

ECON4150 - Introductory Econometrics Seminar 8

Stock and Watson EE12.1

April 28, 2015

- Fertility.dta contains data on 254,654 women between the age of 21 and 35 indoor workers taken from the 1980 Census.
- The data set contains information on the number of children the women had, their gender, the weeks worked by the mother and other characteristics.
- We are going to investigate the effect of fertility on female labor supply.
- How much a woman's labor supply fall when she has an additional children? behavior.

Variable	description
<i>morekids</i>	=1 if mom had more than 2 children, =0 otherwise
<i>boy1st</i>	=1 if 1st child was a boy, =0 otherwise
<i>boy2nd</i>	=1 if 2nd child was a boy, =0 otherwise
<i>samesex</i>	=1 if 1st two children same sex, =0 otherwise
<i>agem1</i>	age of mom at census
<i>black</i>	=1 if mom is black, =0 otherwise
<i>hispan</i>	=1 if mom is Hispanic, =0 otherwise
<i>othrace</i>	=1 if mom is not black, Hispanic or white, =0 otherwise
<i>weeksm1</i>	mom's weeks worked in 1979

Empirical exercise E12.1: Data

```
clear all
set more off
cap log close
log using AE12_1.log , replace
```

```
cd M:\pc\Desktop\courses\introductory_econometrics\seminar_8
```

```
use "fertility.dta",clear
summ
```

Variable	Obs	Mean	Std. Dev.	Min	Max
-----+-----					
morekids	254654	.3805634	.4855263	0	1
boy1st	254654	.5143607	.4997947	0	1
boy2nd	254654	.5125504	.4998434	0	1
samesex	254654	.5055683	.49997	0	1
agem1	254654	30.39327	3.386447	21	35
-----+-----					
black	254654	.0516623	.2213447	0	1
hispan	254654	.0742066	.2621073	0	1
othrace	254654	.0563431	.2305836	0	1
weeksm1	254654	19.01833	21.86728	0	52

a)

```
reg weeksm1 morekids, robust
```

Linear regression

```
Number of obs = 254654
F( 1,254652) = 3820.91
Prob > F      = 0.0000
R-squared     = 0.0143
Root MSE     = 21.71
```

	Coef.	Robust Std. Err.	t	P> t	[95% Conf. Interval]	
weeksm1						
morekids	-5.386996	.0871491	-61.81	0.000	-5.557806	-5.216186
_cons	21.06843	.0560681	375.76	0.000	20.95854	21.17832

Women with more than 2 children work on average 5.39 fewer weeks per year than women with 2 or fewer children.

b)

- Possible omitted variable bias
- More educated women may both work more and be less likely to have an additional child than less educated women
- This would imply that a woman who works more than average may also be a woman who is less likely to have an extra child.
- In turn, this would implies that *Morekids* is positively correlated with the regression error so that the OLS estimator $\beta_{morekids}$ is positively biased

c)

```
reg morekids samesex, robust
```

```
Linear regression
```

```
Number of obs = 254654
F( 1,254652) = 1238.17
Prob > F      = 0.0000
R-squared     = 0.0048
Root MSE     = .48435
```

	Coef.	Robust Std. Err.	t	P> t	[95% Conf. Interval]	
morekids						
samesex	.0675253	.001919	35.19	0.000	.0637641	.0712865
_cons	.3464248	.001341	258.34	0.000	.3437965	.3490531

couples with the first two kids of the same sex are 6.6 that couples with the first two kids of different sex.
 t-statistic = 35.2 > 1.96 so that the effect is statistically significant at a 5% significance level.

- **Instrument relevance** $\text{corr}(\text{morekids}_i, \text{samesex}_i) \neq 0$. From the previous regression $F = 1238.17$, so that the instrument is relevant
- **Instrument Exogeneity** samesex_i is uncorrelated with the error term $\text{corr}(\text{samesex}_i, u_i) = 0$ and has no direct effect on labor supply weeksm1_i . Plausible to think that this condition holds.

f)

```
ivregress 2sls weeksm1 (morekids = samesex), robust
```

```
Instrumental variables (2SLS) regression
```

```
Number of obs = 254654
Wald chi2(1) = 24.53
Prob > chi2 = 0.0000
R-squared = 0.0139
Root MSE = 21.715
```

	Coef.	Robust Std. Err.	z	P> z	[95% Conf. Interval]	
morekids	-6.313685	1.274681	-4.95	0.000	-8.812013	-3.815357
_cons	21.42109	.4872487	43.96	0.000	20.4661	22.37608

```
Instrumented: morekids
```

```
Instruments: samesex
```

The coefficient is -6.31, suggesting that that women with more than 2 children work 6.31 fewer weeks per year than women with 2 or fewer children.

g)

```
ivregress 2sls weeksm1 agem1 black hispan othrace (morekids = samesex), robust
```

```
Instrumental variables (2SLS) regression
```

```
Number of obs = 254654
Wald chi2(5) = 6954.98
Prob > chi2 = 0.0000
R-squared = 0.0437
Root MSE = 21.384
```

	Coef.	Robust Std. Err.	z	P> z	[95% Conf. Interval]	
morekids	-5.821051	1.246386	-4.67	0.000	-8.263923	-3.378179
agem1	.8315975	.0226406	36.73	0.000	.7872228	.8759722
black	11.62327	.2317953	50.14	0.000	11.16896	12.07758
hispan	.4041802	.2607962	1.55	0.121	-.106971	.9153314
othrace	2.130962	.2109857	10.10	0.000	1.717438	2.544486
_cons	-4.791894	.3897868	-12.29	0.000	-5.555862	-4.027925

```
Instrumented: morekids
```

```
Instruments: agem1 black hispan othrace samesex
```

```
log close
```

There are no important changes in the result. This fact suggests that all other regressors are uncorrelated to *samesex*, so that there is no omitted variable bias in IV regression in question (f)