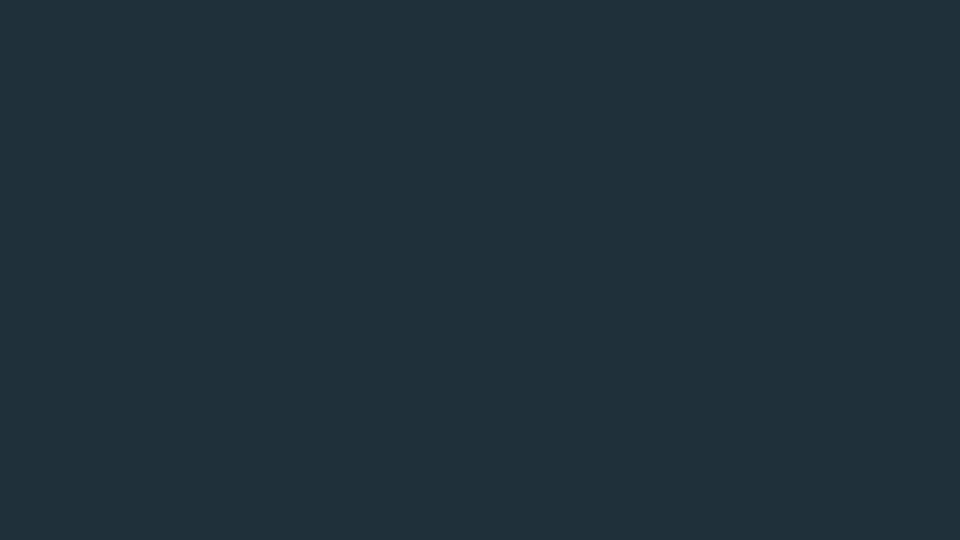
Technical Debt Management in Visma

Mili Orucevic Chief Software Quality Engineer



nguages h, Swift, la, Dart jian, C C Sharp, l, Kotlin, Finnish.





We are shaping the future of society through technology

14 500 Engaged employees

With more than **5 500** developers

300 companies have joined Visma the last decade

1 600 000 Customers We are where you are
Strong local presence with
more than 265+
locations

Running through Visma's systems every month

11,2 million payslips 22,2 million e-invoices



Lehman's Law of Software Evolution

Law of Continuing Change

"A system must be continually adapted or it becomes progressively less satisfactory"

Law of Increasing Complexity

"As a system evolves, its complexity increases unless work is done to maintain or reduce it."



Technical Debt definition

"Shipping first time code is like going into debt. A little debt speeds development so long as it is paid back the cost of this transaction tolerable. The danger occurs when the debt is not repaid. Every minute spent on not-quite-right code counts as interest on that debt. Entire engineering organizations can be brought to a stand-still under the debt load of an unconsolidated otherwise"

1992 Conference on Object-Oriented Programming, Systems Languages, and Applications (OOPSLA)

Ward Cunningham

"In software-intensive systems, technical debt consists of design or implementation constructs that are expedient in the short term but that set up a technical context that can make a future change more costly or impossible. Technical debt is a contingent liability whose impact is limited to internal system qualities—primarily, but not only, maintainability and evolvability."

Kruchten, Nord, Ozkaya (p.5)

Managing Technical Debt



Software systems are prone to the build up of cruft - deficiencies in internal quality that make it harder than it would ideally be to modify and extend the system further. Technical Debt is a metaphor, coined by Ward Cunningham, that frames how to think about dealing with this cruft, thinking of it like a financial debt. The extra effort that it takes to add new features is the interest paid on the debt.

