Universitetet i Oslo Institutt for Informatikk



Reliable Systems Martin Steffen, Gianluca Turin

INF 5110: Compiler construction

Spring 2021 Series 6

Topic: Symbol tables and type checking (Chapter 6)

Issued: 12. 3. 2021

Exercise 1 (AG: collateral vs. sequential declarations) Extend the grammar of Table 1 into an AG to capture "collateral" (simultaneous) declarations.

$$S \rightarrow exp$$

$$exp \rightarrow (exp) \mid exp + exp \mid id \mid num \mid let \ dec - list \ in \ exp$$

$$dec - list \rightarrow dec - list, \ decl \mid decl$$

$$decl \rightarrow id = exp$$

Table 1: Expression grammar with declarations

As a starting point, use the grammar from the lecture, which is reproduced here. So: Rewrite the grammar from Table 2 on the next page to use *collateral* declarations instead of sequential ones.

Exercise 2 (AG for expression evaluation) Write an attribute grammar that computes the *value* of each expression for the expression grammar Table 1 (it's the same as in the previous exercise).

Exercise 3 (AG: type conversion resp. evaluation) Consider the following (ambiguous) expression grammar.

$$exp \rightarrow exp + exp \mid exp - exp \mid exp * exp \mid exp / exp \mid (exp) \mid num \mid num \cdot num$$

Assume you are dealing with two numerical types, for integers and for floats. Suppose that the rules of C are followed in computing the *value* of such expressions:

If two subexpressions are of *mixed type*, then the integer subexpression is *converted* to floating point, and the floating-point operator is applied.

Write an attribute grammar that will convert such expressions in expressions that are legal in Modula-2: conversions from integer to floating point are expressed by applying the FLOAT function, and the division operator / is considered to be div if both operands are integers.

