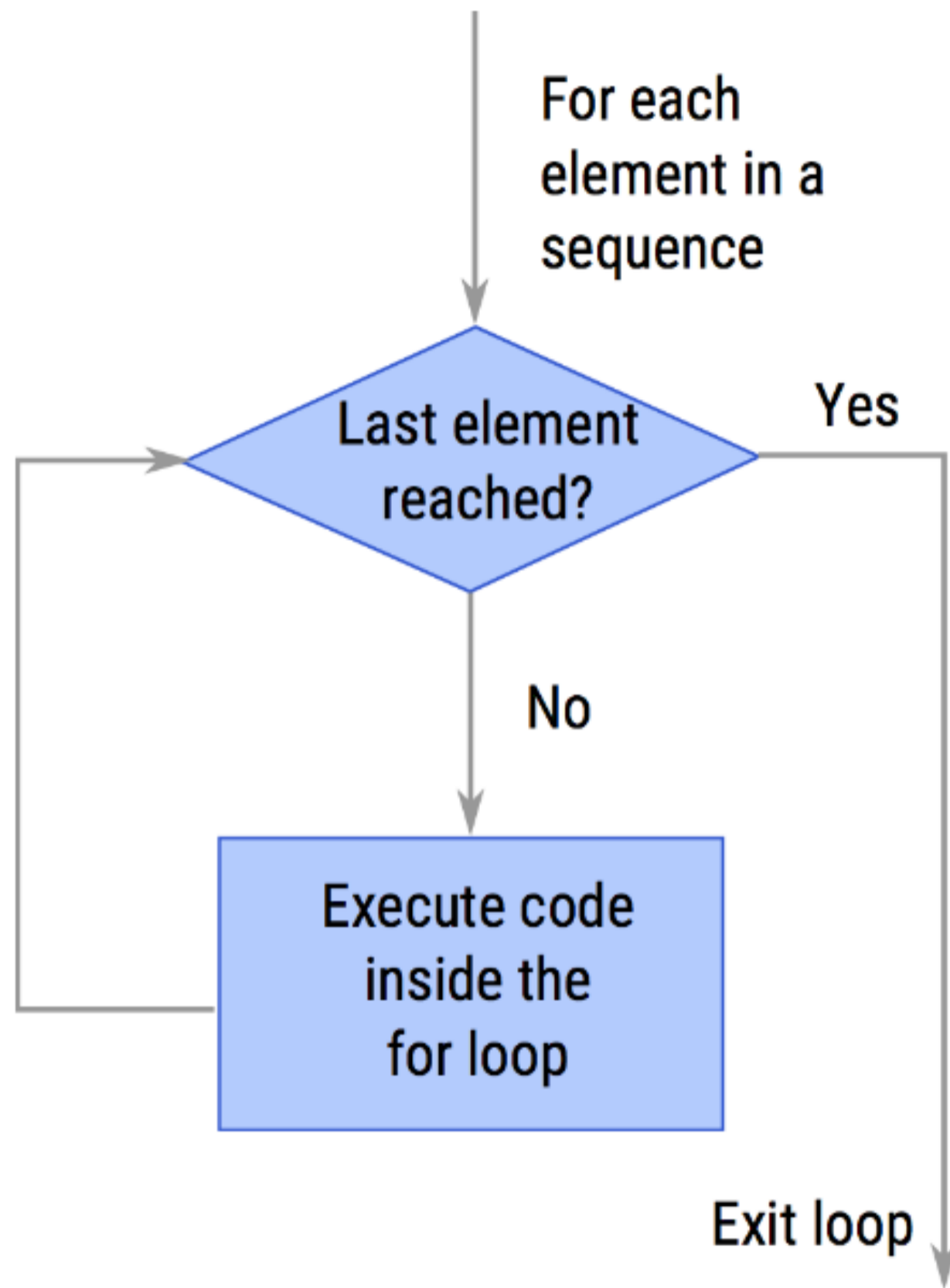


while-loops

A `while` loop repeats a set of statements as long as a specific condition is met.



for and while-loops



while-loops

```
a = 0
while a < 5:
    print("Inside the loop, a is now", a)
    a = a + 1

print("After the loop, a is", a)
```

```
Inside the loop, a is now 0
Inside the loop, a is now 1
Inside the loop, a is now 2
Inside the loop, a is now 3
Inside the loop, a is now 4
After the loop, a is 5
```


programming

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docstrings

- A 'docstring' is a string with information about the function, simply describing what the function does
- Most-commonly these have `"""` (triple quotes) at the start and end

Utvalgte øvelser

- Exercise 2: Writing your own `max` function
- Exercise 4: Checking input