Blogpost, 21.05.2019

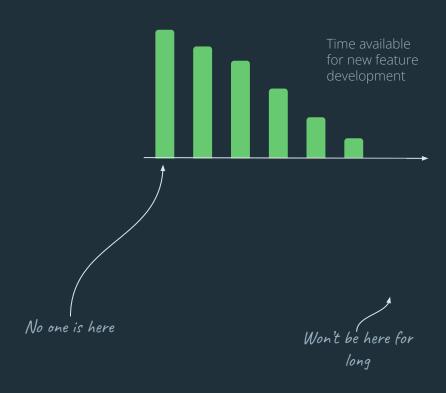
https://martinfowler.com/bliki/TechnicalDebt.htm

Martin Fowler



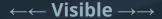


Visualizing Technical Debt





Technical Debt Landscape



 $\leftarrow\leftarrow$ Mostly Invisible ightarrow

 $\leftarrow\leftarrow$ Visible $\rightarrow\rightarrow$

New Features

Additional Functionality

Architecture

Architecture smells Pattern Violations Structural Complexity

Code

Code Complexity Code Smells Coding Style Violations Low Internal Quality

Defects

Low External Quality

Production Infrastructure

Build, Test and Deploy Issues

Evolvability

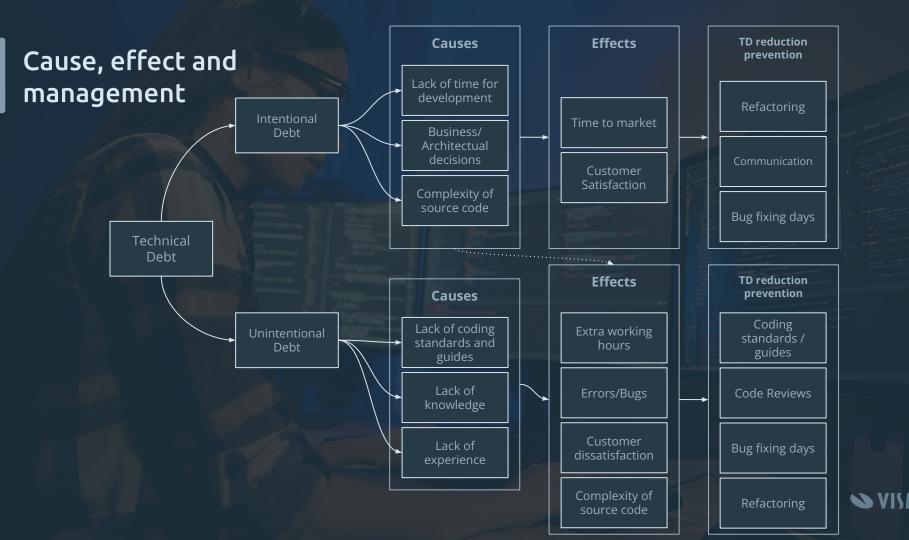
Product Roadmap **Internal Team Work**

Maintainability

End Product



End Users

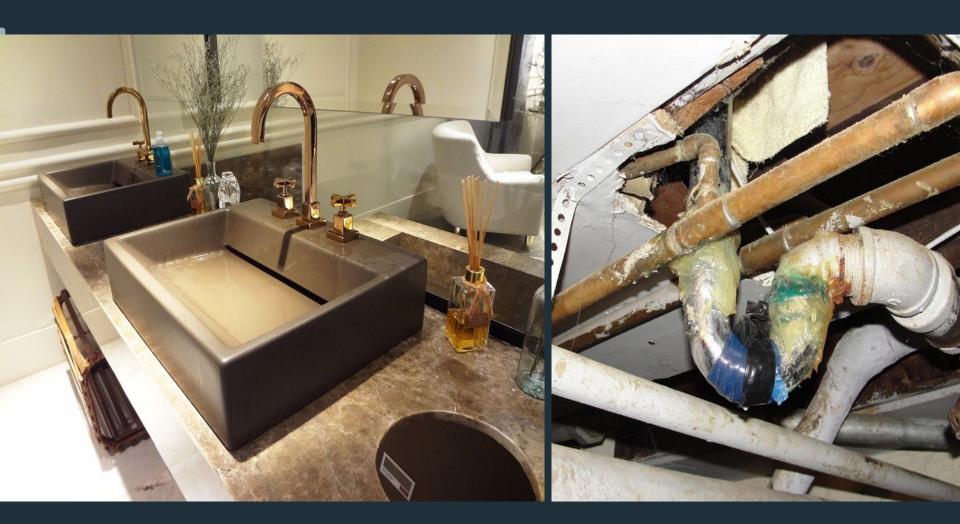


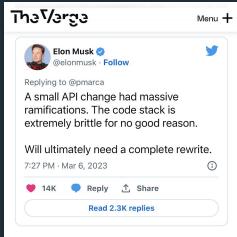
Why should anyone care?











Despite the company's shrinking workforce, Musk has continued to push for new features, including promising changes that haven't yet appeared, like last month's <u>call for ad revenue sharing</u> with creators who post on the platform or a plan to introduce <u>a new paid tier</u> for its API.

The Verge me engineers Menu +

Some current employees are sympathetic to that view, which places at least part of the blame for Twitter's problems on technical failures that predate Musk's ownership of the company. The <u>fail whale</u> became an icon of the old Twitter for a reason.

"There's so much tech debt from Twitter 1.0 that if you make a change right now, everything breaks," one current employee says.

