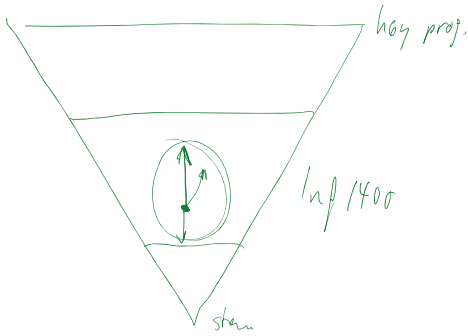
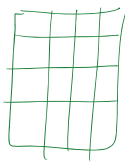


$F = \text{alt}$

0
don't care X
1

- Forenkling av uttrykk
- Karnaugh minner tallsystemer.
- Logiske port OR NOT XNOR NOR
AND XOR NAND
- K-map
- Boolean algebra.
- Sannhetstabell.
- DeMorgan's teorem.

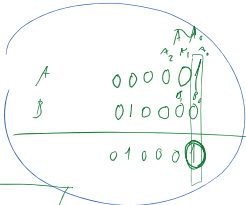


$13 + 08 = 21$

$1101 + 1000 =$

$$\begin{array}{r} 01101 \\ + 01000 \\ \hline 10101 \end{array}$$

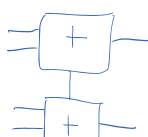
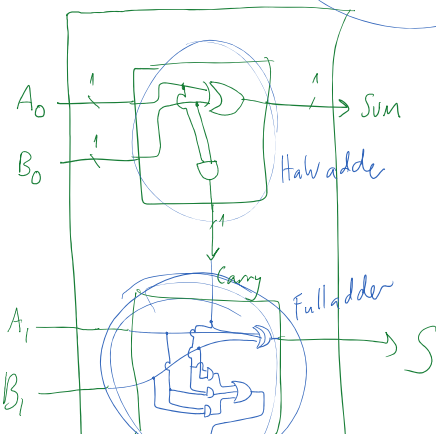
$16 + 1 = 17$



