

The Way Forward for Self Driving Cars

A General Perspective

Quite possibly, the first wide reaching and profound integration of personal robots in society.

-Lex Fridman, MIT



How would you imagine a future with Self Driving Cars?

Do you imagine working on your commute?



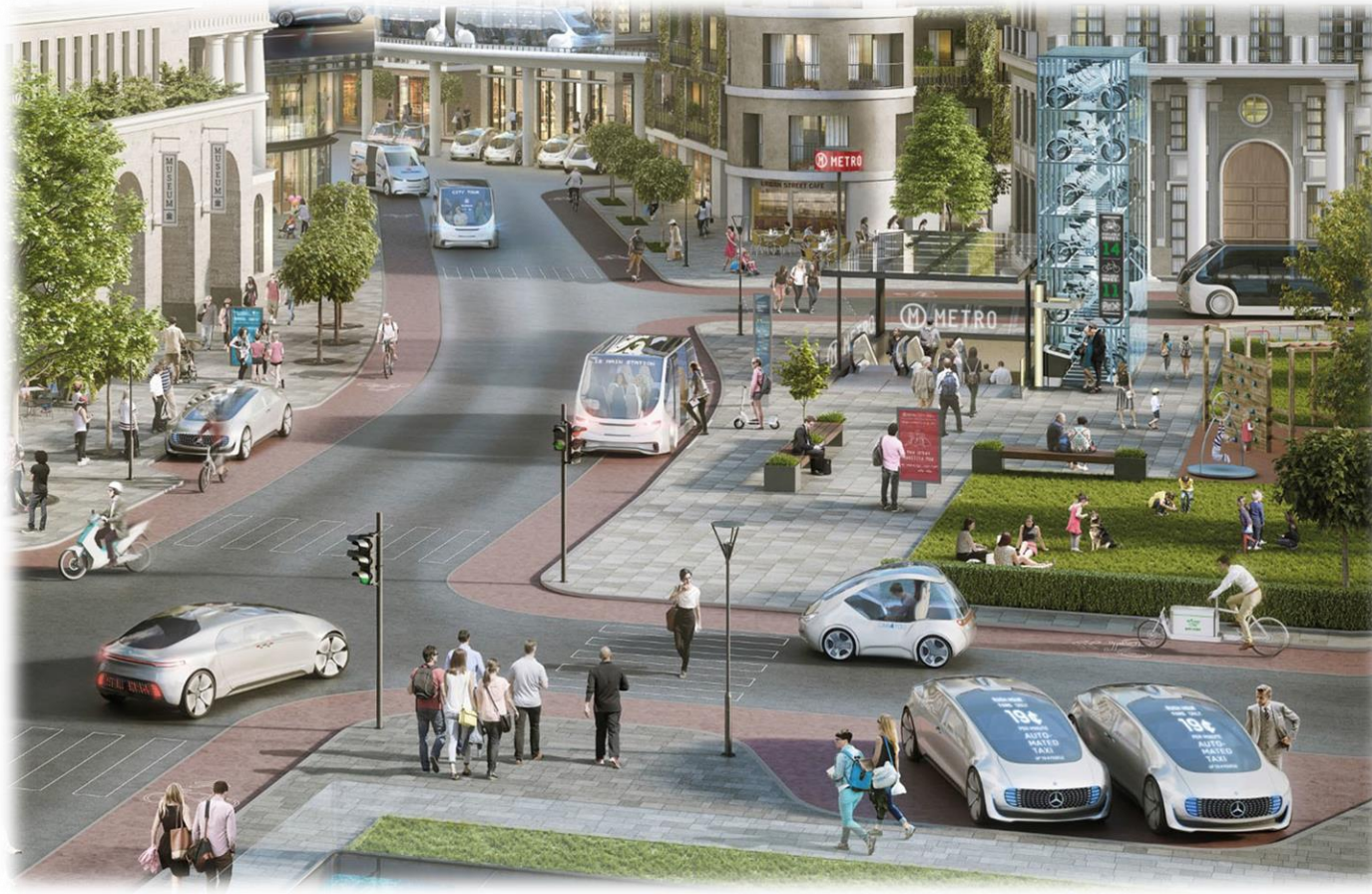
Maybe taking meetings on the road?