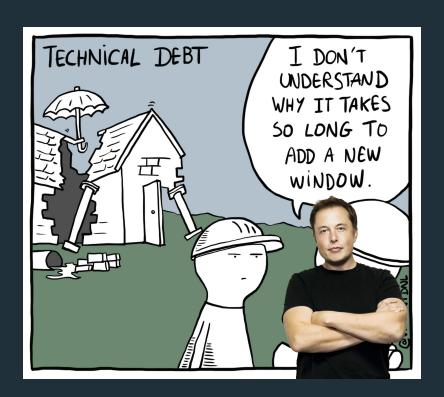
Tha^T/arga

Menu +

Monday's errant configuration change was at least the sixth high-profile service outage at Twitter this year:

- On January 23rd, <u>Android users</u> temporarily couldn't load new tweets or post them.
- On February 8th, an error message told users that they were "over the daily limit for sending Tweets," preventing them from posting.
- On February 15th, tweets stopped loading.
- On February 18th, the timeline broke and replies disappeared.
- On March 1st, the timeline stopped working.

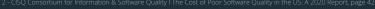






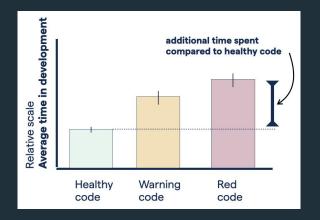
Technical debt causes an **average productivity loss of 40%** (peaking at 90% in some projects)¹, **costing the world \$5.82 trillion** (5 820 000 000 000) ²

1 - T. Besker, A. Martini, and J. Bosch, 'Software developer productivity loss due to technical debt.—A replication and extension study examining developers' development work', Journal of Systems and Software, vol. 156, pp. 41–61, Oct. 2019, doi: 10.1016/j.jss.2019.06.00

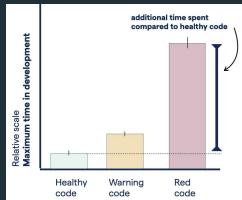




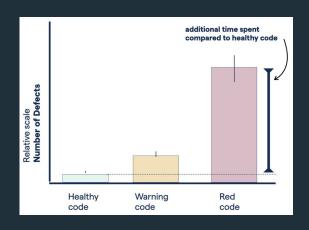
Recent studies from 39 commercial codebases



Implementing a feature or fixing a bug is twice as expensive in Red Code



More than 9 times longer average maximum time leads to uncertainty during development



15 times more defects compared to high-quality code



Measuring Technical Debt

Static Code Analysis (SonarQube)

- 21.185 days or 58 years of technical debt, for 1623 projects
- In March 2023, 241 days of effort of technical debt was introduced





