

UNIVERSITY OF OSLO

Faculty of Mathematics and Natural Sciences

Exam in INF5830 - Natural language processing

Day of exam: 9 December 2013

Exam hours: at 09:00 – 4 hours

This examination paper consists of 4 pages including this.

Appendices: Statistical table – 4 pages

Permitted materials: None

*Make sure that your copy of this examination paper
is complete before answering.*

- You may answer in English, Norwegian, Danish or Swedish.
- You should answer all questions. The weight of the various questions are indicated.
- You should read through the whole set to see whether anything is unclear so that you can ask your questions to the teachers when they arrive.
- If you think some assumptions are missing, make your own and explain them!

1 Accuracy and estimation (15%)

Kim is testing a classifier for entailment vs. non-entailment on a test set of 400 items. The results may be summarized in the following table.

		Test results	
		entailment	non-entailment
Reference	entailment	90	30
	non-entailment	10	270

- What is the accuracy of the classifier on this test set?
- Assume the test set is a random sample from a large population. Estimate an interval with a 95% confidence level for the accuracy of the classifier on the population.

2 Dependency syntax and parsing (20%)

- Draw the dependency graph for the sentence
 - A hearing is scheduled on the issue today.*

here provided in the so-called CoNLL-format:

```

1  A          a          DT    DT    2  NMOD
2  hearing    hearing    NN    NN    3  SBJ
3  is         be         VBZ   VBZ   0  ROOT
4  scheduled  schedule  VBD   VBD   3  VC
5  on         on         IN    IN    2  PP
6  this       this       DT    DT    7  NMOD
7  issue      issue      NN    NN    5  PCOMP
8  today      today      NN    NN    4  TMP
9  .          .          .     .     3  PUNC

```

- Choose three different dependencies in the graph above and use these to present three different criteria for syntactic head status, i.e. you should provide at least one criterion per dependency.

- (c) Nivre’s arc eager algorithm operates with four parse **transitions**, two of which are parameterized by the dependency relation r : Shift, Reduce, Left-Arc $_r$, Right-Arc $_r$.
- (i) Show the transition sequence that results from applying the algorithm to the sentence in (a) above, at each step providing the transition employed (Shift, Reduce, Left-Arc $_r$, Right-Arc $_r$), as well as the contents of the stack and queue.
 - (ii) Does the algorithm terminate successfully? Why/why not?

3 Semantic role labeling (20%)

- (a) “In most languages, it is often the case that subjects correspond to agents”. Comment on this statement in the light of the sentence in (2a) above. What does this tell you more generally about the relationship between syntax and semantics?
- (b) Briefly describe Dowty’s theory of semantic roles. What is the Argument Selection Principle and how does it account for the analysis of our example sentence in (2a)?
- (c) We want to improve our semantic role system by including generalizations like the one expressed in (3a) above. We therefore wish to implement the Parse Tree Path feature first described in Gildea & Jurafsky (2002). Consider the simple sentence in (ii) below:

(ii) *The man ate cake*

Provide a phrase structure tree for this sentence and explain how to extract the path for the two arguments *man* and *cake*. Could we extract the same type of information from a dependency analysis of the same sentence?

4 Decision trees (10%)

(The following example is of course simplified.) Kim is training an entailment classifier on 25 training items. Each item consists of a premise, P, and a hypothesis, H. The test items belong to one of two classes: Entailment or Non-entailment. Kim has decided to use two features only, whether the premise contains the word “not” and whether the hypothesis contains “not”. The 25 observations are summed up in the following table.

P contains “not”	H contains “not”	class	Number of obs.
yes	yes	entailment	4
yes	no	non-entail	6
no	yes	non-entail	3
no	no	entailment	12
all other combinations			0

- (a) Construct a decision tree classifier from these training data. You do not have to consider information gain or other measures to select the first feature for splitting.
- (b) Evaluate the classifier on the training data. What is its accuracy, precision and recall?

5 Classifiers (35%)

- (a) Give a short description of the main principles underlying a Naive Bayes classifier. You do not have to discuss the differences between the binomial and the multinomial approach to text classification.
- (b) Kim is training a Naive Bayes classifier on the same training data as in exercise (4). How will this classifier classify an observation where H contains “not”, while P does not contain “not”? State reasons for your answer.
- (c) Given the training data, will you say that this task is linearly separable? State reasons for your answer.