Do you imagine your groceries delivered?



Do you imagine our cities changed?



Autonomous driving will enable a new
“Passenger Economy” worth **US\$7 trillion**
– according to Intel study

53 Companies have acquired licenses to
test Self Driving Cars on California roads

Permit Holders (Testing with a Driver)

As of April 1, 2018, DMV has issued Autonomous Vehicle Testing Permits (with a driver) to the following entities:
(Permit holders are listed by the date the permit was issued)

- Volkswagen Group of America
- Mercedes Benz
- Waymo LLC
- Delphi Automotive
- Tesla Motors
- Bosch
- Nissan
- GM Cruise LLC
- BMW
- Honda
- Ford
- Zoox, Inc.
- Drive.ai, Inc.
- Faraday & Future Inc.
- Baidu USA LLC
- Valeo North America, Inc.
- NIO USA, Inc.
- Telenav, Inc.
- NVIDIA Corporation
- AutoX Technologies Inc
- Subaru
- Udacity, Inc
- Navya Inc.
- Renovo.auto
- PlusAi Inc
- Nuro, Inc
- CarOne LLC
- Apple Inc.
- Bauer's Intelligent Transportation
- Pony.AI
- TuSimple
- Jingchi Corp
- SAIC Innovation Center, LLC
- Almotive Inc
- Aurora Innovation
- Nullmax
- Samsung Electronics
- Continental Automotive Systems Inc
- Voyage
- CYNGN, Inc
- Roadstar.AI
- Changan Automobile
- Lyft, Inc.
- Phantom AI
- Qualcomm Technologies, Inc.
- aiPod, Inc.
- SF Motors Inc.
- Toyota Research Institute
- Apex.AI
- Intel Corp
- Ambarella Corporation
- Gatik AI. Inc.



Societal perspective & Consequenses

- Cities expanded
- Lives improved
 - Over 3400 deaths in traffic each day worldwide (acc. WHO in 2015)
 - About 50000 injuries in traffic each day worldwide (acc. WHO in 2015)
- Cost of mobility reduced
- Enabled mobility for:
 - Blind
 - Elderly
 - Young
 - Disabled



Pipeline for a mobile robot (Self Driving Car)



Definitions of Autonomy (by SAE)



- Level 1 – “Hands on” driver assistance systems (Adaptive Cruise Control)
- Level 2 – “Hands off” driver assistance systems (Tesla Model S, Ξ , X)
- Level 3 – “Eyes off”, but ready to intervene within some limited time
- Level 4 – Fully self driving within a certain area or under certain conditions
- Level 5 – Fully self driving everywhere under all conditions



Top Players

1. Waymo
 2. Tesla
 3. GM
 4. Baidu
 5. Ford
- ? Zoox



Waymo

- Heavy focus on Simulation
 - 25k cars running 24/7
 - 4,4 billion km total
- 8 000 000 km driven on road
 - 0.18 disengagements per 1600 km (1000miles)
- Launched level 4 system in Phoenix Arizona fall of 2017
 - Aiming for ridesharing in certain areas
- Formerly google self driving project (2009-2016)
 - have access to all of googles resources



Tesla

- High focus on vision/camera
 - Internal research on AI
- Struggled after split with Mobileye
- Close to 300k cars on the road
 - Massive fleet learning (when autopilot is engaged)
- Approach: “Enable your car to make money for you when you aren't using it”



GM (Cruise)

- Testing in challenging environment
 - San Francisco
 - New York
- 212 000 km driven on road in 2017
 - 0.8 disengagements per 1600 km (1000 miles)
- 100 years of car manufacturing experience
 - Building the vehicle from ground up
- Acquired Strobe (Lidar company) in fall of 2017
- Deploying self-driving cars as a Commercial service in 2019



Baidu



百度一下

- The Google of China
- Open sourced a Self Driving Car platform called “Apollo”
 - Aims to sell HD maps as a service