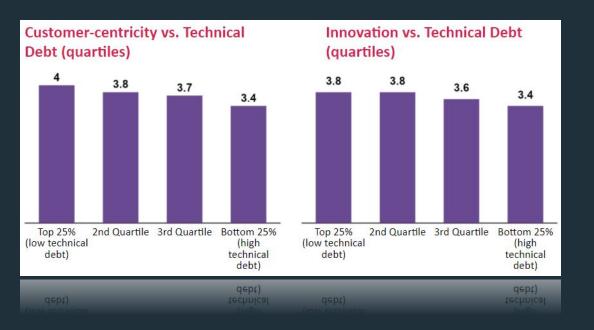
Why Technical Debt Matter?

Lessons learned from own research

```
◇ VISMA
```

```
={styles.footerSubLogo
                          ome={styles.footerSlogan
<footer className=(styles.footerGlobal)=
<div className="container">
{this.renderFooterMain()}
```

Technical debt matters!



Products with more technical debt are developed by teams with lower customer-centricity and innovation scores.

Presumably, it's difficult to have time and energy for being innovative and customer-centric when you have work with and around old technology and practices.



Technical debt matters!

The reduced innovation and customer-centricity in products with high technical debt drives down customer satisfaction and revenue growth.





- **1.** In general, products with less technical debt are more successful
- Higher product NPS
- Higher product growth rate
- 2. Product lines in the bottom 25% of technical debt have higher growth rate than expected. These product lines tend to have lower CBV, and could be smaller products that have accumulated technical debt through rapid growth.



Creating awareness and working with Technical Debt

Raise the **awareness** of technical debt in teams

Create **visibility** of technical debt

Common **process** for dealing with technical debt

Keep a technical debt register

Ensure that technical debt is **planned** and **repaid** where reasonable





How is technical debt repaid?

33 Prevention

How is introduction of unintentional technical debt prevented?



How is technical debt included and prioritized in the improvement plans?



How, and where is technical debt identified?

Technical Debt Assessment



Communication

How is technical debt communicated outside the team, f.ex. towards stakeholders?







How is technical debt documented and labeled?

Monitoring

How is technical debt monitored over time, f.ex. trends, top TD issues



Analysis

How is technical debt analyzed with emphasis on risk likelihood, impact and severity?



