

TABLE 3
GROWTH OF GOVERNMENT DEBT, 1618–1740
 (£ million)

Year	Governmental Expenditure ¹	Debt ²	Prices ³ (1701 = 100)
Stuart England			
1618 ⁴	£0.5	£0.8	
mid-1630s ⁵	1.0	1.0	
1680 ⁶	1.4		113
1688 ⁶	1.8	1.0 ⁷	99
Post Glorious Revolution			
1695	6.2	8.4	116
1697	7.9	16.7	122
1700	3.2	14.2	115
1710	9.8	21.4	122
1714	6.2	36.2	103
1720	6.0	54.0	102
1730	5.6	51.4	95
1740	6.2	47.4	100
1750	7.2	78.0	95

TABLE 4
GOVERNMENT LONG-TERM BORROWING: INTEREST RATES, 1693–1739
 (selected loans)

Date ^a	Amount	Interest	How Funded
Jan 1693	£723,394	14.0%	Additional excise
Mar 1694	1,000,000	14.0	Duties on imports
Mar 1694	1,200,000	8.0	Additional customs and duties
Apr 1697	1,400,000	6.3	Excise and duties
Jul 1698	2,000,000	8.0	Additional excise duties
Mar 1707	1,155,000	6.25	Surplus from funds of five loans from 1690s; duties
Jul 1721	500,000	5.0	Hereditary revenue of Crown
Mar 1728	1,750,000	4.0	Coal duties
May 1731	800,000	3.0	Duties
Jun 1739	300,000	3.0	Sinking fund

^a Date of royal assent to loan act.

Source: P. G. M. Dickson, *The Financial Revolution in England* (New York, 1967), tables 2, 3, and 22.

*Table 1***The Record of Gross Domestic Product per Capita in Selected New World Economies, 1700–1997**

	<i>GDP per capita relative to the U.S.</i>			
	<i>1700</i>	<i>1800</i>	<i>1900</i>	<i>1997</i>
Argentina	—	102	52	35
Barbados	150	—	—	51
Brazil	—	50	10	22
Chile	—	46	38	42
Cuba	167	112	—	—
Mexico	89	50	35	28
Peru	—	41	20	15
Canada	—	—	67	76
United States (GDP p.c. in 1985\$)	550	807	3,859	20,230

TABLE 2

Patterns of Net Migration To, And
Wealthholding In, Categories of British Colonies

	<u>New England</u>		<u>Middle Atlantic</u>		<u>Southern</u>		<u>West Indies</u>	
<u>Net Migration (000) to</u>	<u>#</u>	<u>row %</u>	<u>#</u>	<u>row %</u>	<u>#</u>	<u>row %</u>	<u>#</u>	<u>row %</u>
Whites, 1630-1680	28	11.0	4	1.6	81	31.9	141	55.5
Whites, 1680-1730	-4	-1.8	45	19.9	111	49.1	74	32.7
Whites, 1730-1780	-27	-10.7	101	40.1	136	54.0	42	16.7
<u>Overall Whites, 1630-1780</u>	<u>-3</u>	<u>-0.4</u>	<u>150</u>	<u>20.5</u>	<u>328</u>	<u>44.8</u>	<u>257</u>	<u>35.1</u>
Blacks, 1650-1680	0	-	0	-	5	3.7	130	96.3
Blacks, 1680-1730	2	0.47	5	0.9	64	12.0	461	86.7
Blacks, 1730-1780	-6	-0.9	-1	-0.2	150	23.4	497	77.7
<u>Overall Blacks, 1650-1780</u>	<u>-4</u>	<u>-0.3</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>0.3</u>	<u>219</u>	<u>16.8</u>	<u>1088</u>	<u>83.2</u>
Total, 1630-1680	28	7.2	4	1.0	86	22.1	271	69.7
Total, 1680-1730	-2	-0.3	50	6.6	175	23.1	535	70.6
Total, 1730-1780	-33	-3.7	100	11.2	286	32.1	539	60.4
<u>Overall Total, 1630-1780</u>	<u>-7</u>	<u>-0.3</u>	<u>154</u>	<u>7.6</u>	<u>547</u>	<u>26.8</u>	<u>1345</u>	<u>66.0</u>

Wealthholding, c. 1774

Total Wealth Per Capita (£)	36.6	41.9	54.7	84.1
Nonhuman Wealth Per Capita (£)	36.4	40.2	36.4	43.0
Total Wealth Per Free Capita (£)	38.2	45.8	92.7	1200.0
Nonhuman Wealth Per Free Capita (£)	38.0	44.1	61.6	754.3

Table 2

Laws Governing the Franchise and the Extent of Voting in Selected American Countries, 1840–1940

		<i>Lack of Secrecy In Balloting</i>	<i>Wealth Requirement</i>	<i>Literacy Requirement</i>	<i>Proportion of the Population Voting</i>
			<i>1840–80</i>		
Chile	1869	Y	Y	Y	1.6%
Costa Rica	1890	Y	Y	Y	—
Ecuador	1856	Y	Y	Y	0.1
Mexico	1840	Y	Y	Y	—
Peru	1875	Y	Y	Y	—
Uruguay	1880	Y	Y	Y	—
Venezuela	1880	Y	Y	Y	—
Canada	1867	Y	Y	N	7.7
	1878	N	Y	N	12.9
United States	1850 ^a	N	N	N	12.9
	1880	N	N	N	18.3
			<i>1881–1920</i>		
Argentina	1896	Y	Y	Y	1.8 ^b
	1916	N	N	N	9.0
Brazil	1914	Y	Y	Y	2.4
Chile	1920	Y	N	Y	4.4
Colombia	1918 ^c	N	N	N	6.9
Costa Rica	1912	Y	Y	Y	—
	1919	Y	N	N	10.6
Ecuador	1894	N	N	Y	3.3
Mexico	1920	N	N	N	8.6
Peru	1920	Y	Y	Y	—
Uruguay	1900	Y	Y	Y	—
	1920	N	N	N	13.8
Venezuela	1920	Y	Y	Y	—
Canada	1917	N	N	N	20.5
United States	1900	N	N	Y ^d	18.4
	1920	N	N	Y	25.1
			<i>1921–40</i>		
Argentina	1937	N	N	N	15.0
Bolivia	1951	—	Y	Y	4.1
Brazil	1930	Y	Y	Y	5.7
Colombia	1930	N	N	N	11.1
Chile	1931	Y	N	Y	6.5
Costa Rica	1940	N	N	N	17.6
Ecuador	1940	N	N	Y	3.3
Mexico	1940	N	N	N	11.8
Peru	1940	N	N	Y	—
Uruguay	1940	N	N	N	19.7
Venezuela	1940	N	Y	Y	—
Canada	1940	N	N	N	41.1
United States	1940	N	N	Y	37.8