Apollo Partners



Ford

- Planning to spend US\$11 billion on Evs by 2022
- Invested US\$1 billion in Argo AI in 2017
- Working on delivery services with Domino's and Postmates
- Started testing of level 4 system in Miami
 - ride-hailing and deliveries



Zoox

- Valuated at US\$2 billion
- Top talent from Apple, Tesla, Ferrari Nvidia, NASA ++
- Currently in Stealth mode
- Aims to provide the next generation of mobility-as-a-service in urban environments



Observations

- Machine Learning is a key technology for all players
- All need billions of miles – “Data is the new oil”
- Prediction, Scene understanding and Social interactions as the toughest challenges
- All companies located in Silicon Valley and/or Pittsburgh



Reflections

Some questions arise:

- When will we be able to use self driving cars as a part of our everyday life?
- What paths can be taken to be a part of this billion dollar industry?
- Why is there so much talent on self driving cars focused in and around Silicon Valley and Pittsburgh?



What about road situations not defined by law and regulations?



Winning Teams

Team Stanford

A leader of the second-place team initiated the migration to Google, which would soon become the center of autonomous driving research.



Michael Montemerlo
Planning & Optimization



Sebastian Thrun
Overall Lead



Jesse Levinson
Static Localization & Mapping



Dmitri Dolgov
Planning & Optimization



Anthony Levandowski
Sensors

Team Carnegie Mellon

The ultimate winner of the DARPA Urban Challenge in November 2007. Their self-driving vehicle executed a three-point turn in traffic.