Example assessment



Workflow

Create

Create an assessment from the template

Do and learn

Go through the assessment, learn about the capabilities and do a gap analysis

Follow ups

discovered
mprovements. Start
to track technical
debt issues

Review

Request a review with a reviewer

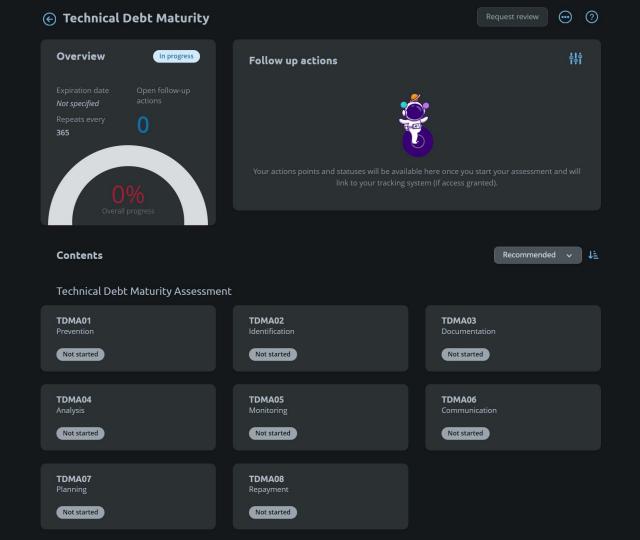
Complete

After async or in meeting review, assessment is set to completed

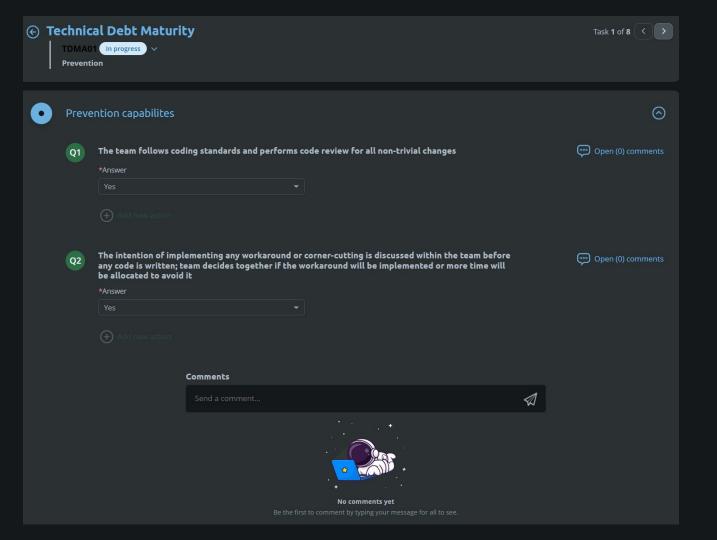
Re-assess

Continuously follow up through index, e-assessment will be recommended, if needed











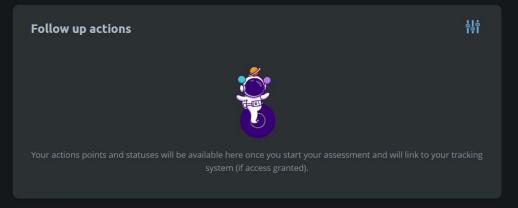
⊕ Technical Debt Maturity





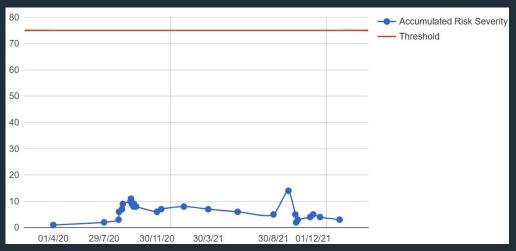






Contents Recommended ~ Technical Debt Maturity Assessment TDMA01 TDMA02 TDMA03 TDMA04 Prevention Identification Documentation 100% TDMA05 TDMA06 TDMA07 TDMA08 Communication 100% 100% Not started

Dashboard - team A



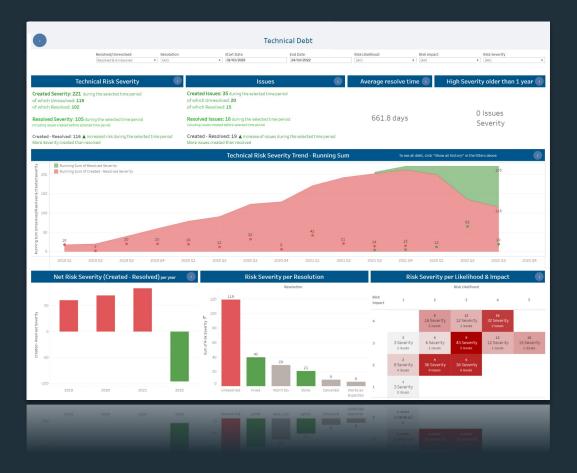
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Dashboard - team B



Filter R	esults: TDMA	L Example 2				
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Technical debt dashboard