END

STATISTICAL TABLES

Cumulative normal distribution

Critical values of the t distribution

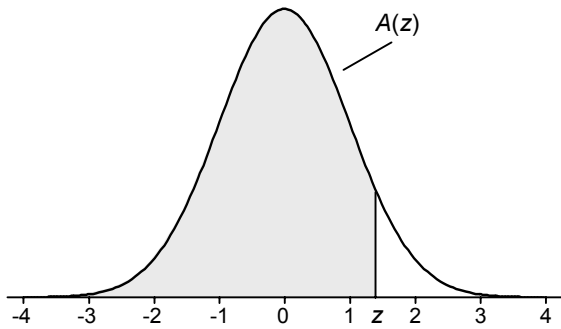
Critical values of the F distribution

Critical values of the chi-squared distribution

TABLE A.1

Cumulative Standardized Normal Distribution

$A(z)$ is the integral of the standardized normal distribution from $-\infty$ to z (in other words, the area under the curve to the left of z). It gives the probability of a normal random variable not being more than z standard deviations above its mean. Values of z of particular importance:



z	$A(z)$	
1.645	0.9500	Lower limit of right 5% tail
1.960	0.9750	Lower limit of right 2.5% tail
2.326	0.9900	Lower limit of right 1% tail
2.576	0.9950	Lower limit of right 0.5% tail
3.090	0.9990	Lower limit of right 0.1% tail
3.291	0.9995	Lower limit of right 0.05% tail

z	0.00	0.01	0.02	0.03	0.04	0.05	0.06	0.07	0.08	0.09
0.0	0.5000	0.5040	0.5080	0.5120	0.5160	0.5199	0.5239	0.5279	0.5319	0.5359
0.1	0.5398	0.5438	0.5478	0.5517	0.5557	0.5596	0.5636	0.5675	0.5714	0.5753
0.2	0.5793	0.5832	0.5871	0.5910	0.5948	0.5987	0.6026	0.6064	0.6103	0.6141
0.3	0.6179	0.6217	0.6255	0.6293	0.6331	0.6368	0.6406	0.6443	0.6480	0.6517
0.4	0.6554	0.6591	0.6628	0.6664	0.6700	0.6736	0.6772	0.6808	0.6844	0.6879
0.5	0.6915	0.6950	0.6985	0.7019	0.7054	0.7088	0.7123	0.7157	0.7190	0.7224
0.6	0.7257	0.7291	0.7324	0.7357	0.7389	0.7422	0.7454	0.7486	0.7517	0.7549
0.7	0.7580	0.7611	0.7642	0.7673	0.7704	0.7734	0.7764	0.7794	0.7823	0.7852
0.8	0.7881	0.7910	0.7939	0.7967	0.7995	0.8023	0.8051	0.8078	0.8106	0.8133
0.9	0.8159	0.8186	0.8212	0.8238	0.8264	0.8289	0.8315	0.8340	0.8365	0.8389
1.0	0.8413	0.8438	0.8461	0.8485	0.8508	0.8531	0.8554	0.8577	0.8599	0.8621
1.1	0.8643	0.8665	0.8686	0.8708	0.8729	0.8749	0.8770	0.8790	0.8810	0.8830
1.2	0.8849	0.8869	0.8888	0.8907	0.8925	0.8944	0.8962	0.8980	0.8997	0.9015
1.3	0.9032	0.9049	0.9066	0.9082	0.9099	0.9115	0.9131	0.9147	0.9162	0.9177
1.4	0.9192	0.9207	0.9222	0.9236	0.9251	0.9265	0.9279	0.9292	0.9306	0.9319
1.5	0.9332	0.9345	0.9357	0.9370	0.9382	0.9394	0.9406	0.9418	0.9429	0.9441
1.6	0.9452	0.9463	0.9474	0.9484	0.9495	0.9505	0.9515	0.9525	0.9535	0.9545
1.7	0.9554	0.9564	0.9573	0.9582	0.9591	0.9599	0.9608	0.9616	0.9625	0.9633
1.8	0.9641	0.9649	0.9656	0.9664	0.9671	0.9678	0.9686	0.9693	0.9699	0.9706
1.9	0.9713	0.9719	0.9726	0.9732	0.9738	0.9744	0.9750	0.9756	0.9761	0.9767
2.0	0.9772	0.9778	0.9783	0.9788	0.9793	0.9798	0.9803	0.9808	0.9812	0.9817
2.1	0.9821	0.9826	0.9830	0.9834	0.9838	0.9842	0.9846	0.9850	0.9854	0.9857
2.2	0.9861	0.9864	0.9868	0.9871	0.9875	0.9878	0.9881	0.9884	0.9887	0.9890
2.3	0.9893	0.9896	0.9898	0.9901	0.9904	0.9906	0.9909	0.9911	0.9913	0.9916
2.4	0.9918	0.9920	0.9922	0.9925	0.9927	0.9929	0.9931	0.9932	0.9934	0.9936
2.5	0.9938	0.9940	0.9941	0.9943	0.9945	0.9946	0.9948	0.9949	0.9951	0.9952
2.6	0.9953	0.9955	0.9956	0.9957	0.9959	0.9960	0.9961	0.9962	0.9963	0.9964
2.7	0.9965	0.9966	0.9967	0.9968	0.9969	0.9970	0.9971	0.9972	0.9973	0.9974
2.8	0.9974	0.9975	0.9976	0.9977	0.9977	0.9978	0.9979	0.9979	0.9980	0.9981
2.9	0.9981	0.9982	0.9982	0.9983	0.9984	0.9984	0.9985	0.9985	0.9986	0.9986
3.0	0.9987	0.9987	0.9987	0.9988	0.9988	0.9988	0.9989	0.9989	0.9990	0.9990
3.1	0.9990	0.9991	0.9991	0.9991	0.9992	0.9992	0.9992	0.9992	0.9993	0.9993
3.2	0.9993	0.9993	0.9994	0.9994	0.9994	0.9994	0.9994	0.9995	0.9995	0.9995
3.3	0.9995	0.9995	0.9995	0.9996	0.9996	0.9996	0.9996	0.9996	0.9996	0.9997
3.4	0.9997	0.9997	0.9997	0.9997	0.9997	0.9997	0.9997	0.9997	0.9997	0.9998
3.5	0.9998	0.9998	0.9998	0.9998	0.9998	0.9998	0.9998	0.9998	0.9998	0.9998
3.6	0.9998	0.9998	0.9999							