Bryan Salesky
Software Lead



Red Whittaker
Overall Lead



Chris Urmson
Director of Technology



Kevin Peterson
RedTeam Lead



Dave Ferguson
Planning Lead

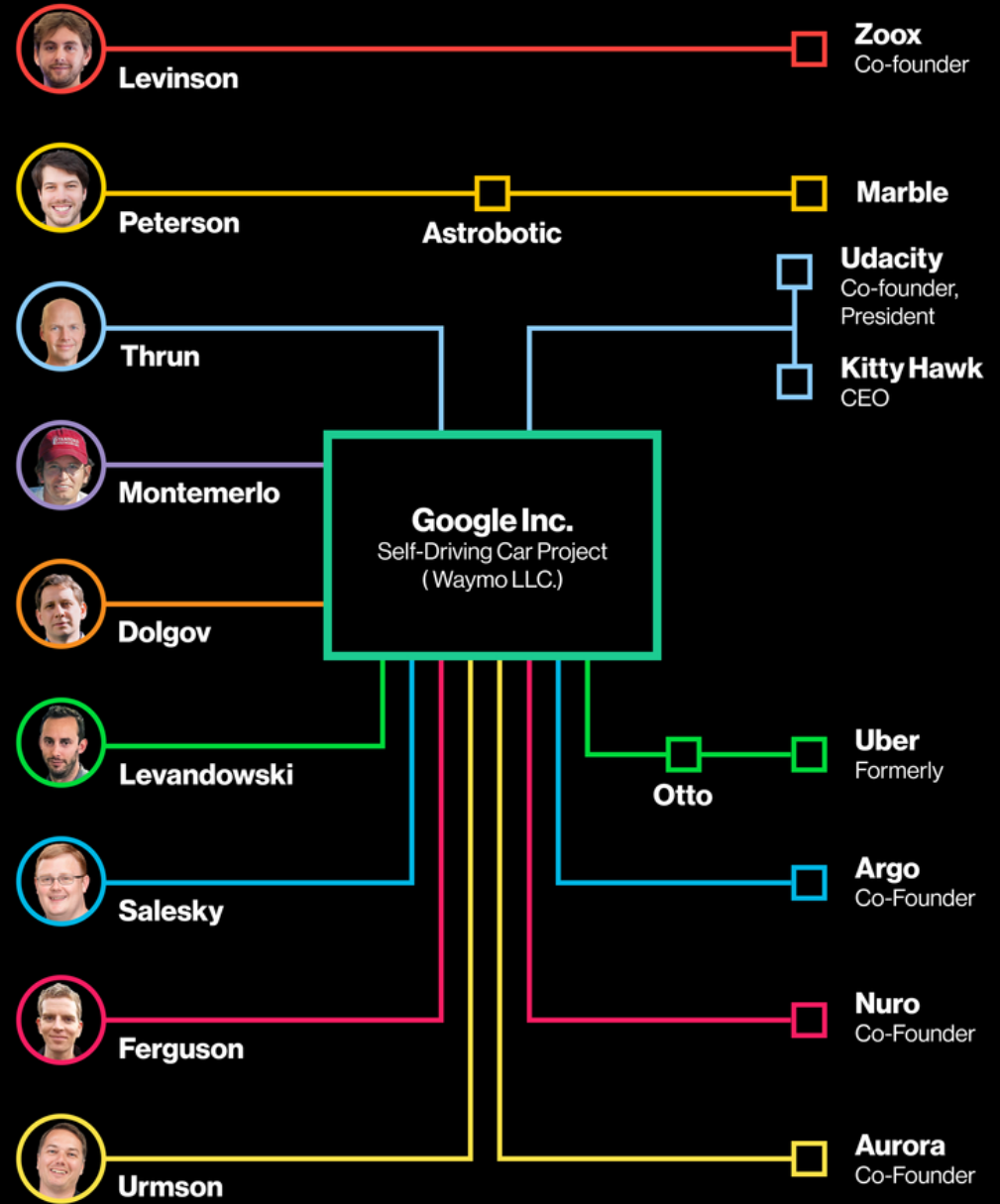
Status 10 years after

TORC



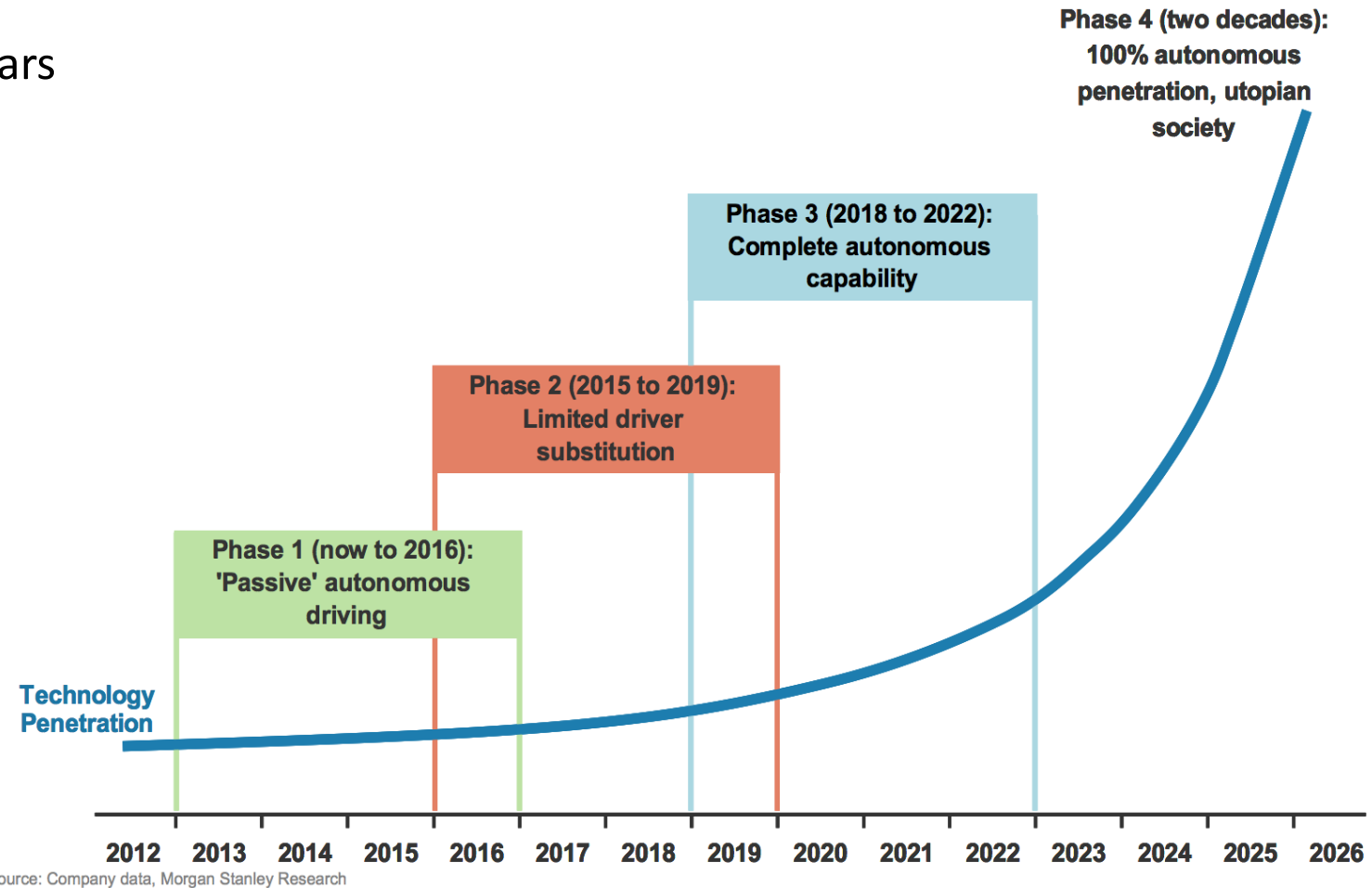
The DARPA Self-Driving Diaspora

The members of the top two teams followed from the 2007 contest are now leading startups at the forefront of robotic driving.



Status on Self Driving Cars today

- Level 5 autonomy still far away
 - Most predictions at around 10 years



Status on Self Driving Cars today

- Autonomous technology will be implemented incrementally
 - Taxi and delivery services in certain areas will be the first to come



Status on Self Driving Cars today



- Self driving cars is a complex problem beyond autonomy alone
 - The fully autonomous vehicle of the future is going to require lots of new technologies across many different categories.

THE FUTURE OF TRANSPORTATION STACK

<p>SERVICES</p> <p>ROUTE PLANNING</p> <p>SPATIAL</p>	<p>PARKING</p>	<p>CAR HAILING + POOLING</p>	<p>OTHER: AFTERMARKET, REPAIR, RENTAL</p>	<p>SPECIALTY VEHICLES</p> <p>2-WHEELERS</p>	