Series 6 12. 3. 2021

Grammar Rule	Semantic Rules
$S \to exp$	exp.symtab = emptytable
	exp.nestlevel = 0
	S.err = exp.err
$exp_1 \rightarrow exp_2 + exp_3$	$exp_2 . symtab = exp_1 . symtab$
	$exp_3.symtab = exp_1.symtab$
	exp_2 .nestlevel = exp_1 .nestlevel
	exp_3 .nestlevel = exp_1 .nestlevel
	$exp_1 .err = exp_2 .err$ or $exp_3 .err$
$exp_1 \rightarrow (exp_2)$	$exp_2.symtab = exp_1.symtab$
	$exp_2.nestlevel = exp_1.nestlevel$
	$exp_1.err = exp_2.err$
$exp \rightarrow id$	$exp.err = not \ isin(exp.symtab, id.name)$
$exp \rightarrow num$	exp.err = false
$exp_1 \rightarrow $ let dec - $list$ in exp_2	dec -list.intab = exp_1 .symtab
	dec -list. $nestlevel = exp_1.nestlevel + 1$
	exp_2 .symtab = dec -list.outtab
	$exp_2.nestlevel = dec-list.nestlevel$
	exp_2 . Hestievet — aec -ust. hestievet
	$exp_1.err = (decl-list.outtab = errtab)$ or $exp_2.e$
$-list_1 \rightarrow dec-list_2$, $decl$	$exp_1.err = (decl-list.outtab = errtab)$ or $exp_2.e$ $dec-list_2.intab = dec-list_1.intab$ $dec-list_2.nestlevel = dec-list_1.nestlevel$ $decl.intab = dec-list_2.outtab$
$dist_1 o dec ext{-}list_2$, $decl$	$exp_1.err = (decl-list.outtab = errtab)$ or $exp_2.e$ $dec-list_2.intab = dec-list_1.intab$ $dec-list_2.nestlevel = dec-list_1.nestlevel$ $decl.intab = dec-list_2.outtab$ $decl.nestlevel = dec-list_2.nestlevel$
	$exp_1.err = (decl-list.outtab = errtab)$ or $exp_2.e$ $dec-list_2.intab = dec-list_1.intab$ $dec-list_2.nestlevel = dec-list_1.nestlevel$ $decl.intab = dec-list_2.outtab$ $decl.nestlevel = dec-list_2.nestlevel$ $dec-list_1.outtab = decl.outtab$
$dist_1 o dec$ -list $_2$, $decl$	$exp_1.err = (decl-list.outtab = errtab)$ or $exp_2.e$ $dec-list_2.intab = dec-list_1.intab$ $dec-list_2.nestlevel = dec-list_1.nestlevel$ $decl.intab = dec-list_2.outtab$ $decl.nestlevel = dec-list_2.nestlevel$ $dec-list_1.outtab = decl.outtab$ $decl.intab = dec-list.intab$
	$exp_1.err = (decl-list.outtab = errtab)$ or $exp_2.e$ $dec-list_2.intab = dec-list_1.intab$ $dec-list_2.nestlevel = dec-list_1.nestlevel$ $decl.intab = dec-list_2.outtab$ $decl.nestlevel = dec-list_2.nestlevel$ $dec-list_1.outtab = decl.outtab$ $decl.intab = dec-list.intab$ $decl.nestlevel = dec-list.nestlevel$
	$exp_1.err = (decl-list.outtab = errtab)$ or $exp_2.e$ $dec-list_2.intab = dec-list_1.intab$ $dec-list_2.nestlevel = dec-list_1.nestlevel$ $decl.intab = dec-list_2.outtab$ $decl.nestlevel = dec-list_2.nestlevel$ $dec-list_1.outtab = decl.outtab$ $decl.intab = dec-list.intab$
	$exp_1.err = (decl-list.outtab = errtab)$ or $exp_2.e$ $dec-list_2.intab = dec-list_1.intab$ $dec-list_2.nestlevel = dec-list_1.nestlevel$ $decl.intab = dec-list_2.outtab$ $decl.nestlevel = dec-list_2.nestlevel$ $dec-list_1.outtab = decl.outtab$ $decl.intab = dec-list.intab$ $decl.nestlevel = dec-list.nestlevel$
·list → decl	$exp_1.err = (decl-list.outtab = errtab)$ or $exp_2.e$ $dec-list_2.intab = dec-list_1.intab$ $dec-list_2.nestlevel = dec-list_1.nestlevel$ $decl.intab = dec-list_2.outtab$ $decl.nestlevel = dec-list_2.nestlevel$ $dec-list_1.outtab = decl.outtab$ $decl.intab = dec-list.intab$ $decl.nestlevel = dec-list.nestlevel$ $dec-list.outtab = decl.outtab$
·list → decl	$exp_1.err = (decl-list.outtab = errtab)$ or $exp_2.e$ $dec-list_2.intab = dec-list_1.intab$ $dec-list_2.nestlevel = dec-list_1.nestlevel$ $decl.intab = dec-list_2.outtab$ $decl.nestlevel = dec-list_2.nestlevel$ $dec-list_1.outtab = decl.outtab$ $decl.intab = dec-list.intab$ $decl.nestlevel = dec-list.nestlevel$ $dec-list.outtab = decl.outtab$ $dec-list.outtab = decl.outtab$ $dec-list.outtab = decl.outtab$
·list → decl	$exp_1.err = (decl-list.outtab = errtab)$ or $exp_2.e$ $dec-list_2.intab = dec-list_1.intab$ $dec-list_2.nestlevel = dec-list_1.nestlevel$ $decl.intab = dec-list_2.outtab$ $decl.nestlevel = dec-list_2.nestlevel$ $dec-list_1.outtab = decl.outtab$ $decl.intab = dec-list.intab$ $decl.nestlevel = dec-list.nestlevel$ $dec-list.outtab = decl.outtab$ $exp.symtab = decl.intab$ $exp.symtab = decl.intab$ $exp.nestlevel = decl.nestlevel$
·list → decl	$exp_1.err = (decl-list.outtab = errtab)$ or $exp_2.e$ $dec-list_2.intab = dec-list_1.intab$ $dec-list_2.nestlevel = dec-list_1.nestlevel$ $decl.intab = dec-list_2.outtab$ $decl.nestlevel = dec-list_2.nestlevel$ $dec-list_1.outtab = decl.outtab$ $decl.intab = dec-list.intab$ $decl.nestlevel = dec-list.nestlevel$ $dec-list.outtab = decl.outtab$ $exp.symtab = decl.intab$ $exp.nestlevel = decl.nestlevel$ $decl.outtab = decl.nestlevel$ $decl.outtab = decl.nestlevel$
·list → decl	dec-list ₂ .intab = dec-list ₁ .intab dec-list ₂ .nestlevel = dec-list ₁ .nestlevel decl.intab = dec-list ₂ .outtab decl.nestlevel = dec-list ₂ .nestlevel decl.nestlevel = dec-list ₂ .nestlevel dec-list ₁ .outtab = decl.outtab decl.intab = dec-list.intab decl.nestlevel = dec-list.nestlevel dec-list.outtab = decl.outtab exp.symtab = decl.intab exp.nestlevel = decl.nestlevel decl.outtab = if (decl.intab = errtab) or exp.err then errtab
·list → decl	<pre>exp₁.err = (decl-list.outtab = errtab) or exp₂.e dec-list₂.intab = dec-list₁.intab dec-list₂.nestlevel = dec-list₁.nestlevel decl.intab = dec-list₂.outtab decl.nestlevel = dec-list₂.nestlevel dec-list₁.outtab = decl.outtab decl.intab = dec-list.intab decl.nestlevel = dec-list.nestlevel dec-list.outtab = decl.outtab exp.symtab = decl.intab exp.nestlevel = decl.nestlevel decl.outtab = if (decl.intab = errtab) or exp.err then errtab else if (lookup(decl.intab,id.name) =</pre>
·list → decl	dec-list ₂ .intab = dec-list ₁ .intab dec-list ₂ .nestlevel = dec-list ₁ .nestlevel decl.intab = dec-list ₂ .outtab decl.nestlevel = dec-list ₂ .nestlevel decl.nestlevel = dec-list ₂ .nestlevel dec-list ₁ .outtab = decl.outtab decl.intab = dec-list.intab decl.nestlevel = dec-list.nestlevel dec-list.outtab = decl.outtab exp.symtab = decl.intab exp.nestlevel = decl.nestlevel decl.outtab = if (decl.intab = errtab) or exp.err then errtab