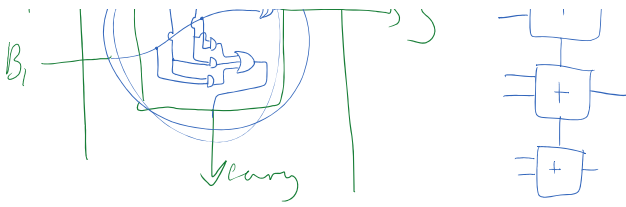
OR



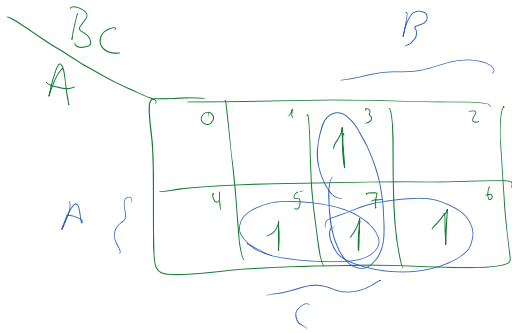
$a_n \oplus b_n$
 $a_n b_n$



A_n	B_n	C_{n-1}	S_n	C_n
0	0	0	0	0
0	0	1	1	0
0	1	0	1	0

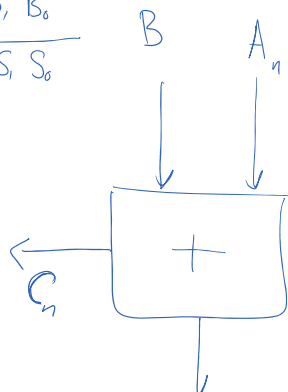
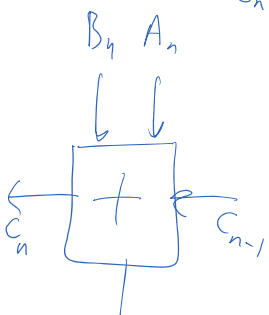
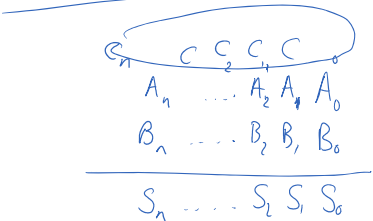
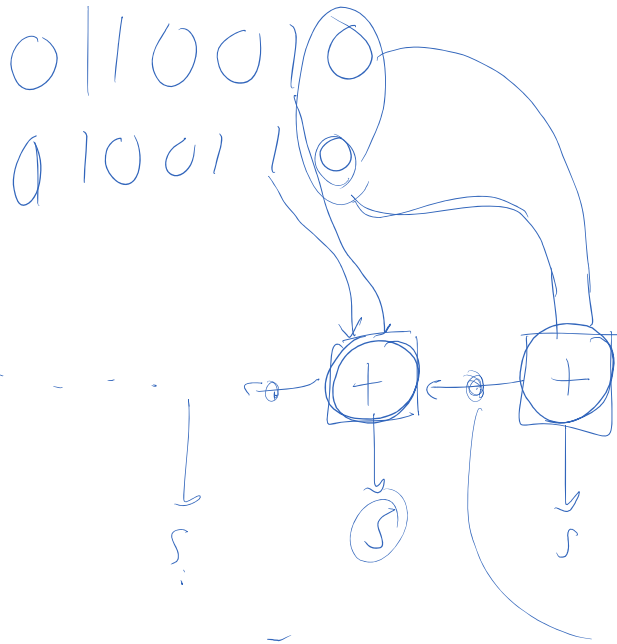


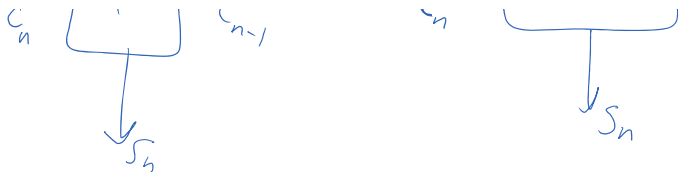
0	0	0
0	0	1
0	1	0
0	1	1
1	0	0
1	0	1
1	1	0
1	1	1



$$a \oplus b \oplus c$$

$$AC + AB + BC$$



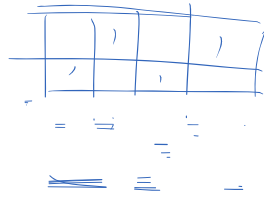
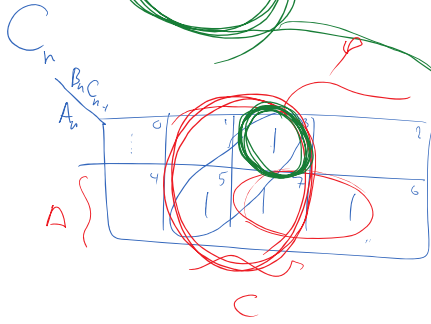