<p>SAFETY & SECURITY</p> <p>PHYSICAL CAR & DRIVER SAFETY + ACCIDENT DETECTION</p>	<p>EMOTION, FATIGUE & ALCOHOL DETECTION + DISTRACTION AVOIDANCE</p>	<p>CYBERSECURITY</p>	<p>INTRUSION, TRACKING & RECOVERY</p>	<p>PUBLIC TRANSPORT</p>	
<p>IN-CAR INTELLIGENCE + ASSISTANCE</p> <p>VEHICLE DIAGNOSTICS & PREDICTIVE MAINTENANCE + SENSOR-BASED VEHICLE SAFETY</p>	<p>PASSENGER-FOCUSED SENSORS (INCLUDING USAGE-BASED INSURANCE)</p>	<p>INFOTAINMENT + DISPLAY</p>	<p>PERSONAL / VOICE ASSISTANCE</p>	<p>NAVIGATION ASSISTANCE + PEDESTRIAN ANALYSIS & COMMUNICATIONS</p>	<p>TRUCKS / FREIGHT</p>
<p>AUTONOMY</p> <p>AUTOMATION SYSTEM</p>	<p>MAPPING, SIMULATION, & IMAGE RECOGNITION / ANNOTATION</p>	<p>AUTONOMOUS VEHICLE MAKER + TOOLS</p>	<p>FLIGHT</p>		
<p>INFRASTRUCTURE + CONNECTED CAR</p> <p>SENSOR NETWORKING INFRASTRUCTURE (V2V, V2X) - LPWA, CELLULAR, WIFI</p>	<p>CONNECTED CAR - DATA, PLATFORM, SOFTWARE</p>	<p>FLEET + TRAFFIC MANAGEMENT</p>	<p>OTA CAR SOFTWARE UPDATE + SMART PHONE ENABLED TELEMATICS</p>	<p>OTHER: HYPERLOOP, PERSONAL MOBILITY</p>	
<p>INTELLIGENT MANUFACTURING</p> <p>NEW / ADVANCED MATERIALS</p>	<p>RAPID PROTOTYPING - 3D PRINTING, MODULARIZATION, OPEN SOURCE</p>	<p>ADVANCED / AUTOMATED ASSEMBLY LINE</p>	<p>MATERIAL CHARACTERIZATION & TESTING</p>		
<p>ONBOARD SENSORS</p> <p>LOCATION - GIS, PRECISION POSITIONING, PATH PLANNING</p>	<p>VISION / CAMERA</p>	<p>LIDAR</p>	<p>RADAR</p>		

