# Oblig 1

## Øyvind Ryan

### March 3, 2023

Consider the problem

$\max x_1$	+	$x_2$	+	$2x_3$				
s.t. $x_1$	+	$x_2$	+	$x_3$	$\leq$	5		
$x_1$					$\leq$	2		(1)
		$x_2$			$\leq$	2		(1)
				$x_3$	$\leq$	2		
$x_1,$		$x_2$ ,		$x_3$	$\geq$	0		

a)

Write down a  $4\times 3\text{-matrix}\;A$  and vectors  ${\bf b}$  and  ${\bf c}$  so that (1) can be written on the form

$$\begin{array}{l} \max \, \mathbf{c}^T \mathbf{x} \\ \text{s.t.} \ A \mathbf{x} \leq \mathbf{b} \\ \mathbf{x} \geq \mathbf{0} \end{array}$$

#### b)

Solve the problem using the Simplex method and Blands rule. Is the optimal solution unique? If not, write down the general optimal solution.

#### **c**)

Write down all basic feasible solutions that the simplex method encountered in **b**). If you instead applied the largest coefficient rule, what would the corresponding list of basic feasible solutions then be?

#### d)

Write down the dual problem of (1), as well as the dual dictionaries corresponding to the initial and optimal dictionaries from **b**). What is the optimal solution, and is it unique?

#### e)

State what is meant by complementary slackness, and verify that this property holds for the optimal solutions you have found for the primal and dual problems in  $\mathbf{b}$ ) and  $\mathbf{d}$ ).

We consider the same constraints as in **a**), but change the objective function to  $x_1 + 2x_2 + 2x_3$ . Find an optimal solution to this modified problem. Is the optimal solution unique now?

f)