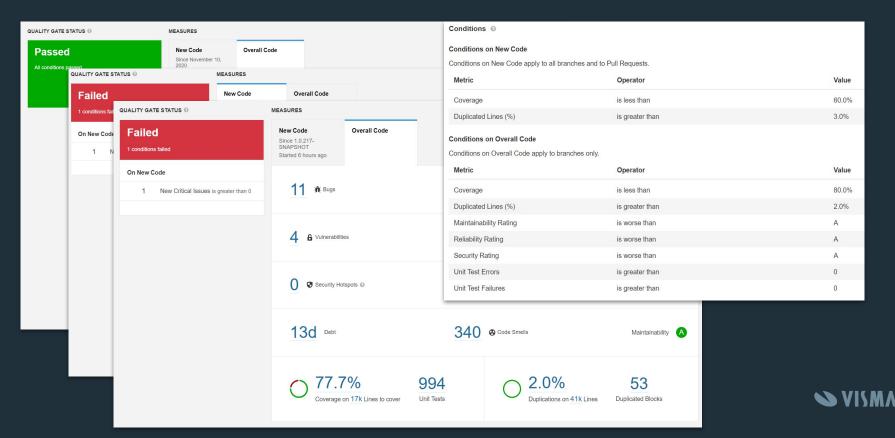
Out of the box



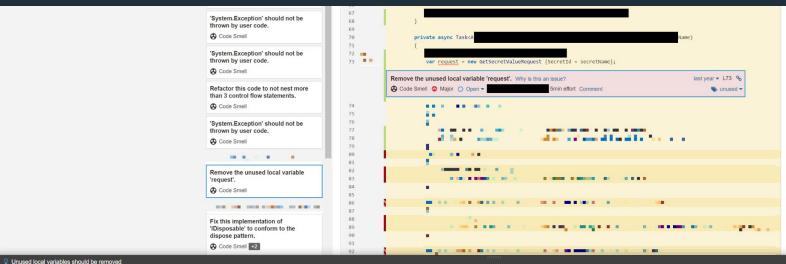
Click on the sort icon beside each column header to sort the data. You can see, for example, Newest/Oldest Issues by sorting on Created. Default sorting is on highest Risk Severity				Issues Details							Red issues = Severity at least 15 and older than 1 year				
Issue key	Project	Created	Resolution date	Days from Created to Today	Resolve time days	Risk Impact	Risk Likelihood	Risk Se verity =	Resolution	High Severity and older than 1 year	Status				
		12/02/2021 11:28:51	14/04/2022 06:44:08		426	4	4	16	Done		Closed				
		20/01/2021 07:58:54	28/06/2022 09:37:43		524	4	4	16	Fixed		Closed				
		10/11/2021 10:29:39		348		3	5	15	Unresolved		Analysis				
		30/06/2021 09:48:02		481		4	3	12	Unresolved		ON-HOLD				
		07/10/2019 11:59:12	26/01/2022 08:20:15		842	3	4	12	Fixed		Closed				
		23/09/2021 06:48:25	05/07/2022 13:24:20		285	3	3	9	Cancelled		Closed				
		07/05/2021 08:09:37		535		3	3	9	Unresolved		Open				
		28/01/2020 16:57:28	07/06/2022 11:47:57		861	3	3	9	Won't Do		Closed				
		14/01/2019 14:34:16		1379		3	3	9	Unresolved		Open				
		14/01/2019 14:32:57		1379		3	3	9	Unresolved		Open				
		27/07/2020 11:06:04		819		4	2	8	Unresolved		Open				
		14/01/2020 13:52:13		1014		4	2	8	Unresolved		Open				
		30/09/2020 14:14:55	29/07/2022 10:19:23		667	3	2	6	Works as Expec		Closed				
		03/08/2020 11:24:51		812		2	3	6	Unresolved		Open				
		23/06/2020 14:39:11		853		2	3	6	Unresolved		Selected for Development				
		07/05/2020 12:46:25		900		2	3	6	Unresolved		Open				
		28/10/2019 17:05:41		1092		2	3	6	Unresolved		Open				
						_	_	_							



Examples from SonarQube



Examples from SonarQube



```
Unused local variables should be removed
```

🗘 Code Smell 👩 Minor 🕒 unused Available Since Aug 14, 2015 SonarQube (C#) Constant/issue: 5min

If a local variable is declared but not used, it is dead code and should be removed. Doing so will improve maintainability because developers will not wonder what the variable is used for.