What About Norway?



Advantages in Norway

- Challenging roads and complicated terrain
- Arctic conditions and varying weather
- Strong academic environment in cybernetics
- High adaptation rate of new technologies
- Focused on environmental issues and innovation
 - Our zero emission goals aligns with the benefits of a future where autonomous vehicles are integrated in society
- The highest density of electric cars in the world
 - 5-7 years ahead of other countries when it comes to converting the car park to be fully electric
- The Norwegian Ministry of Transport just issued a Law on testing of self driving vehicles



Predictions



- A high stake competition will create talent in the field of the competition
- If such a competition has a fixed set of hardware, the challenge will be about the software
- Working with hardware similar to what's used in self driving cars would create relevant competitive competence in the field

Roborace



ROBORACE / DANIEL SIMON

ROBORACE / DANIEL SIMON

Proposal



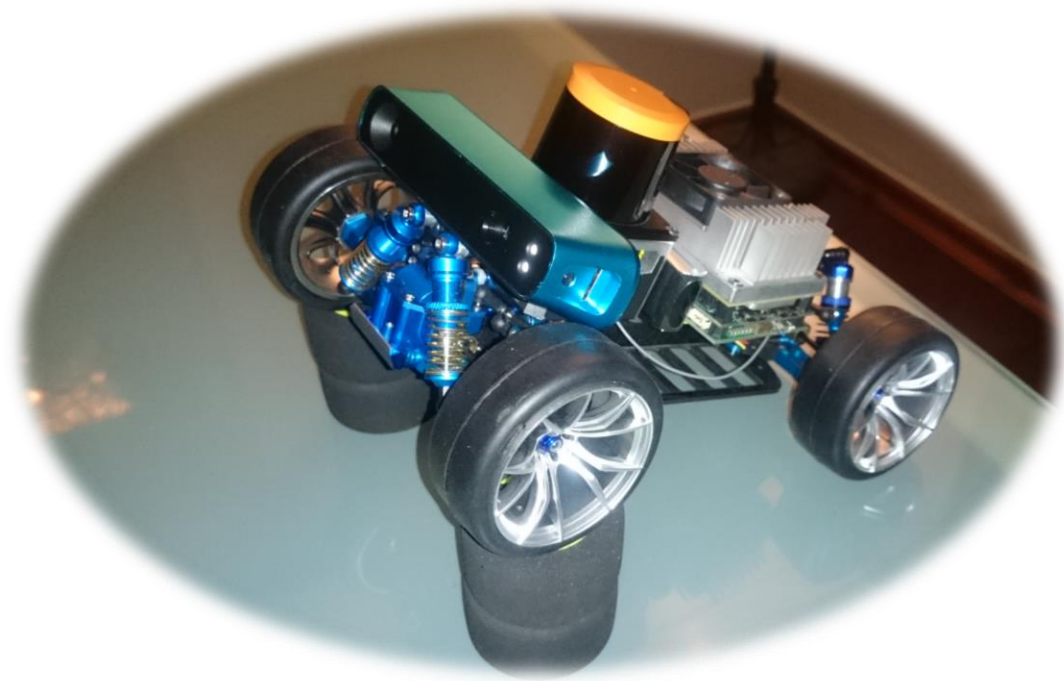
A Norwegian challenge where;