TABLE A.2

t Distribution: Critical Values of t

<i>Degrees of freedom</i>	<i>Two-tailed test: One-tailed test:</i>	<i>Significance level</i>					
		10% 5%	5% 2.5%	2% 1%	1% 0.5%	0.2% 0.1%	0.1% 0.05%
1		6.314	12.706	31.821	63.657	318.309	636.619
2		2.920	4.303	6.965	9.925	22.327	31.599
3		2.353	3.182	4.541	5.841	10.215	12.924
4		2.132	2.776	3.747	4.604	7.173	8.610
5		2.015	2.571	3.365	4.032	5.893	6.869
6		1.943	2.447	3.143	3.707	5.208	5.959
7		1.894	2.365	2.998	3.499	4.785	5.408
8		1.860	2.306	2.896	3.355	4.501	5.041
9		1.833	2.262	2.821	3.250	4.297	4.781
10		1.812	2.228	2.764	3.169	4.144	4.587
11		1.796	2.201	2.718	3.106	4.025	4.437
12		1.782	2.179	2.681	3.055	3.930	4.318
13		1.771	2.160	2.650	3.012	3.852	4.221
14		1.761	2.145	2.624	2.977	3.787	4.140
15		1.753	2.131	2.602	2.947	3.733	4.073
16		1.746	2.120	2.583	2.921	3.686	4.015
17		1.740	2.110	2.567	2.898	3.646	3.965
18		1.734	2.101	2.552	2.878	3.610	3.922
19		1.729	2.093	2.539	2.861	3.579	3.883
20		1.725	2.086	2.528	2.845	3.552	3.850
21		1.721	2.080	2.518	2.831	3.527	3.819
22		1.717	2.074	2.508	2.819	3.505	3.792
23		1.714	2.069	2.500	2.807	3.485	3.768
24		1.711	2.064	2.492	2.797	3.467	3.745
25		1.708	2.060	2.485	2.787	3.450	3.725
26		1.706	2.056	2.479	2.779	3.435	3.707
27		1.703	2.052	2.473	2.771	3.421	3.690
28		1.701	2.048	2.467	2.763	3.408	3.674
29		1.699	2.045	2.462	2.756	3.396	3.659
30		1.697	2.042	2.457	2.750	3.385	3.646
32		1.694	2.037	2.449	2.738	3.365	3.622
34		1.691	2.032	2.441	2.728	3.348	3.601
36		1.688	2.028	2.434	2.719	3.333	3.582
38		1.686	2.024	2.429	2.712	3.319	3.566
40		1.684	2.021	2.423	2.704	3.307	3.551
42		1.682	2.018	2.418	2.698	3.296	3.538
44		1.680	2.015	2.414	2.692	3.286	3.526
46		1.679	2.013	2.410	2.687	3.277	3.515
48		1.677	2.011	2.407	2.682	3.269	3.505
50		1.676	2.009	2.403	2.678	3.261	3.496
60		1.671	2.000	2.390	2.660	3.232	3.460
70		1.667	1.994	2.381	2.648	3.211	3.435
80		1.664	1.990	2.374	2.639	3.195	3.416
90		1.662	1.987	2.368	2.632	3.183	3.402
100		1.660	1.984	2.364	2.626	3.174	3.390
120		1.658	1.980	2.358	2.617	3.160	3.373
150		1.655	1.976	2.351	2.609	3.145	3.357
200		1.653	1.972	2.345	2.601	3.131	3.340
300		1.650	1.968	2.339	2.592	3.118	3.323
400		1.649	1.966	2.336	2.588	3.111	3.315
500		1.648	1.965	2.334	2.586	3.107	3.310
600		1.647	1.964	2.333	2.584	3.104	3.307
∞		1.645	1.960	2.326	2.576	3.090	3.291

TABLE A.4

 χ^2 (Chi-Squared) Distribution: Critical Values of χ^2

<i>Degrees of freedom</i>	<i>Significance level</i>		
	5%	1%	0.1%
1	3.841	6.635	10.828
2	5.991	9.210	13.816
3	7.815	11.345	16.266
4	9.488	13.277	18.467
5	11.070	15.086	20.515
6	12.592	16.812	22.458
7	14.067	18.475	24.322
8	15.507	20.090	26.124
9	16.919	21.666	27.877
10	18.307	23.209	29.588