

TABLE I
PRODUCTIVITY CALCULATIONS: RATIOS TO U. S. VALUES

Country	Y/L	Contribution from		
		$(K/Y)^{\alpha/(1-\alpha)}$	H/L	A
United States	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000
Canada	0.941	1.002	0.908	1.034
Italy	0.834	1.063	0.650	1.207
West Germany	0.818	1.118	0.802	0.912
France	0.818	1.091	0.666	1.126
United Kingdom	0.727	0.891	0.808	1.011
Hong Kong	0.608	0.741	0.735	1.115
Singapore	0.606	1.031	0.545	1.078
Japan	0.587	1.119	0.797	0.658
Mexico	0.433	0.868	0.538	0.926
Argentina	0.418	0.953	0.676	0.648
U.S.S.R.	0.417	1.231	0.724	0.468
India	0.086	0.709	0.454	0.267
China	0.060	0.891	0.632	0.106
Kenya	0.056	0.747	0.457	0.165
Zaire	0.033	0.499	0.408	0.160
Average, 127 countries:	0.296	0.853	0.565	0.516
Standard deviation:	0.268	0.234	0.168	0.325
Correlation with Y/L (logs)	1.000	0.624	0.798	0.889
Correlation with A (logs)	0.889	0.248	0.522	1.000

The elements of this table are the empirical counterparts to the components of equation (3), all measured as ratios to the U. S. values. That is, the first column of data is the product of the other three columns.

Knack and Keefer (1995) TABLE 2 GROWTH, INSTITUTIONS AND POLITICAL VIOLENCE: ICRG

	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Intercept	1.980	3.028	0.254	1.345
	<i>1.980</i>	<i>2.851</i>	<i>0.237</i>	<i>1.091</i>
<i>ICRG82</i>			0.092	0.072
			<i>3.420</i>	<i>2.499</i>
<i>REVC7489</i>		-1.630		-1.115
		<i>-1.904</i>		<i>-1.302</i>
<i>ASSN7489</i>		-3.486		-2.278
		<i>-1.695</i>		<i>-1.108</i>
<i>GDP70</i>	-0.401	-0.482	-0.692	-0.683
	<i>-2.564</i>	<i>-3.141</i>	<i>-4.055</i>	<i>-4.030</i>
<i>SEC70</i>	6.083	6.284	5.051	5.411
	<i>3.819</i>	<i>4.083</i>	<i>3.286</i>	<i>3.524</i>
<i>PRIM70</i>	-0.690	-0.959	-0.532	-0.752
	<i>-0.758</i>	<i>-1.072</i>	<i>-0.617</i>	<i>-0.862</i>
<i>GCON7489</i>	-5.222	-6.388	-4.289	-5.286
	<i>-1.213</i>	<i>-1.527</i>	<i>-1.051</i>	<i>-1.293</i>
<i>PPI74DEV</i>	-0.920	-0.985	-0.892	-0.941
	<i>-2.243</i>	<i>-2.482</i>	<i>-2.3</i>	<i>-2.439</i>
R-Square	0.198	0.270	0.291	0.318
N	97	97	97	97

Dependent variable: Average annual per capita GDP growth, 1974-1989.

Numbers in italics are t-statistics.