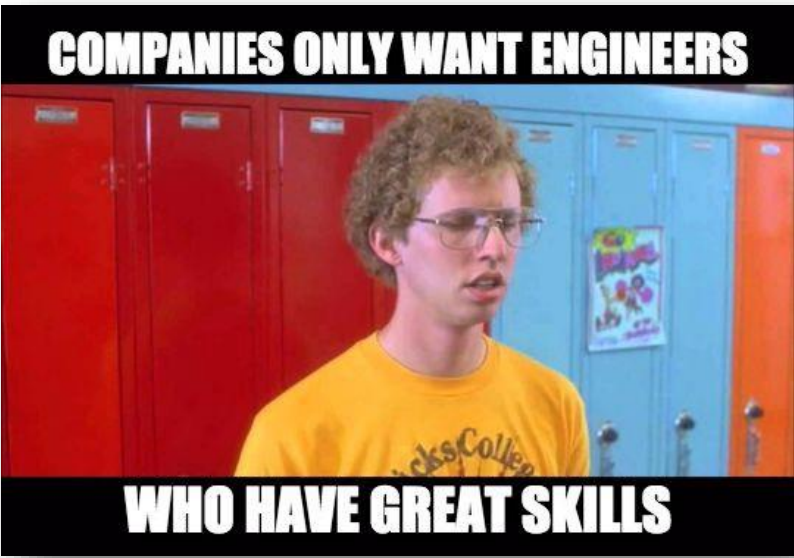
1. There is a fixed set of hardware requirements close enough to what is used in self driving cars today
2. The vehicle is compatible with existing robot championships ([Folkrace](#) class)
 - RobotSM (Sweden) – Birth place of Folkrace
 - Robotex (Estonia) – Europe's largest robot competition
3. There is a high stake/high reward
4. Participation is open for **everyone**
 - Norwegians or people studying in Norway
5. It is held annually
6. It is organized in such a way that it will facilitate research on the challenges for self driving cars

Will facilitate competence and talent in the field of self driving vehicles

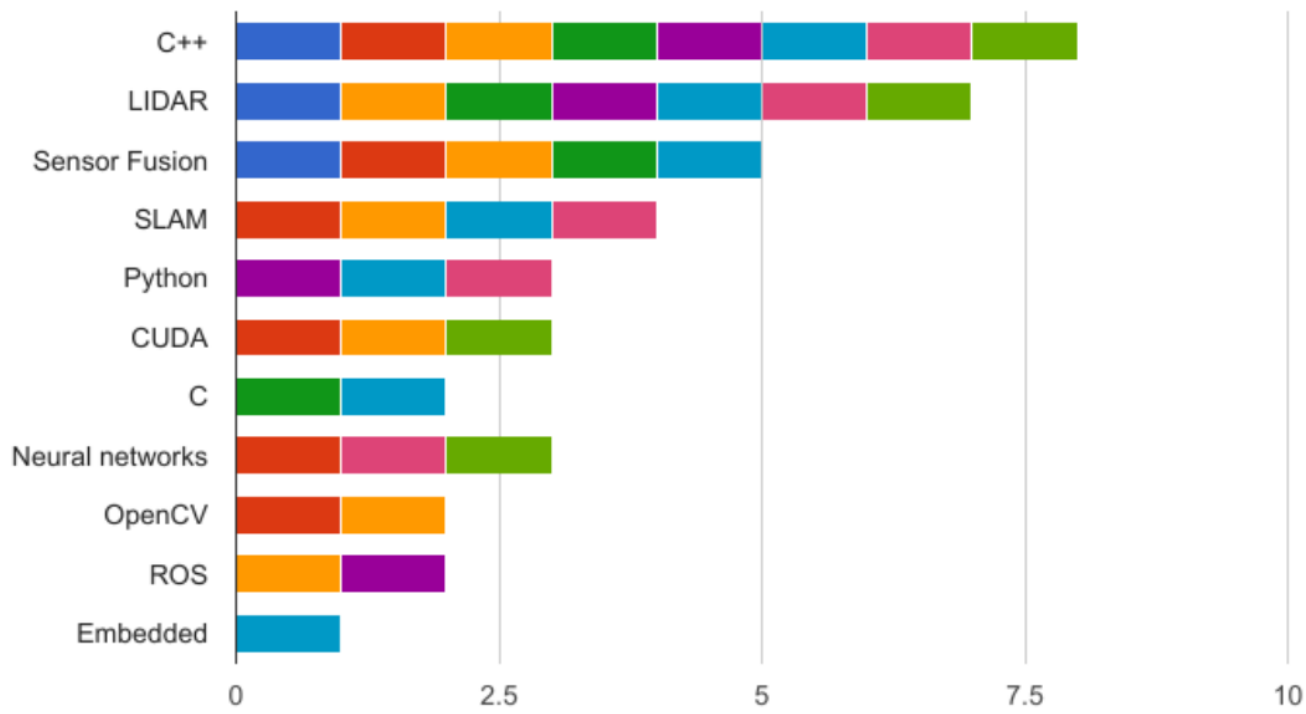
Reaper – A realistic Approach to Self Driving Cars

