Universitetet i Oslo Institutt for Informatikk



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INF 5110: Compiler construction

Spring 2021 Series 2 17. 1. 2021

Topic: Context free grammars

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This exercise set covers more than one lecture. It's about grammars, and partly for the lectures about *parsing*. We might not be able to cover it within 2 hours.

Exercise 1 (First- and follow sets) Compute the *First* and *Follow*-sets for the grammar Figure 1.

```
\begin{array}{cccc} exp & \rightarrow & term \; exp' \\ exp' & \rightarrow & addop \; term \; exp' \; \mid \; \boldsymbol{\epsilon} \\ addop & \rightarrow & + \; \mid \; - \\ term & \rightarrow & factor \; term' \\ term' & \rightarrow & mulop \; factor \; term' \; \mid \; \boldsymbol{\epsilon} \\ mulop & \rightarrow & * \\ factor & \rightarrow & (exp) \; \mid \; \mathbf{n} \end{array}
```

Figure 1: Expression grammar (left-recursion removed)

Exercise 2 (Nullable) Describe an algorithm that finds all nullable non-terminals without first finding the first-sets.

Exercise 3 (Associativity and precedence) Take the binary ops +, -, *, / and \uparrow . Let's agree also on the following precedences and associativity

| op | precedence | associativity |
|----------|------------|---------------|
| +, - | low | left assoc. |
| *,/ | higher | left. assoc. |
| ^ | highest | right assoc |

Write an *unambiguous* grammar that captures the given precedences and associativies (of course, directly with a BNF grammar, without allowing yourself specifying those requirements as extra side-conditions).

Exercise 4 (Tiny grammar) For the grammar given answer the following questions:

• Is the grammar unambiguious?

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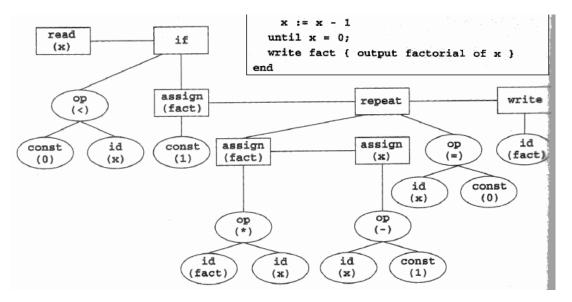
- How can we change the grammar, so that TINY allows empty statements?
- How can we arrange it that semicolons are required in between statements, not after statements?

• What's the precedence and associativity of the different operators?

```
program
                          stmt-seq
       stmt\text{-}seq
                    \rightarrow
                          stmt-seq; stmt \mid stmt
                    \rightarrow \quad \textit{if-stmt} \quad | \quad \textit{repeat-stmt} \quad | \quad \textit{assign-stmt}
            stmt
                          read-stmt \mid write-stmt
         if-stmt
                    \rightarrow if expr then stmt end
                          if expr then stmt else stmt end
    repeat-stmt
                    \rightarrow repeat stmt-seq until expr
   assign\text{-}stmt \rightarrow identifier := expr
      read\text{-}stmt \rightarrow \mathbf{read} \mathbf{identifier}
     write-stmt \rightarrow
                          write expr
                          simple-expr comparison-op simple-expr | simple-expr
            expr \rightarrow
comparison-op \rightarrow
                          < | =
                    \rightarrow simple-expr addop term | term
   simple-expr
          addop
                    \rightarrow + | -
                    \rightarrow term mulop factor | factor
            term
          mulop \rightarrow
                          * | /
          factor \rightarrow
                          (expr) | number | identifier
```

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Exercise 5 (AST) The book [1] give some illustration and proposal for an AST data structure for TINY:



The tree representation corresponds to the following piece of source code.

Listing 1: Sample TINY program

```
read x; { input as integer }
if 0 < x then { don't compute if x <= 0 }
  fact := 1;
  repeat
  fact := fact * x;
  x := x -1
  until x = 0;
  write fact { output factorial of x }
end</pre>
```

Design an appropriate AST data structure, using object-oriented structuring. In particular, make use if an appropriately define class *hierarchy* (i.e., use inheritance). This should give a "better-structured" AST data structure compared to [1], where all the nodes of the AST tree are ultimately just "nodes".

References

[1] K. Louden. Compiler Construction, Principles and Practice. PWS Publishing, 1997.