

### MEK 4480 – Assignment 3

1. Consider an interface of two immiscible fluids described by  $r = R(\theta, \phi, t)$  in spherical coordinates, how do you express  $(\frac{\partial R}{\partial t})_{\theta, \phi}$  in terms of the velocity components  $u_r$ ,  $u_\theta$  and  $u_\phi$ ?
2. A straw of radius  $R$  is immersed into a liquid through an air-liquid interface. The straw is coated with a material that causes the liquid to contact the surface of the straw with a contact angle  $\theta$ . Show that the liquid will rise up the straw a distance

$$H = \frac{2\gamma \cos \theta}{\rho g R}, \quad (1)$$

where  $\gamma$  is the interfacial surface tension between the liquid and the air and  $\rho$  is the fluid density. (see Problem 2-30 in the Leal's book, p.107-108)

3. In the lecture, we derived the thin film equation from conservation of mass. The thin film equation reads

$$\frac{\partial h}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial U_d h}{\partial x} = 0, \quad (2)$$

and

$$U_d = \frac{1}{h} \int_0^h U_x dy. \quad (3)$$

The evolution of the interface can also be derived from the kinematic condition, we then obtain

$$\frac{\partial h}{\partial t} = [U_y - U_x \frac{\partial h}{\partial x}]_{y=h}. \quad (4)$$

Show that they are equivalent.