#### Lecture 13 – Course recap

TEK4500

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# What is cryptography?



• Data privacy: adversary should not be able to read message M

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**Security goals:** 

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- Data integrity: adversary should not be able to modify message M
- Data authenticity: message M really originated from Alice

### **Ideal solution: secure channels**



**Security goals:** 

- Data privacy: adversary should not be able to read message M
- Data integrity: adversary should not be able to modify message M ✓
- Data authenticity: message M really originated from Alice

 $\checkmark$ 

### **Creating secure channels: encryption schemes**



 $\mathcal{E}$ : encryption algorithm (public)

**K** : encryption / decryption key (secret)

 $\mathcal{D}$ : decryption algorithm (public)

### **Creating secure channels: encryption schemes**



- *E* : encryption algorithm (public)
- $\mathcal{D}$ : decryption algorithm (public)

**K**<sub>e</sub> : encryption key (public)

K<sub>d</sub> : decryption key (secret)

### **Basic goals of cryptography**



## **Basic goals of cryptography**



Hash functions

SHA2-256, SHA2-512 SHA3-256, SHA3-512

#### **Constructions and relations**



### The crypto toolbox



- Digital home exam
- Wednesday November 25, 09:00-13:30 (4.5 hours)
- Format: single PDF file made available on Inspera and Canvas (similar to midterm)
- Answers are typed directly into Inspera (no PDF upload); will create forms that mirrors problems in exam PDF
- **NO collaboration** is allowed
  - Students may be picked out for conversations to prove ownership of answer
- I will be available on Zoom for questions (you can also send emails)