# UNIVERSITETET I OSLO <br> Det matematisk-naturvitenskapelige fakultet 

Examination in: INF1100 - Introduction to programming with scientific applications

Day of examination: Wednesday, October 10, 2007
Examination hours: $09.00-12.00$.
This examination set consists of 9 pages.
Appendices: None.

Permitted aids: None.

## Make sure that your copy of the examination set is complete before you start solving the problems.

- Read through the complete exercise set before you start solving the individual exercises. If you miss information in an exercise, you can provide your own reasonable assumptions as long as you explain that in detail.
- Your answer must be written on these exercise sheets, and not on separate sheets. In the exercises where you need to write program code we recommend that you first make some notes on a separate sheet of paper before you write down the final solution on these exercise sheets at the marked location.
- Some of the questions are multiple choice exercises. You get points for correct answer. There is only one correct answer in each multiple choice exercise. You will not get points if you do not mark any box or if you mark more than one of the boxes.
- If you have marked one box and afterwards regret your choice, you can write "ERROR" to the left of the box and mark another box.
- The maximum possible score on the exam is 25 points. Every multiple choice question answered correctly results in 1 point, while the programming exercises result in a maximum of 3 points.


## Multiple choice exercises

## Exercise 1

Which variable name is correct?1var_varand\&top

## Exercise 2

What will be the output of the print statement?
C $=21$
$\mathrm{F}=9 * \mathrm{C} / 5+32$
print F
$\square 2$69.85369

## Exercise 3

What will be the output of this program?
$\mathrm{a}=2 ; \mathrm{b}=5$
$\mathrm{c}=\mathrm{b} * * \mathrm{a} / \mathrm{a}$
print c51312

## Exercise 4

For which values of q (a float or int) is the following boolean expression True?

```
q< 0 and q > 1
```

All values in $[0,1]$NoneAll finite values that can be represented on the computer

## Exercise 5

Pick the construction that generates the same list values as the program below:

```
values = []
value = 0.1
stop = 1
while value <= stop:
        values.append(value)
        value += 0.1
```

```
    [0.1*i for i in range(10)]
```

```
range(0.1, 1.1, 0.1)
```

```[0.1+i for i in range(10)]
```

```\([(i+1) * 0.1\) for i in range(10)]
```


## Exercise 6

One of these statements creates the following list. Which one?
[15, 25, 35, 45, 55][i for i in range(15, 55, 10)]$[15,25]+[45,55]+[35]$[i for i in range (15, 45, 10)] + [i for i in range (45, 65, 10)]$[5+10 * i$ for $i$ in range(5)]

## Exercise 7

What will be the output of the print statement?

```
def f(x):
    return a*x**2
x = 5; a = 2
print '%g' % f(x + a)
```98100

\section*{Exercise 8}

What will be printed by this program?
\(\mathrm{n}=5\)
C = []
for \(i\) in range ( \(n\) ):
\(\mathrm{x}=\mathrm{i} * * 2\)
C. append (i + x)
print C\([2,6,12,20,30]\)[0, 2, 6, 12, 20]\([0,2,6,12,20,30]\)

\section*{Exercise 9}

What is the output of the program below?
\(\mathrm{x}=\) range (3)
\(y=[x[1], x[0]+4, x[2]+x[1]]\)
\(\mathrm{xy}=[\mathrm{x}, \mathrm{y}]\)
print \(x y[1][2]\)0\([0,1]\)

\section*{Exercise 10}

What will happen when you run the following program:
```

import sys
try:
t = float(sys[1])
a = float(sys[2])
except:
print 'You must provide TWO command-line arguments!!!'
sys.exit(1)
s = 0.5*a*t**2
print s

```The program will correctly compute and print s if you provide two numbers as command-line arguments, separated by blank(s)The program will always respond with
You must provide TWO command-line arguments!!!, regardless of what you write on the command lineIf you do not provide two numbers as command-line arguments, the program will abort with a NameError because there is no exit function in the sys module

\section*{Exercise 11}

How can you turn a list [1, 2, 3, 4] into an array of float elements?\(\mathrm{x}=\operatorname{array}([1,2,3,4]\), float)\(\mathrm{x}=\operatorname{array}([1,2,3,4])\)\(\mathrm{x}=\operatorname{numpy}(1,2,3,4)\)\(\mathrm{x}=\operatorname{array}(1,2,3,4)\)

\section*{Exercise 12}

What will x contain at the end of this program?
```

from numpy import *
x = linspace(0, 10, 3)
s = x
s += 5
\square[ 5. 10. 15.]

```
```\(\left[\begin{array}{lll}0 . & 10 . & 20 .\end{array}\right]\)
```

```\(\left[\begin{array}{llll}0 . & 3 . & 6 . & 9 .\end{array}\right]\)
```

```5
```

```5. 10 .
5.]
```


## Exercise 13

What is the correct numpy syntax for allocating a one-dimensional array (or vector) with four elements?$\mathrm{a}=\operatorname{zeros}(4)$a = eye(4)a $=\operatorname{array}(4)$a = linspace(4)

## Programming exercises

## Exercise 14

Make a Python function $\mathrm{g}(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{a})$ for computing $g(t)=e^{-a t^{2}}$ and $g^{\prime}(t)=$ $-2 a t g(t)$. It should return the function values of $g(t)$ and $g^{\prime}(t)$.

## Exercise 15

An arbitrary triangle can be described by the coordinates of its three vertices: $\left(x_{1}, y_{1}\right),\left(x_{2}, y_{2}\right),\left(x_{3}, y_{3}\right)$. The area of the triangle is given by the formula

$$
A=\frac{1}{2}\left[x_{2} y_{3}-x_{3} y_{2}-x_{1} y_{3}+x_{3} y_{1}+x_{1} y_{2}-x_{2} y_{1}\right]
$$

Write a function area(vertices) that returns the area of a triangle whose vertices are specified by the argument vertices, which is a nested list of the vertex coordinates. For example, vertices can be $[[0,0]$, $[1,0]$, $[0,2]]$ if the three corners of the triangle have coordinates $(0,0),(1,0)$ and $(0,2)$.
$\square$

## Exercise 16

The function

$$
f(x, t)=e^{-(x-3 t)^{2}} \sin (3 \pi(x-t))
$$

describes, for a fixed value of $t$, a wave localized in space. Make a program that plots this function as a function of $x$ on the interval $[-4,4]$ when $t=0$.
$\square$

## Exercise 17

A loan $L$ is to be paid back with a fixed amount $L / N$ every month over $N$ months. The annual interest rate for the loan is $p$ percent, so the monthly interest rate is $\frac{p}{12}$. The size of the loan after $n$ months is $x_{n}$, and $x_{n}$ changes from one month to the other according to

$$
x_{n}=x_{n-1}+\frac{p}{12 \cdot 100} x_{n-1}-\frac{L}{N}, \quad x_{0}=L, i=1, \ldots, N .
$$

Make a program that solves this equation.