- Nvidia Jetson TX1
- Hokuyo UST-10LX (Lidar)
- Structure IO
- Team Associated RC18
- Scanse Sweep (Lidar)
- Front facing Camera
- All parts Titanium, Aluminum, Carbon





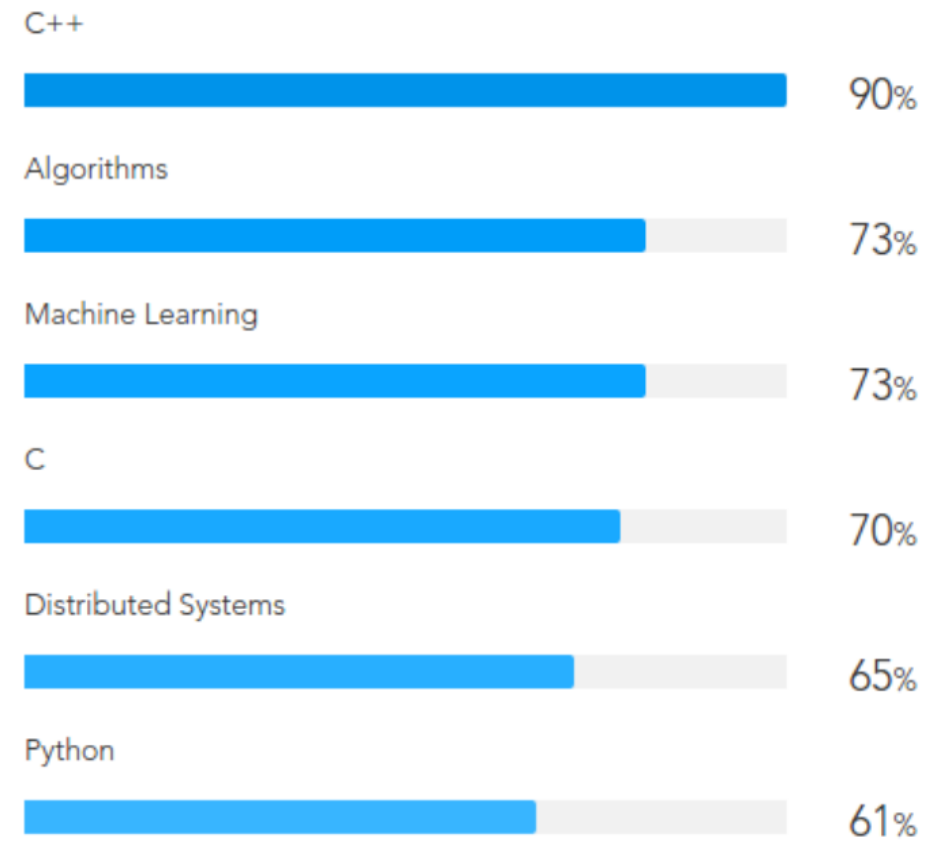
Self Driving Skills by Company



- Waymo
- Otto
- Cruise
- Tesla
- Drive.ai
- Daimler
- Ford/Argo
- Auro.ai

What are the major skills prerequisites for Self Driving Car Engineers jobs?

90% of applicants need to know C++ (from recent job postings). 73% also need to know Algorithms. Other top required skills include Machine learning, C, Distributed systems, Python.



Questions?

