

Econ 4130

HG Nov. 2017

Supplement to the precipitation example in lecture note for Rice chapter 8.

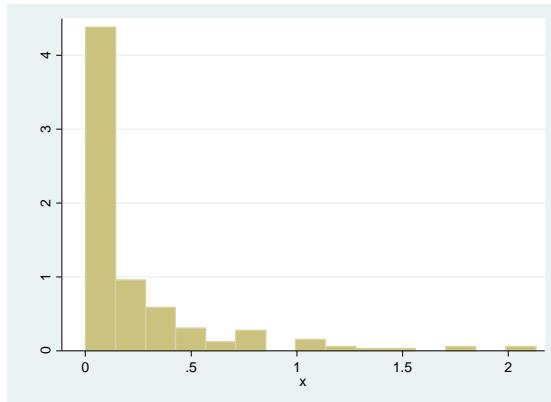
ML-estimation in STATA for iid data.

For iid data we may use the Stata command, `mlexp`, for ml-estimation, which is a simple version of the more elaborate `ml`-routines in Stata.

Illinois 1960-64

X_i = precipitation for rain storm i , $i = 1, 2, \dots, n = 227$ (Rice, page 269)

(Data in `folk.uio.no/haraldg`)



Log-likelihood

$$l(\theta) = \ln L(\theta) = \sum_{i=1}^n l_i(\theta) = \sum_{i=1}^n \ln f(x_i | \theta) \quad \text{where}$$

$$l_i(\theta) = \alpha \ln \lambda - \ln \Gamma(\alpha) + (\alpha - 1) \ln x_i - \lambda x_i$$

The observations are in a Stata column of length $n = 227$, called x .

Stata command: (“alpha” and “lambda” are my chosen names)

```
. mlexp ({alpha}*ln({lambda}) - lngamma({alpha}) - {lambda}* x + ({alpha}-1)*ln(x))

initial:      log likelihood =    -<inf>  (could not be evaluated)
feasible:     log likelihood =  102.36745
rescale:      log likelihood =  120.86493
rescale eq:   log likelihood = 161.33438
Iteration 0:  log likelihood = 161.33438
Iteration 1:  log likelihood = 185.33931
Iteration 2:  log likelihood = 185.34772
Iteration 3:  log likelihood = 185.34772

Maximum likelihood estimation

Log likelihood =  185.34772                         Number of obs      =      227
-----+-----|       Coef.    Std. Err.      z    P>|z|      [95% Conf. Interval]
-----+-----/alpha |   .4407915   .0337626    13.06  0.000      .374618   .506965
  /lambda |   1.964381   .2473942     7.94  0.000      1.479497  2.449265
-----+
```

The postestimation command, `estat vce`, gives the asymptotic covariance matrix

```
. estat vce

Covariance matrix of coefficients of mlexp model

          | alpha        | lambda
e(V) |       _cons |       _cons
-----+-----+-----+
alpha |           |           |
      _cons |   .00113991 |           |
-----+-----+-----+
lambda |           |           |
      _cons |   .00508001 |   .0612039
```