Noncompliant Code Example

```
public int NumberOfMinutes(int hours)
 int seconds = 0; // seconds is never used
 return hours * 60;
```



"Not our fault"

Example of a bigger technical debt

- Unintentional
- External factors
- Time

"Move from AngularJS to new version of Angular"

~ 1583 hours = 66 days





"Afterall, won't do"

Example of a technical debt

- External factors
- Time
- Changing priorities

"Integration' is written in .NET 5 but support for .NET 5 ended on May 2022 after which no security updates are released for this version of .NET. Plan to upgrade to .NET 6."

Conclusion: "Going to use another sync mechanism which will make this API obsolete, and we will delete it."





Do all teams in Visma work like this?



- Most of the teams working in a modern way (Visma Cloud Delivery Model) do this
- There is no one size fits all
- It depends



Automatically track deviations

Visma Index





Visma Index

A&T - Technical Debt Maturity Assessment (TDMA) 📝				
1 . Technical Debt Maturity Assessment not done or report older than 12 months	Hubble/Confluence 🗹			•
2 . Technical Debt Maturity Assessment not done or report older than 18 months	Hubble/Confluence Due date in 6 months			0
3 . Unresolved critical and blocker issues from the Tech Debt Assessment older than 30 days	Jira 📝 Total: 0 📝			0
4 . Unresolved high issues from the Tech Debt Assessment older than 90 days	Jira 📝 │ Total: 0 📝			0
5 . Unresolved medium issues from the Tech Debt Assessment older than 90 days	Jira 🕜 Total: 0 🕝			0
6 . Unresolved low and minor issues from the Tech Debt Assessment older than 90 days	Jira 🕜 Total: 0 🕝			0
7 . Data Quality - Open technical debt cases, older than 14 days, missing severity score	Jira 🗹			0
8 . Data Quality - Closed technical debt cases without severity score (closed last 12 months)	Jira 🕜			0
9 . Data Quality - Open technical debt cases with severity score, missing NFR label	Jira 🗗			9
10 . Data Quality - Closed technical debt with severity score but missing NFR label	Jira 🗹			0
11 . 0 technical debt cases created last 3 months	Jira 🗹 │ Total: 3 🗹			9
12 . Less than 5 technical debt cases created last 12 months	Jira 📝 Total: 20 📝			0
13 . 0 technical debt cases resolved last 3 months	Jira [] Total: 4 []			0
14 . Less than 5 technical debt cases resolved last 12 months	Jira 📝 Total: 14 📝			0
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Innovation Project for the Industrial Sector

Data-driven continuous management of technical debt for sustainable software development

SINTEF, University of Oslo, Akva Group, KnowlT and Visma





Data-driven continuous management of technical debt for sustainable software development

- 3 years
- 15.2MNOK funding from Norwegian Research Council
- Visma, AkvaGroup, Knowit, UiO, SINTEF

Research

- Novel data-driven methods and software tools aimed at aiding companies to control technical debt systematically and continuously
- Methods and software tools to improve current software engineering practices and validate the novel approaches, saving million of wasted working hours yearly, for many years to come













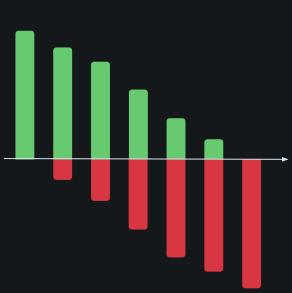






Summary

- **Visualise** your technical debt, so you know about it
- Think about what makes sense for your service (mature vs startup)
- Having some technical debt is ok, keep it under control
- **Never** try to **repay all** technical debt
- Focus on **actual debt first**, then potential debt
- Don't treat the **symptoms**, find the root cause







Mili Orucevic
Chief Software Quality Engineer



_ We speak many language: Entrepreneurial, Spanish, S R, German, English, R Typescript, Scala, Dart, Objective C, Norwegian, C# Lituanian, Dedicated, PHP, Danish, R, Javascript, HTMI Visual Basic, SQL, Ruby, Pe Swedish, Rust, Inclus

Entrepreneurial

Responsible

Dedicated

Inclusive

Make progress happen