Table 2: Sequential declarations (from the lecture)

Exercise 4 (Type equality and type checking)

Consider the following grammar which in particular features procedure or function declarations (Table 3)

1. Devise a suitable tree structure for the new function type structures, and write a typeEqual function for two function types.

Series 6 12. 3. 2021

```
program → var-decls; fun-decls; stmts

var-decls → var-decls; var-decl | var-decl

var-decl → id: type-exp

type-exp → int | bool | array [num] of type-exp

fun-decls → fun id (var-decls): type-exp; body

body → exp

stmts → stmts; stmt | stmt

stmt → if exp then stmt | id := exp

exp → exp + exp | exp or exp | exp [ exp ] | id (exps)

| num | true | false | id

exps → exps, exp | exp
```

Table 3: Grammar with function declarations

2. Write semantic rules for the type checking of function declarations and function calls, represented by a rule

$$exp \rightarrow id (exp)$$
,

Similar to the rules in the slide "Type checking as semantic rules" in the type checking section of Chapter 7 in the slides.

Exercise 5 (Symbol table) Think about the following ambiguity in C expressions. Consider the expression (A)-x. If x is an integer variable and A is defined in a typedef as equivalent to double, then this expression casts the value of -x to double. On the other hand, if A is an integer variable, then this computes the integer difference of the two variables.

- 1. Describe how the *parser* might use the *symbol table* to disambiguate the two interpretations.
- 2. Describe how the scanner might use the symbol table disambiguate the two interpretations.