$$S_n = A_n \oplus B_n \oplus C_{n-1}$$

$$(A \oplus B) \oplus C$$

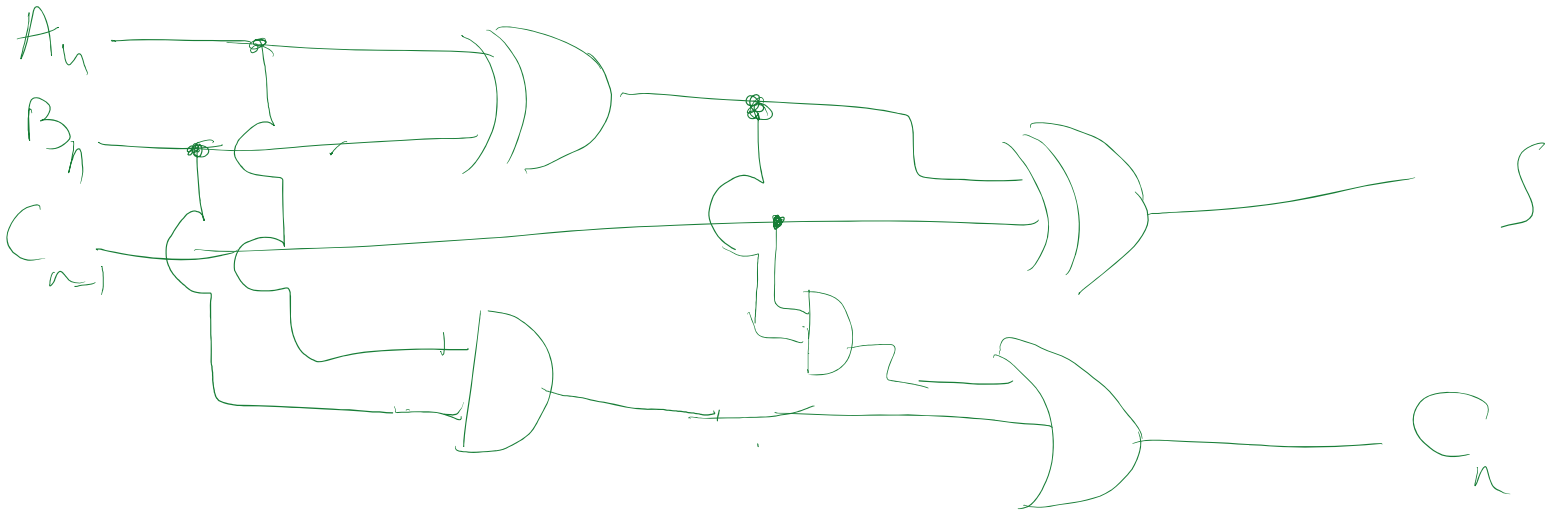
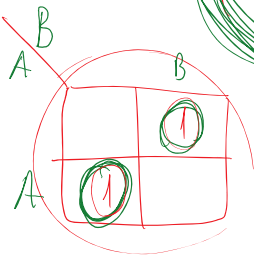
$$A \oplus (B \oplus C)$$

$$A \oplus C \oplus B$$



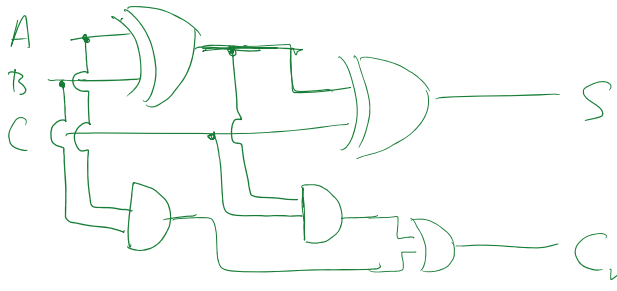
$$AB + (A \oplus B)C$$

$$C_n = AB + (A \oplus B)C$$



$$S = (A \oplus B) \oplus C$$

$$C_n = AB + C_{n-1}(A \oplus B)$$



$$13 - 8 = 13 + (-8)$$

2's complement

MSB				LSB
	1	1	1	1
			↑	
	-2^3	2^2	2^1	2^0
	↓	↓	↓	↓
	-8	$+4$	$+2$	$+1$
	$= -1$			

$\langle -8, 7 \rangle$

1 0 0 0 $\Rightarrow -8$
 0 0 0 1 $\Rightarrow 1$
 0 0 1 0 $\Rightarrow 2$

1 0 0 1 1
 -16 8 4 2 1

$-16 + 2 + 1 = -13$

$(13)_{10} \Rightarrow (01101)_2$

10010
 $+ 00001$

10011

10011

$$(008)_{10}$$

$$(000000001011)_2$$

$$13 - 5 \Rightarrow 13 + (-5)$$

①

(13)	0	1	1	1	1	
+ (-5)	1	0	1	0	1	1
	1	1	1	0	0	0

$\underbrace{000000001011}_{13} + \underbrace{1001011}_{-5} = \underline{\underline{000000000000}}$

0	1	0	1
1	0	1	0
+	0	0	0
1	0	1	1